

ГОСУДАРСТВЕННАЯ ИТОГОВАЯ АТТЕСТАЦИЯ

ОГЭ-2021



Л.М. ГУДКОВА, О.В. ТЕРЕНТЬЕВА

АНГЛИЙСКИЙ ЯЗЫК

**10 ТРЕНИРОВОЧНЫХ ВАРИАНТОВ
ЭКЗАМЕНАЦИОННЫХ РАБОТ
ДЛЯ ПОДГОТОВКИ
К ОСНОВНОМУ
ГОСУДАРСТВЕННОМУ ЭКЗАМЕНУ**

**+ БЕСПЛАТНОЕ
АУДИОПРИЛОЖЕНИЕ**



**ОГЭ - ШКОЛЬНИКАМ
И УЧИТЕЛЯМ**

**100
БАЛЛОВ**

ОГЭ-2021

Л.М. Гудкова,
О.В. Терентьева

АНГЛИЙСКИЙ ЯЗЫК

10

ТРЕНИРОВОЧНЫХ ВАРИАНТОВ
ЭКЗАМЕНАЦИОННЫХ РАБОТ
ДЛЯ ПОДГОТОВКИ
К ОСНОВНОМУ ГОСУДАРСТВЕННОМУ ЭКЗАМЕНУ

Москва
Издательство АСТ
2021

УДК 373:81.111
ББК 81.2Англ-9
Г-93

Фонограммы текстов для прослушивания
к разделу «Аудирование» всех вариантов пособия
размещены на сайте по ссылке: <http://ast.ru/englishaudio>

Гудкова, Лидия Михайловна.

Г-93 ОГЭ-2021. Английский язык : 10 тренировочных вариантов экзаменационных работ для подготовки к ОГЭ / Л.М. Гудкова, О.В. Терентьева. — Москва : Издательство АСТ, 2021. — 176 с. — (ОГЭ-2021. 10 вариантов).

ISBN 978-5-17-133250-1

Внимание выпускников 9 классов общеобразовательных организаций предлагается учебное пособие для подготовки к основному государственному экзамену (ОГЭ) по английскому языку, которое содержит 10 тренировочных вариантов экзаменационных работ, а также контрольный вариант.

Каждый вариант составлен в полном соответствии с требованиями экзамена и включает задания разных типов и уровней сложности.

Значительный по объёму банк экзаменационных материалов предоставляет отличную возможность для интенсивной тренировки и овладения необходимыми для успешной сдачи экзамена умениями и навыками.

В конце книги даны ответы для самопроверки на все задания и критерии оценивания выполнения заданий по письму и говорению.

Авторы пособия — Лидия Михайловна Гудкова и Ольга Валентиновна Терентьева — опытные учителя-практики высшей категории, официальные эксперты ОГЭ по английскому языку, создатели многих популярных учебных пособий по английскому языку, в том числе для подготовки к ОГЭ.

УДК 373:81.111
ББК 81.2Англ-9

ISBN 978-5-17-133250-1

© Гудкова Л.М., Терентьева О.В., 2020
© ООО «Издательство АСТ», 2020

СОДЕРЖАНИЕ

Предисловие	5
-------------------	---

ПИСЬМЕННАЯ ЧАСТЬ

Вариант 1

<i>Раздел 1.</i> Задания по аудированию	7
<i>Раздел 2.</i> Задания по чтению	9
<i>Раздел 3.</i> Задания по грамматике и лексике	13
<i>Раздел 4.</i> Задание по письму	15

Вариант 2

<i>Раздел 1.</i> Задания по аудированию	17
<i>Раздел 2.</i> Задания по чтению	19
<i>Раздел 3.</i> Задания по грамматике и лексике	23
<i>Раздел 4.</i> Задание по письму	25

Вариант 3

<i>Раздел 1.</i> Задания по аудированию	26
<i>Раздел 2.</i> Задания по чтению	28
<i>Раздел 3.</i> Задания по грамматике и лексике	32
<i>Раздел 4.</i> Задание по письму	34

Вариант 4

<i>Раздел 1.</i> Задания по аудированию	35
<i>Раздел 2.</i> Задания по чтению	37
<i>Раздел 3.</i> Задания по грамматике и лексике	41
<i>Раздел 4.</i> Задание по письму	43

Вариант 5

<i>Раздел 1.</i> Задания по аудированию	44
<i>Раздел 2.</i> Задания по чтению	46
<i>Раздел 3.</i> Задания по грамматике и лексике	50
<i>Раздел 4.</i> Задание по письму	52

Вариант 6

<i>Раздел 1.</i> Задания по аудированию	54
<i>Раздел 2.</i> Задания по чтению	56
<i>Раздел 3.</i> Задания по грамматике и лексике	60
<i>Раздел 4.</i> Задание по письму	62

Вариант 7

<i>Раздел 1.</i> Задания по аудированию	63
<i>Раздел 2.</i> Задания по чтению	65
<i>Раздел 3.</i> Задания по грамматике и лексике	69
<i>Раздел 4.</i> Задание по письму	71

Вариант 8

<i>Раздел 1.</i> Задания по аудированию	73
<i>Раздел 2.</i> Задания по чтению	75
<i>Раздел 3.</i> Задания по грамматике и лексике	80
<i>Раздел 4.</i> Задание по письму	82

Вариант 9

<i>Раздел 1.</i> Задания по аудированию	83
<i>Раздел 2.</i> Задания по чтению	85
<i>Раздел 3.</i> Задания по грамматике и лексике	89
<i>Раздел 4.</i> Задание по письму	91

Вариант 10

<i>Раздел 1.</i> Задания по аудированию	93
<i>Раздел 2.</i> Задания по чтению	95
<i>Раздел 3.</i> Задания по грамматике и лексике	99
<i>Раздел 4.</i> Задание по письму	101

Вариант 11 (контрольный)

<i>Раздел 1.</i> Задания по аудированию	102
<i>Раздел 2.</i> Задания по чтению	104
<i>Раздел 3.</i> Задания по грамматике и лексике	109
<i>Раздел 4.</i> Задание по письму	111

УСТНАЯ ЧАСТЬ.....112

<i>Приложение 1.</i> Тексты аудиозаписей к разделу «Аудирование» и устной части	123
<i>Приложение 2.</i> Ответы на задания	161
<i>Приложение 3.</i> Порядок оценивания экзаменационных работ ..	172
<i>Приложение 4.</i> Критерии оценивания выполнения заданий устной части.....	173

ПРЕДИСЛОВИЕ

Цель настоящего пособия – помочь учащимся 9-х классов в кратчайшие сроки подготовиться к экзамену по английскому языку в форме основного государственного экзамена (ОГЭ). Оно может быть также полезно учителям, которые найдут в нём необходимый материал для работы на уроках. Пособие ориентировано на адаптацию к тестовым технологиям контроля с учётом их нового формата и содержания.

В сборнике представлены типовые тренировочные варианты экзаменационной работы, которые можно использовать в качестве практического материала для подготовки к экзамену. В соответствии с демонстрационным вариантом ОГЭ они состоят из письменной и устной части.

Письменная часть работы содержит четыре раздела («Задания по аудированию», «Задания по чтению», «Задания по грамматике и лексике», «Задание по письму»), включающих в себя 32 задания.

Раздел 1 («Задания по аудированию») состоит из 8 заданий, первые два из которых – на установление соответствия и 6 заданий с выбором одного правильного ответа из трёх предложенных. Рекомендуемое время на выполнение раздела – 30 минут.

Раздел 2 («Задания по чтению») предлагает 8 заданий, одно из которых на установление соответствия и 7 заданий с выбором одного правильного ответа из трёх предложенных. Рекомендуемое время на выполнение раздела – 30 минут.

Раздел 3 («Задания по грамматике и лексике») содержит 15 заданий с кратким ответом. Рекомендуемое время на выполнение раздела – 30 минут.

Раздел 4 («Задание по письму») представляет собой небольшую письменную работу (написание личного письма). Рекомендуемое время на выполнение раздела – 30 минут.

Общее время проведения письменной части экзамена – 120 минут.

Устная часть включает в себя 3 задания.

Задание 1 предусматривает чтение вслух небольшого текста научно-популярного характера. Время на подготовку – 1,5 минуты.

Задание 2 предлагает принять участие в условном диалоге-распросе: ответить на шесть услышанных в аудиозаписи вопросов телефонного опроса.

Задание 3 ставит цель построить связное монологическое высказывание на определённую тему с опорой на план. Время на подготовку – 1,5 минуты.

Общее время ответа одного участника ОГЭ (включая время на подготовку) – 15 минут. Каждое последующее задание выдаётся после окончания выполнения предыдущего задания. Всё время ответа ведётся аудиозапись.

Внутри каждого раздела задания расположены по принципу нарастания сложности от базового уровня до повышенного, что необходимо учесть при распределении времени на их выполнение.

По окончании выполнения заданий каждого из разделов не забывайте переносить свои ответы в Бланк ответов № 1. При выполнении задания раздела «Задание по письму» полный вариант ответа необходимо записать в Бланк ответов № 2. Выполнение заданий устной части фиксируется экзаменатором в специальном бланке ответов.

После выполнения всех заданий настоящего пособия вы можете сверить свои ответы с **ключами**, представленными в приложении. Здесь также приведены **тексты для аудирования**, **тексты к устной части** и **возможные варианты ответов на задание 32** (письмо личного характера).

Постарайтесь выполнить как можно больше заданий и набрать наибольшее количество баллов на экзамене.

Тренировочные варианты экзаменационных работ составлены в соответствии с демоверсией и спецификацией 2020 г.

В связи с возможными изменениями в формате экзамена рекомендуем в процессе подготовки обращаться к материалам сайта официального разработчика экзаменационных заданий — Федерального института педагогических измерений: www.fipi.ru.

Желаем успеха!

ПИСЬМЕННАЯ ЧАСТЬ

ВАРИАНТ 1

Раздел 1. ЗАДАНИЯ ПО АУДИРОВАНИЮ

1

Вы два раза услышите четыре коротких диалога, обозначенных буквами А, В, С и D. Установите соответствие между диалогами и местами, где они происходят: к каждому диалогу подберите соответствующее место действия, обозначенное цифрами. Используйте каждое место действия из списка 1–5 **только один раз**. В задании есть одно **лишнее место действия**.

1. In a travel agency.
2. At home.
3. At a parking place.
4. On board a plane.
5. In a garage.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Диалог	A	B	C	D
Ответ: Место действия				

2

Вы два раза услышите пять высказываний, обозначенных буквами А, В, С, D, Е. Установите соответствие между высказываниями и утверждениями из следующего списка: к каждому высказыванию подберите соответствующее утверждение, обозначенное цифрами. Используйте каждое утверждение из списка 1–6 **только один раз**. В задании есть одно **лишнее утверждение**.

1. The speaker says that this holiday is popular with grown-ups.
2. The speaker is sure of the girl's help in distributing presents.
3. The speaker says that clever strangers gave their gifts to a baby.
4. The speaker stresses that men try to do their best on this day.
5. The speaker says that this holiday has no fixed date.
6. The speaker thinks that people shouldn't be angry on this day.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Говорящий	A	B	C	D	E
Утверждение					

Вы услышите разговор двух подростков. В заданиях 3–8 в поле ответа запишите одну цифру, которая соответствует номеру правильного ответа. Вы услышите запись дважды.

3 What does Pam ask her mother to do?

- 1) To buy her a jacket.
- 2) To lend her a jacket.
- 3) To put on a jacket.

Ответ:

4 Why doesn't mother let Pam take her clothes?

- 1) She is afraid she will spoil them.
- 2) She has a special occasion to wear them.
- 3) She hasn't worn them yet.

Ответ:

5 Pam needs mother's clothes because

- 1) she doesn't buy clothes for herself.
- 2) she has few clothes.
- 3) she needs something special.

Ответ:

6 Why couldn't Ann go shopping with Pam?

- 1) Her parents were working.
- 2) Her parents didn't let her go.
- 3) There was nobody else to take care of her brother.

Ответ:

7 Why doesn't Pam like shopping alone?

- 1) She always gets lost in the shop.
- 2) She always loses money.
- 3) She can't make up her mind.

Ответ:

8 Finally mother decides to

- 1) help her daughter.
- 2) send a few e-mails.
- 3) give Pam her new dress.

Ответ:

По окончании выполнения заданий 1–8 не забудьте перенести свои ответы в БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 1! Запишите ответ справа от номера соответствующего задания, начиная с первой клеточки. При переносе ответов в заданиях 1 и 2 цифры записываются без пробелов, запятых и других дополнительных символов. Каждую цифру пишите в отдельной клеточке в соответствии с приведёнными в бланке образцами.

Раздел 2. ЗАДАНИЯ ПО ЧТЕНИЮ

9

Вы проводите информационный поиск в ходе выполнения проектной работы. Определите, в каком из текстов А–F содержатся ответы на интересующие вас вопросы 1–7. Один из вопросов останется без ответа. Занесите ваши ответы в таблицу.

1. What programmes were created to improve the life of children?
2. Why did certain political groups start using violence?
3. Why did women start to fight for their rights?
4. What was the history of terrorism?
5. How did governments start to fight for human rights?
6. What makes terrorism more dangerous nowadays?
7. Does everybody agree with the ideas of women's movement?

A. The modern women's liberation movement began in the 1960's. It was started by women who were concerned about their role in the society and their work. Many women want full equality with men in every aspect of life. In marriage, they want husbands and wives to share all the work and responsibilities of a home and a family. In work they want women and men to have the same jobs and the same chances to succeed. They want women to be paid just as much as men for the same work.

B. Many people agree with the ideas and aims of women's liberation. They feel that women ought to be considered equal to men in every way. They feel that a woman should be able to decide to stay at home and raise a family or to stay at home and not raise a family or to go out and work or to have a job outside the home and family as well. Other people are opposed to women's liberation.

C. United Nation's Children's Fund (UNICEF) country programmes were formulated in consultations with governments. They include cooperation with people from all parts of society including government agencies, non-governmental organizations, community leaders, teachers, parents and children. More than 130 countries receive UNICEF support for primary health care, food, basic education and water and sanitation programmes.

D. Terrorism is the systematic use of terror or unpredictable violence against governments, the public or individuals to achieve a political aim. Terrorism has been used by political organization, by nationalistic and ethnic groups, by revolutionaries and by the armies and secret police of governments themselves. In the 20th century terrorism became the trait of a number of political movements, groups or even individuals who were trying to destabilize or overthrow existing political institutions.

E. Modern terrorism differs from that of the past because its victims are often innocent people who are just picked up by chance or who simply happen to get into terrorist situations. Violent acts often include kidnappings, assassinations, hijackings, bombing, etc. The universal availability of weapons, explosives, complicated devices along with the global communication revolution adds to the terrorists' capabilities.

F. In 1945, leaders from fifty-one countries met in San-Francisco and organized the United Nations. World War II has just ended, millions of people had died and there was destruction everywhere. People hoped they could build a future of world peace with this new organization. Today almost every country in the world is a member of the UN. Each country has signed an agreement that

says it will help the UN in its actions or international peace and human rights to all people. It also says that all members promise to solve international problems in a peaceful way, and no member will use force against another member.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Текст	A	B	C	D	E	F
Вопрос						

Прочитайте текст. Определите, какие из приведённых утверждений **10–16** соответствуют содержанию текста (**1 – True**), какие не соответствуют (**2 – False**) и о чём в тексте не сказано, то есть на основании текста нельзя дать ни положительного, ни отрицательного ответа (**3 – Not stated**). В поле ответа запишите одну цифру, которая соответствует номеру выбранного вами ответа.

Circus Oz

In 1977, two successful circus groups, Soapbox Circus and the New Circus, joined together to start Circus Oz. The performers had ordinary circus skills but they wanted to make a different kind of show, adding music, theatre and comment. They got together a collection of old trucks and caravans and went on the road. It was a fresh and original voice in circus and was immediately popular with audiences.

Since that time, Circus Oz has performed in 26 different countries. As with all circuses, performances take place inside a tent or Big Top. Circus Oz's first tent was sewn together by performers in a large basement. It was used for years to tour Australia but when it became too small, Circus Oz was forced to hire tents or move into theatres.

In 2002, Circus Oz had a new tent made. It is designed with few poles (столб, шест) inside so people watching can see better them in other circuses.

The performances are suitable for people of all ages and each show features a live band. The Big Top is heated and air-conditioned. Snacks and drinks are served in the Big Top but not full meals.

Circus Oz classes are held at the Circus Oz Headquarters in Port Melbourne. Every Saturday of the school term there are classes

for both children and teenagers. The Introduction to Circus class is for 7–12 year olds, taking the children through a range of circus skills with a focus on developing good form and having fun. The Circus Skills class is for 8–12 year olds, and is offered to children who have been practising their skills for a while. The Teenage Special class is for 13–18 year olds. This class is for both beginners and those who are continuing from the Circus Skills class. Classes are also run during some of the school holidays.

10 The new Circus was started by ordinary circus performers.

- 1) True 2) False 3) Not stated

Ответ:

11 Circus Oz has become very popular in Europe.

- 1) True 2) False 3) Not stated

Ответ:

12 The Circus moved from town to town every day.

- 1) True 2) False 3) Not stated

Ответ:

13 Circus Oz is less comfortable than other circuses.

- 1) True 2) False 3) Not stated

Ответ:

14 You can't see musicians playing during the performance.

- 1) True 2) False 3) Not stated

Ответ:

15 The main office of Circus Oz is situated in Australia.

- 1) True 2) False 3) Not stated

Ответ:

16 Circus Oz can offer classes for different groups of kids and teenagers.

1) True

2) False

3) Not stated

Ответ:

По окончании выполнения заданий 9–16 не забудьте перенести свои ответы в БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 1! Запишите ответ справа от номера соответствующего задания, начиная с первой клеточки. При переносе ответов на задание 9 цифры записываются без пробелов, запятых и других дополнительных символов. Каждую цифру пишите в отдельной клеточке в соответствии с приведёнными в бланке образцами.

Раздел 3. ЗАДАНИЯ ПО ГРАММАТИКЕ И ЛЕКСИКЕ

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 17–25, так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию 17–25.

Whitney Houston

17

The world of music was stunned by the death of Whitney Houston, when she _____ dead in her hotel room on the 11th of February, 2012.

FIND

18

She had been born to sing. Her mother was a soul and gospel singer, and at the age of eleven Whitney already _____ in her local church in Newark.

SING

19

In the early 1980s, Whitney Houston started working as a fashion model and sang in nightclubs with her mother. When the producer Clive Davis saw her he _____ so much that he immediately signed a contract with her.

IMPRESS

- 20 The press called her 'one of the _____ new voices in years'. EXCITING
- In 1989, the singer set up The Whitney Houston Foundation for Children, a non-profit organization that still _____ money for the needs of children. It takes care of homeless children and children with cancer or AIDS.
- 21 RAISE
- 22 Whitney Houston's _____ film role was in *The Bodyguard* which came out in 1992. ONE
- 23 That year she married Bobby Brown, a soul singer who _____ for taking drugs. KNOW
- 24 They were married for 14 years, but they had a troubled life. She became ill because of taking drugs with her husband and people began to notice that her voice _____ as good as it used to be. NOT BE
- 25 With her death, the music world has lost one of its most legendary stars. For millions of music fans she forever _____ for her amazing songs. REMEMBER

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 26–31, так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию 26–31.

In the Old City of Rochester

Rochester is one of the oldest and most charming English cities. It was founded by the Romans who came here in 43 AD and built a fortress and a bridge over the River Medway.

Rochester is famous for its ancient castle, its magnificent cathedral, and its _____ with Charles Dickens.

26

CONNECT

Charles Dickens spent five of his _____ years near Rochester. As a boy, he explored every corner of the city.

27

CHILD

- 28** When he became a _____, he often used the people and places of Rochester as characters and settings for his novels. Much later, when he was world-famous, the _____ returned to the Rochester area and spent the last 13 years of his life nearby. The last words Dickens ever wrote were about Rochester – the city he loved so much and where he wished to be buried. WRITE
- 29** To honour the great Victorian author Rochester holds _____ festivals. AMAZE
- 30** At the beginning of December Rochester plunges into the atmosphere of Victorian Christmas. Many people dress up in Victorian costumes and parade the streets and the Castle gardens. There are bell ringers, carol singers, street entertainers and _____ Dickensian characters. COLOUR

По окончании выполнения заданий 17–31 не забудьте перенести свои ответы в БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 1! Запишите ответ справа от номера соответствующего задания, начиная с первой клеточки. При переносе ответов буквы записываются без пробелов, запятых и других дополнительных символов. Каждую букву пишите в отдельной клеточке в соответствии с приведёнными в бланке образцами.



Проверьте, чтобы каждый ответ был записан рядом с номером соответствующего задания.

Раздел 4. ЗАДАНИЕ ПО ПИСЬМУ

Для ответа на задание 32 используйте БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 2. При выполнении задания 32 особое внимание обратите на то, что ваши ответы будут оцениваться только по записям, сделанным на БЛАНКЕ ОТВЕТОВ № 2. Никакие записи черновика не будут учитываться экспертом. Обратите внимание также на необходимость соблюдения указанного объёма письма. Письмо недостаточного объёма, а также часть текста письма, превышающая требуемый объём, не оцениваются.

32

You have **30** minutes to do this task.

You have received a letter from your English-speaking pen friend, Martin.

...Last week we went camping with my classmates. It was great! We slept in the tents, made fire to cook and went fishing. I've never thought fish soup could be so tasty! The only bad thing was that nobody took a can-opener.

Have you ever gone camping? What would you cook in while camping? What do you think is necessary to take?

Write him a letter and answer his **3** questions.

Write **100–120** words. Remember the rules of letter writing.

ВАРИАНТ 2

Раздел 1. ЗАДАНИЯ ПО АУДИРОВАНИЮ

1

Вы два раза услышите четыре коротких диалога, обозначенных буквами А, В, С и D. Установите соответствие между диалогами и местами, где они происходят: к каждому диалогу подберите соответствующее место действия, обозначенное цифрами. Используйте каждое место действия из списка 1–5 **только один раз**. В задании есть одно **лишнее место действия**.

1. At a school of manners.
2. In the theatre.
3. In the cinema.
4. At home.
5. At the dietitian.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Диалог	A	B	C	D
Ответ: Место действия				

2

Вы два раза услышите пять высказываний, обозначенных буквами А, В, С, D, Е. Установите соответствие между высказываниями и утверждениями из следующего списка: к каждому высказыванию подберите соответствующее утверждение, обозначенное цифрами. Используйте каждое утверждение из списка 1–6 **только один раз**. В задании есть одно **лишнее утверждение**.

1. The speaker happened to be working during the holidays.
2. The speaker was quite lucky to go abroad.
3. The speaker was recovering after an accident.
4. The speaker spent summer in the private house.
5. The speaker was not lucky with the weather.
6. The speaker is usually too lazy to move.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Ответ:	Говорящий	A	B	C	D	E
	Утверждение					

Вы услышите разговор двух подростков. В заданиях 3–8 в поле ответа запишите одну цифру, которая соответствует номеру правильного ответа. Вы услышите запись дважды.

3 When must Liz hand in her composition?

- 1) The next week.
- 2) The next day.
- 3) She was to hand it in the week before.

Ответ:

4 What does Tom suggest?

- 1) That she take a cruise.
- 2) That she try to get organized.
- 3) That she write about her trip.

Ответ:

5 Which of the following places did Liz *not* visit?

- 1) Egypt.
- 2) North America.
- 3) The Holy Land.

Ответ:

6 Why does Tom have to leave?

- 1) He has to complete his work.
- 2) He has to organize his trip.
- 3) He has to go skydiving.

Ответ:

7

Tom isn't too worried because

- 1) he has finished his work.
- 2) he has got a lot of emotions.
- 3) he hasn't much to do to complete his work.

Ответ:

8

Liz agrees to

- 1) have a rest.
- 2) phone Tom a bit later.
- 3) make some plans for the next week.

Ответ:

По окончании выполнения заданий 1–8 не забудьте перенести свои ответы в БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 1! Запишите ответ справа от номера соответствующего задания, начиная с первой клеточки. При переносе ответов в заданиях 1 и 2 цифры записываются без пробелов, запятых и других дополнительных символов. Каждую цифру пишите в отдельной клеточке в соответствии с приведёнными в бланке образцами.

Раздел 2. ЗАДАНИЯ ПО ЧТЕНИЮ

9

Вы проводите информационный поиск в ходе выполнения проектной работы. Определите, в каком из текстов А–F содержатся ответы на интересующие вас вопросы 1–7. Один из вопросов останется без ответа. Занесите ваши ответы в таблицу.

1. What are ecological advantages of e-books?
2. Why can the Internet be sometimes dangerous?
3. What makes e-books harmful for one's health?
4. Can you find any book you want in electronic version?
5. Can you read an e-book on any device?
6. What do we call intellectual stealing?
7. What makes an electronic library so convenient?

A. Though they are becoming more and more popular, electronic books still present a variety of technological problems that need to be solved. Reading e-books can create eye strain because it is more difficult to read words on a computer screen than on a page. When reading on paper, light reflects off the page and into your eyes naturally, however, with computer screens, the device projects light into your eyes, causing headaches and possible long term damage to your eyesight.

B. E-books are just another file on a hard drive, and they often depend on the Internet to transfer from one location to another. A virus may invade your computer or you might accidentally damage your e-reader or hard drive. So just in a few moments you can lose your entire book collection. Moreover, third parties can monitor or even hack your files, and you can end up with a different file than you expected.

C. As with other media that has moved to digital distribution, e-books are often pirated. Writers work hard to create their art, and they deserve to be fairly compensated for their effort. The growing amount of e-books increases the chance that their work will be stolen online or that they won't earn what they deserve.

D. Many titles that are available in traditional print books are not yet available in an electronic book format. Many mainstream best sellers are available in electronic format, but if you tend to read even some more exotic titles or academic literature, you will not be able to find much suitable material in e-book format at present.

E. But of course, electronic books offer a range of conveniences, which will continue to expand as the technology develops. You can shop for e-books and receive them almost immediately, any time of the day or night. In addition, electronic books provide the convenience of having a lot of books available at any given time, without the trouble of having to transport them. This is particularly advantageous when traveling: rather than carrying a suitcase full of books, you can carry all the titles on a single device.

F. Electronic books save trees. By downloading an electronic book rather than buying a hard copy of a book, you eliminate the need to print on paper. Even recycled paper uses more resources than an electronic book. In addition, electronic books save the energy and resources that it takes to print paper books, as well as the fuel that is required to deliver them.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Текст	A	B	C	D	E	F
Вопрос						

Прочитайте текст. Определите, какие из приведённых утверждений **10–16** соответствуют содержанию текста (**1 – True**), какие не соответствуют (**2 – False**) и о чём в тексте не сказано, то есть на основании текста нельзя дать ни положительного, ни отрицательного ответа (**3 – Not stated**). В поле ответа запишите одну цифру, которая соответствует номеру выбранного вами ответа.

Terrible Twisters

Tornadoes, also known as twisters, are the most violent storms on our planet. Tornadoes form when a warm wind meets a cold one. As the two winds move around each other, a funnel of spinning air forms. The faster it spins, the more powerful it becomes.

At its base, a tornado can be from 100 metres to over 1 kilometre wide. The wider it is, the more destructive it can be.

The most violent tornadoes have wind speeds of more than 400 kilometres an hour. As you can imagine, such a twister can destroy everything in its path. Tornadoes can pick up cars, houses and trains and put them down in the next street – or even in the next town. One tornado picked up a school house, turned it around, and then set it down backwards.

In Russia, during one tornado, people were amazed to see money falling out of the sky. At least a thousand coins dropped from the clouds. The winds had removed the earth from a buried treasure, then picked up the coins.

Once, a man from Texas opened the door of his house, and fell 10 metres to the ground! His house had already taken off. Luckily, the man remained alive.

Most tornadoes last a few minutes, but some can last several hours. Such tornadoes are especially destructive.

Some people think that you are safe from tornadoes if you are near rivers, lakes and mountains. How wrong they are! Tornadoes can go up 3,000-metre mountains, as well as across rivers and lakes.

Tornadoes occur almost everywhere in the world, but the country that sees the strongest twisters is the United States of America. About 800 tornadoes hit the country every year.

No two twisters are exactly alike. Each tornado has its own colour, sound and shape. Each tornado is filled with surprises because nobody can ever tell where it might go or what kinds of things it might do. This is why tornadoes are the most dangerous storms.

По окончании выполнения заданий 9–16 не забудьте перенести свои ответы в БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 1! Запишите ответ справа от номера соответствующего задания, начиная с первой клеточки. При переносе ответов на задание 9 цифры записываются без пробелов, запятых и других дополнительных символов. Каждую цифру пишите в отдельной клеточке в соответствии с приведёнными в бланке образцами.

Раздел 3. ЗАДАНИЯ ПО ГРАММАТИКЕ И ЛЕКСИКЕ

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 17–25, так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию 17–25.

A Secret to Eternal Youth

17

People _____ of staying young and living a long, long life. But can it become a reality?

ALWAYS
DREAM

18

Experts believe it is possible that people will live long enough to have great-great-great-great-grand _____.

CHILD

19

This belief _____ on research and on the fact that more and more people are living to be over 100 years old.

BASE

20

A British scientist Aubrey de Grey _____ that we can stop people getting old. In _____ opinion, getting old is like a disease. If we can cure this disease, we can stop the ageing process.

THINK
HE

21

22

The scientist is sure that we _____ all the methods needed to stop ageing

HAVE

23

in _____ than 20 years. Many scientists who study ageing _____

LITTLE

24

de Grey's ideas seriously. However, they admit that they _____ wrong yet.

NOT TAKE

25

Would you like to live for 1,000 years? Won't life get boring if you live such a long life?

NOT PROVE

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 26–31, так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию 26–31.

The Sweeps Festival

26

Nearly 300 years ago, many children from poor families (sometimes as young as four) worked as chimney sweeps. It was hard, dirty and _____ work. The pay, however, was very low.

DANGER

27

So on the first of May chimney sweeps were allowed to have some fun and celebrate their 'Sweeps holiday'. Dickens described these _____ in his works.

CELEBRATE

28

In 1860, Parliament passed a law that made it _____ to use young boys to clean inside chimneys, and the traditional celebration

LEGAL

29

died out. But in the 1980s, Gordon Newton, a Rochester _____, decided to

HISTORY

30

revive the sweeps holiday. He _____ researched the sweeps' tradition and studied Charles Dickens's descriptions of the event. In 1981, Newton organised a small parade with a group of dancers.

CAREFUL

31

The festival has now become very popular and attracts many thousands of _____.

VISIT

По окончании выполнения заданий 17–31 не забудьте перенести свои ответы в БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 1! Запишите ответ справа от номера соответствующего задания, начиная с первой клеточки. При переносе ответов буквы записываются без пробелов, запятых и других дополнительных символов. Каждую букву пишите в отдельной клеточке в соответствии с приведёнными в бланке образцами.



Проверьте, чтобы каждый ответ был записан рядом с номером соответствующего задания.

Раздел 4. ЗАДАНИЕ ПО ПИСЬМУ

Для ответа на задание 32 используйте БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 2. При выполнении задания 32 особое внимание обратите на то, что ваши ответы будут оцениваться только по записям, сделанным на БЛАНКЕ ОТВЕТОВ № 2. Никакие записи черновика не будут учитываться экспертом. Обратите внимание также на необходимость соблюдения указанного объёма письма. Письмо недостаточного объёма, а также часть текста письма, превышающая требуемый объём, не оцениваются.

32 You have **30** minutes to do this task.

You have received a letter from your English-speaking pen friend, Clyde.

*...I've just returned from a tour round Spain. Dad wanted to arrange everything himself but mum insisted on a package tour. We visited several cities and towns but, to my mind, the visits to each of them were too short to see everything we wanted.
Have you ever been on a trip abroad? What places would you like to visit in the future? Would you prefer a packed trip or travelling on your own?*

Write him a letter and answer his **3** questions.

Write **100–120** words. Remember the rules of letter writing.

ВАРИАНТ 3

Раздел 1. ЗАДАНИЯ ПО АУДИРОВАНИЮ

1

Вы два раза услышите четыре коротких диалога, обозначенных буквами А, В, С и D. Установите соответствие между диалогами и местами, где они происходят: к каждому диалогу подберите соответствующее место действия, обозначенное цифрами. Используйте каждое место действия из списка 1–5 **только один раз**. В задании есть одно **лишнее место действия**.

1. At the stadium.
2. In the street.
3. In the garden.
4. At school.
5. In the forest.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Диалог	A	B	C	D
Ответ: Место действия				

2

Вы два раза услышите пять высказываний, обозначенных буквами А, В, С, D, Е. Установите соответствие между высказываниями и утверждениями из следующего списка: к каждому высказыванию подберите соответствующее утверждение, обозначенное цифрами. Используйте каждое утверждение из списка 1–6 **только один раз**. В задании есть **одно лишнее утверждение**.

1. The speaker advises us to visit the famous hotel.
2. The speaker mentions parking rules.
3. The speaker talks about newspapers.
4. The speaker talks about safety rules.
5. The speaker mentions the best parks.
6. The speaker gives advice about the best chances of sightseeing.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Ответ:	Говоря- щий	A	B	C	D	E
	Утверж- дение					

Вы услышите разговор двух подростков. В заданиях 3–8 в поле ответа запишите одну цифру, которая соответствует номеру правильного ответа. Вы услышите запись дважды.

3 What kind of party is Kate's family going to have?

- 1) A welcoming party.
- 2) A housewarming party.
- 3) A birthday party.

Ответ:

4 Where does Kate's family live now?

- 1) In a block of flats.
- 2) In a hotel.
- 3) In a cottage.

Ответ:

5 How does Kate get to school?

- 1) On foot and by bus.
- 2) On foot and by father's car.
- 3) By bus and by the underground.

Ответ:

6 Kate may change school

- 1) this year.
- 2) after taking exams.
- 3) after moving to a new flat.

Ответ:

7 Why would Kate like to take the exams at her school?

- 1) Because she is used to her school.
- 2) Because she needs her classmates' help.
- 3) Because she wants her teachers' support.

Ответ:

8 William and Kate used to

- 1) play together.
- 2) listen to CDs.
- 3) dance together.

Ответ:

По окончании выполнения заданий 1–8 не забудьте перенести свои ответы в БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 1! Запишите ответ справа от номера соответствующего задания, начиная с первой клеточки. При переносе ответов в заданиях 1 и 2 цифры записываются без пробелов, запятых и других дополнительных символов. Каждую цифру пишите в отдельной клеточке в соответствии с приведёнными в бланке образцами.

Раздел 2. ЗАДАНИЯ ПО ЧТЕНИЮ

9

Вы проводите информационный поиск в ходе выполнения проектной работы. Определите, в каком из текстов А–F содержатся ответы на интересующие вас вопросы 1–7. Один из вопросов останется без ответа. Занесите ваши ответы в таблицу.

1. How quickly can you develop a healthy lifestyle?
2. What is the main rule of staying fit?
3. What are the easiest things you can do to stay healthy?
4. Why is it important to keep positive attitude to life?
5. What kind of food should you eat to stay healthy?
6. Why is it important to stay offline from time to time?
7. What exercises help you stay fit?

A. There are so many things that we can do to make our life healthy. You can start with making sure that you drink at least 8 glasses of plain water throughout the whole day. This is very important because water will help to boost your energy and clean the whole system in our body. Besides, you have to make sure that every day you have a balanced meal which will provide you with all the vitamins and minerals you must have.

B. Sweets, junk food, soft drinks, sugary juices should be taken minimally. It is advisable to increase white meat such as fish, vegetables, fresh fruits and fresh juices in your diet. You also must avoid taking food that contains high calories, fat, preservatives. This kind of food will bring many health problems to our body like high blood pressure and also diabetes.

C. Healthy living would not be successful without any physical activity. Even small activities such as taking a stroll or walking a pet, biking, doing daily chores such as cleaning the house can make a difference. However, for best results, it is advisable to go to the gym two to three times a week or exercise at least thirty minutes daily. You should discipline yourself to follow your exercise schedule.

D. There are thousands of ways that you can do to achieve a healthy lifestyle and you should remember that creating a healthy lifestyle cannot be done by drastic changes like not eating, but you must do it in a simple step first and try to add in the steps one by one. So you have to choose which way is more suitable for you and make sure you build a habit to have a healthy lifestyle.

E. At least once or twice a week, keep away from technology. Being online keeps people from moving and can be very unhealthy. Instead of playing video games or chatting with people on Facebook, do something fun and active with your family or friends. Go outdoors, play ball games, take a swim, anything that will be enjoyable and does not involve the use of modern technology.

F. So often it's stress in our lives that leads us off the healthy path. When we are stressed, our defenses get weak. We seek comfort, and that often means unhealthy and excessive eating, vegetating in front of the TV, or other lifestyle choices that do not support good health. Simplify your life. Try slowing down your schedule.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Текст	A	B	C	D	E	F
Вопрос						

Прочитайте текст. Определите, какие из приведённых утверждений **10–16** соответствуют содержанию текста (**1 – True**), какие не соответствуют (**2 – False**) и о чём в тексте не сказано, то есть на основании текста нельзя дать ни положительного, ни отрицательного ответа (**3 – Not stated**). В поле ответа запишите одну цифру, которая соответствует номеру выбранного вами ответа.

Two Great Women Inventors

In the 19th and early 20th centuries, women had limited opportunities for a technical education and career, and few of them had an independent income. However, the history of women inventors in this period is very long. These are the personal stories of two of them.

The nineteenth-century inventor Margaret Knight was born in the USA in 1838. As a young girl, she was made to work in a cotton factory by her parents. While she was working there, there was an accident and somebody was almost killed by a machine. Margaret was only 12 at the time, but she invented a way to fix the machine so that if there was the same fault again, the machine would stop at once.

She had more than eighty inventions, and the most important one was a machine producing paper bags with flat bottoms. But none of them brought her much money. In those days, women were not encouraged to be business people any more than they were encouraged to be inventors. Once Margaret Knight had produced an invention, she would usually sell it to somebody for not much cash, and when she died in 1914, all she left was 275 dollars.

Beulah Henry also began inventing things when she was a young girl. In 1912, at the age of 25, she got her first patent for an ice-cream freezer. A year later, she patented a parasol – an umbrella for the sun – within changeable covers so that a woman could match her parasol with her clothes. The invention earned her about 50,000 dollars from the manufacturers.

In all, she patented 49 inventions. But for someone with such a long career, surprisingly little is known about Beulah Henry's personal life. She was born in the USA in 1887 and grew up in an artistic family. The only other fact which is known is that she entered university in 1909.

These women's lives and achievements will always inspire future generations of inventors.

По окончании выполнения заданий 9–16 не забудьте перенести свои ответы в БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 1! Запишите ответ справа от номера соответствующего задания, начиная с первой клеточки. При переносе ответов на задание 9 цифры записываются без пробелов, запятых и других дополнительных символов. Каждую цифру пишите в отдельной клеточке в соответствии с приведёнными в бланке образцами.

Раздел 3. ЗАДАНИЯ ПО ГРАММАТИКЕ И ЛЕКСИКЕ

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 17–25, так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию 17–25.

A Tea Party with Sharks

- | | | |
|----|---|----------|
| 17 | There is no _____ place in the UK to see sea life than the Sea Life London Aquarium. It was opened in 1997 and it has the _____ collection of sea animals in Europe. There are many exotic, beautiful and even strange creatures, but the leading stars are sharks. | GOOD |
| 18 | To mark the opening of a new display the Aquarium decided to throw a tea party with sharks! They wanted to prove that sharks are actually a lot _____ than they look. | LARGE |
| 19 | The team _____ very much to throw the party. | FRIENDLY |
| 20 | ‘The fact _____ sharks are far more at threat from humans than humans are from sharks,’ said Rachel Wicks, one of the partygoers. | EXCITE |
| 21 | The aquarium _____ that more people die from creatures like _____, dogs and snakes than sharks. | BE |
| 22 | | SAY |
| 23 | | MOSQUITO |

- 24** As well as allowing _____ of people to discover the wonders of the marine world, the Sea Life London Aquarium _____ an important role in helping save our seas for the future. **MILLION**
- 25** _____ an important role in helping save our seas for the future. **PLAY**

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами **26–31**, так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию **26–31**.

James Cameron

Most people know James Cameron as a famous film director, who created *The Terminator*, *Titanic* and *Avatar*. But James is also a deep-sea

- 26** _____ . **EXPLORE**
- 27** It took Cameron and his team 7 years to prepare for this _____ trip. He spent 3 hours in this cold desert-like place, with no sunlight and heavy water _____ . **DANGER**
- 28** _____ . **PRESS**
- 29** People have not visited the Mariana Trench since 1960, when two divers first reached the planet's deepest place – nearly 11 kilometres – in the Pacific Ocean. They could _____ see anything and took no pictures. **HARD**
- 30** James Cameron travelled to the Mariana Trench in his well-equipped mini-submarine. It has 3D cameras and a mechanical arm for collecting samples of soil and deep-sea _____ . **CREATE**
- 31** Cameron is going to make a 3D film about the Mariana Trench. 'I see this as the _____,' he said. **BEGIN**

По окончании выполнения заданий 17–31 не забудьте перенести свои ответы в БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 1! Запишите ответ справа от номера соответствующего задания, начиная с первой клеточки. При переносе ответов буквы записываются без пробелов, запятых и других дополнительных символов. Каждую букву пишите в отдельной клеточке в соответствии с приведёнными в бланке образцами.



Проверьте, чтобы каждый ответ был записан рядом с номером соответствующего задания.

Раздел 4. ЗАДАНИЕ ПО ПИСЬМУ

Для ответа на задание 32 используйте БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 2. При выполнении задания 32 особое внимание обратите на то, что ваши ответы будут оцениваться только по записям, сделанным на БЛАНКЕ ОТВЕТОВ № 2. Никакие записи черновика не будут учитываться экспертом. Обратите внимание также на необходимость соблюдения указанного объёма письма. Письмо недостаточного объёма, а также часть текста письма, превышающая требуемый объём, не оцениваются.

32

You have 30 minutes to do this task.

You have received a letter from your English-speaking pen friend, Tom.

...It seems every time I go to visit my Granny in the country it starts raining. Now it has been raining for three days and it makes me crazy. You know I'm a sporty type and like to spend time outdoors. Do you often go to the country? What do you do there in bad weather? Are there places to go there when you are bored?

Write him a letter and answer his 3 questions.

Write 100–120 words. Remember the rules of letter writing.

ВАРИАНТ 4

Раздел 1. ЗАДАНИЯ ПО АУДИРОВАНИЮ

1

Вы два раза услышите четыре коротких диалога, обозначенных буквами А, В, С и D. Установите соответствие между диалогами и местами, где они происходят: к каждому диалогу подберите соответствующее место действия, обозначенное цифрами. Используйте каждое место действия из списка 1–5 **только один раз**. В задании есть одно **лишнее место действия**.

1. In the aqua park.
2. In the Zoo.
3. In the shop.
4. In the street.
5. At home.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Диалог	A	B	C	D
Ответ: Место действия				

2

Вы два раза услышите пять высказываний, обозначенных буквами А, В, С, D, E. Установите соответствие между высказываниями и утверждениями из следующего списка: к каждому высказыванию подберите соответствующее утверждение, обозначенное цифрами. Используйте каждое утверждение из списка 1–6 **только один раз**. В задании есть одно **лишнее утверждение**.

1. The speaker talks about wrong statistics.
2. The speaker advises to think twice.
3. The speaker declares it very harmful.
4. The speaker talks about shocking facts.
5. The speaker underlines – money for them, diseases for you.
6. The speaker thinks their future is in danger.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Ответ:	Говорящий	A	B	C	D	E
	Утверждение					

Вы услышите разговор двух подростков. В заданиях 3–8 в поле ответа запишите одну цифру, которая соответствует номеру правильного ответа. Вы услышите запись дважды.

3 Masha asked Mike to

- 1) be her guide for the day.
- 2) tell her what is worth seeing.
- 3) tell her about Moscow.

Ответ:

4 Why did the friends decide to take the metro?

- 1) Because it's the quickest way of travelling.
- 2) Because it's the most comfortable way of traveling.
- 3) Because the metro is as beautiful as Moscow's sights.

Ответ:

5 Which place are the friends going to start from?

- 1) From the Lenin Mausoleum.
- 2) From Red Square.
- 3) From the Cathedral of St. Basil.

Ответ:

6 How did the Cathedral of St. Basil become unique?

- 1) The architects were not able to reproduce it.
- 2) The architects used different colours of the domes.
- 3) The architects refused to built other cathedrals.

Ответ:

7

What is the monument to Minin and Pozharsky devoted to?

- 1) To Polish invaders.
- 2) To the Russian people.
- 3) To the saviors of the Russian people.

Ответ:

8

Masha cried because

- 1) people were looking at her.
- 2) she was happy to see the sights on Red Square.
- 3) she had never gone sightseeing before.

Ответ:

По окончании выполнения заданий 1–8 не забудьте перенести свои ответы в БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 1! Запишите ответ справа от номера соответствующего задания, начиная с первой клеточки. При переносе ответов в заданиях 1 и 2 цифры записываются без пробелов, запятых и других дополнительных символов. Каждую цифру пишите в отдельной клеточке в соответствии с приведёнными в бланке образцами.

Раздел 2. ЗАДАНИЯ ПО ЧТЕНИЮ

9

Вы проводите информационный поиск в ходе выполнения проектной работы. Определите, в каком из текстов А–F содержатся ответы на интересующие вас вопросы 1–7. Один из вопросов останется без ответа. Занесите ваши ответы в таблицу.

1. What kind of transport is used for royal ceremonies?
2. What is the history of British monarchy?
3. In what way is Buckingham Palace prepared for honourable guests?
4. What ceremony attracts a great number of tourists?
5. Where are royal celebrations held in summertime?
6. How can people see that the Queen is in her residence?
7. Is it possible to get inside Buckingham Palace?

A. London is one of the few places in the world where you can visit a real royal palace. Buckingham Palace is where Queen Elizabeth II lives much of the time. A flag always flies above Buckingham Palace. When the Queen is in London, you can see the Royal Standard above the palace. When she is away, the Union Flag flies instead. Originally, the palace was a town house built for the Duke of Buckingham in 1705. It was greatly enlarged in the 19th century and the first monarch to live in the palace was Queen Victoria.

B. Buckingham Palace is enormous. There are 600 rooms, 78 bathrooms, a cinema, a swimming pool and even a post office. Some of the rooms are named and decorated for special visitors, such as the 1844 Room, which was decorated for the state visit of Emperor Nicholas I of Russia. The 1855 Room was created in honour of the visit of Emperor Napoleon III of France. The largest room in the palace is the Ballroom which is used for state banquets and other important occasions.

C. Buckingham Palace security is very high but there have been several security lapses. In 2004, a newspaper reporter managed to get a job of a footman inside Buckingham Palace and took lots of photos of the Royal Family's private apartments. The same year, a protestor called Jason Hatch climbed onto a ledge near the ceremonial balcony dressed as Batman. But probably the most incredible lapse was in 1837, when a 12-year-old boy managed to live for a year unnoticed inside the palace.

D. There is a beautiful park-like garden around the palace. It is home to 30 different kinds of birds and more than 350 different wild flowers. The garden has a helicopter landing area, a lake and a tennis court. Every summer the Queen holds her garden parties here. The Buckingham Palace kitchen serve a sit-down meal to as many as 600 people at a time.

E. The Royal Mews at Buckingham Palace is the place where the royal coaches, horses, and cars are kept. The most famous of the royal coaches is the Gold State Coach which is used only on very special occasions, such as a coronation. It weighs 4 tons and takes 8 horses to pull. It was built in 1762! It's unlikely you'll catch the Queen in the stables, although she does name each horse herself. Her Majesty is very fond of riding and so are other members of the Royal Family including Prince William and Prince Harry.

F. There are always crowds of people waiting patiently outside Buckingham Palace. They come to see the ceremony of Changing the Guard. First the band marches through the gates of the Palace. The job of the police is to stop the tourists from following the guards! Then the rest of the 'new' guard marches through the gates. The guardsmen wear traditional uniform: a red coat and a black bearskin. Believe it or not, this ceremony hasn't changed since 1660!

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Текст	A	B	C	D	E	F
Вопрос						

Прочитайте текст. Определите, какие из приведённых утверждений **10–16** соответствуют содержанию текста (**1 – True**), какие не соответствуют (**2 – False**) и о чём в тексте не сказано, то есть на основании текста нельзя дать ни положительного, ни отрицательного ответа (**3 – Not stated**). В поле ответа запишите одну цифру, которая соответствует номеру выбранного вами ответа.

Rich and Poor

All over the world, Americans are known for their easy way of spending money. When they are abroad, they often stay in the best hotels and go to the most expensive stores. At home, too, they are used to the best of everything. An ordinary American house has two bathrooms, a separate bedroom for each child, a garage, and several TV sets. Most families have a car, and many have a mobile home. Kitchens are full of expensive electrical appliances.

Americans work hard for their wealth, and they enjoy it. They respect people who have become millionaires. They enjoy watching TV programs and reading about the super-rich, the 'big spenders'. They admire women who can buy dresses for over \$20,000, and rich businesspeople who can travel in their own private airplanes.

People like to feel that they, too, could be rich if they worked hard enough. They feel good about the future. To be free to do well, to be rewarded properly for honest, hard work— this, they say, is the real meaning of America. It was to this country, after all, that the poor of the world came to find a new life and a fair chance for their children, and many of them found it.

But not all. In recent years, more and more people have become trapped in an 'underclass'. Many, but not all of them, are black. Many, but not all, live in the old 'inner' cities. These people seem to be unable to escape from bad housing, unemployment, and a life of crime and hopelessness. For them, drugs and alcohol are especially serious problems.

16 The poor should be given more fair chances to improve the situation.

1) True

2) False

3) Not stated

Ответ:

По окончании выполнения заданий 9–16 не забудьте перенести свои ответы в БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 1! Запишите ответ справа от номера соответствующего задания, начиная с первой клеточки. При переносе ответов на задание 9 цифры записываются без пробелов, запятых и других дополнительных символов. Каждую цифру пишите в отдельной клеточке в соответствии с приведёнными в бланке образцами.

Раздел 3. ЗАДАНИЯ ПО ГРАММАТИКЕ И ЛЕКСИКЕ

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 17–25, так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию 17–25.

David Copperfield: a Real-life Magician

17 He is probably the _____ magician **SUCCESSFUL** in history.

18 He started practising magic when he was 10 At the age of 12, he _____ **BECOME** the youngest member of the Society of American Magicians.

19 At the age of 19 he played the leading role in the musical *The Magic Man*. That's when David Kotkin _____ his stage name – 'David Copperfield' – from the famous novel by Charles Dickens. **CHOOSE**

20 David has won 11 Guinness World Records and 21 Emmy Awards for his TV series. In 2011, he _____ 'King of magic' by **NAME** the Society of American Magicians.

- 21 Copperfield's _____ illusions POPULAR
include walking through the Great Wall of
China, levitating over the Grand Canyon
and making the Statue of Liberty disappear.
He says that the inspiration for new
- 22 _____ comes to _____ ILLUSION/HE
23 in dreams. 'Creating a new illusion is like
writing a song, sometimes the lyrics come
24 _____ and sometimes it's the ONE
music'.
- 25 He still _____ to make the moon HOPE
disappear and straighten the leaning tower
of Pisa.

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 26–31, так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию 26–31.

Cosmetics

- Every day, women around the world use eyeshadow, mascara, blush and lipstick. Then maybe some nail polish, and _____ a little perfume. FINAL
- 26 _____ this every morning gives DO
27 many women the _____ they CONFIDENT
28 need to go out and meet people.
- 29 Wearing cosmetics is the most common type of body _____ in the DECORATE
world today. With the help of cosmetics, you can hide skin problems, change the colour of your hair, the shape of your eyebrows, and the _____ of LONG
30 your eyelashes.
- 31 A recent _____ in modern DEVELOP
cosmetics is permanent make-up which helps women not to put it on every day.

По окончании выполнения заданий 17–31 не забудьте перенести свои ответы в БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 1! Запишите ответ справа от номера соответствующего задания, начиная с первой клеточки. При переносе ответов буквы записываются без пробелов, запятых и других дополнительных символов. Каждую букву пишите в отдельной клеточке в соответствии с приведёнными в бланке образцами.



Проверьте, чтобы каждый ответ был записан рядом с номером соответствующего задания.

Раздел 4. ЗАДАНИЕ ПО ПИСЬМУ

Для ответа на задание 32 используйте БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 2. При выполнении задания 32 особое внимание обратите на то, что ваши ответы будут оцениваться только по записям, сделанным на БЛАНКЕ ОТВЕТОВ № 2. Никакие записи черновика не будут учитываться экспертом. Обратите внимание также на необходимость соблюдения указанного объёма письма. Письмо недостаточного объёма, а также часть текста письма, превышающая требуемый объём, не оцениваются.

32

You have 30 minutes to do this task.

You have received a letter from your English-speaking pen friend, Ann.

...After two years of arguments with my parents my dream has come true. Last weekend they bought me a puppy. Mum was against keeping a pet in our flat but I promised to take care of it.

What are the most popular pets in your country? Why do you think people keep pets even in big cities? Have you got a pet? If not, would you like to have it and which one?

Write her a letter and answer her 3 questions.

Write 100–120 words. Remember the rules of letter writing.

ВАРИАНТ 5

Раздел 1. ЗАДАНИЯ ПО АУДИРОВАНИЮ

1

Вы два раза услышите четыре коротких диалога, обозначенных буквами А, В, С и D. Установите соответствие между диалогами и местами, где они происходят: к каждому диалогу подберите соответствующее место действия, обозначенное цифрами. Используйте каждое место действия из списка 1–5 **только один раз**. В задании есть одно **лишнее место действия**.

1. In an office.
2. At the police station.
3. In a bookshop.
4. At the hotel reception.
5. In a hospital.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Диалог	A	B	C	D
Ответ: Место действия				

2

Вы два раза услышите пять высказываний, обозначенных буквами А, В, С, D, E. Установите соответствие между высказываниями и утверждениями из следующего списка: к каждому высказыванию подберите соответствующее утверждение, обозначенное цифрами. Используйте каждое утверждение из списка 1–6 **только один раз**. В задании есть **одно лишнее утверждение**.

1. The speaker talks about travelling.
2. The speaker talks about language problems.
3. The speaker talks about a teenager's problem.
4. The speaker reads an extract from a musical review.
5. The speaker underlines the connection between environment and wildlife.
6. The speaker talks about the Royal family.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Ответ:	Говорящий	A	B	C	D	E
	Утверждение					

Вы услышите разговор двух подростков. В заданиях 3–8 в поле ответа запишите одну цифру, которая соответствует номеру правильного ответа. Вы услышите запись дважды.

3 How does Mark usually spend holidays?

- 1) He goes camping with a tent.
- 2) He gets a flight to an island.
- 3) He travels by van.

Ответ:

4 Mark doesn't mind travelling by car but

- 1) he doesn't want to fly.
- 2) he doesn't like sleeping in it.
- 3) he would prefer sleeping in a tent.

Ответ:

5 What does Betty dislike about airports?

- 1) Expensive shops.
- 2) Waiting in the crowded place with nothing to do.
- 3) Buying something she doesn't need.

Ответ:

6 What is Betty planning to do on holidays?

- 1) Staying in a specialised camp.
- 2) Going somewhere without her parents.
- 3) Visiting Disneyland.

Ответ:

7

What does Betty like about the camp?

- 1) That her parents will stay there too.
- 2) That she will try waterskiing.
- 3) That she won't have to see her family too often.

ОТВЕТ:

8

What will Betty do more often?

- 1) Go swimming.
- 2) Play water polo and go windsurfing.
- 3) Go waterskiing.

ОТВЕТ:

По окончании выполнения заданий 1–8 не забудьте перенести свои ответы в БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 1! Запишите ответ справа от номера соответствующего задания, начиная с первой клеточки. При переносе ответов в заданиях 1 и 2 цифры записываются без пробелов, запятых и других дополнительных символов. Каждую цифру пишите в отдельной клеточке в соответствии с приведёнными в бланке образцами.

Раздел 2. ЗАДАНИЯ ПО ЧТЕНИЮ

9

Вы проводите информационный поиск в ходе выполнения проектной работы. Определите, в каком из текстов А–F содержатся ответы на интересующие вас вопросы 1–7. Один из вопросов останется без ответа. Занесите ваши ответы в таблицу.

1. In what way are Australian Christmas decorations different?
2. What special dishes are served for Christmas dinner?
3. The name of what dish is connected with Russia?
4. What tradition became an action uniting people?
5. What tradition in Australia has Russian roots?
6. What makes Christmas in Australia different from that in northern countries?
7. Why are Australians more careful than tourists?

A. Christmas in Australia is not like anywhere else! Everything is topsy turvy since December is one of the hottest months of the year. But the Australians have a great time anyway. Those who live near the coast go to the beach on Christmas day. They have a swim, play cricket or volleyball, surf or just sit around with family and friends enjoying Christmas dinner. Santa Claus arrives at Australian beaches on a surfboard – quite a change from sliding down a chimney! And since the weather is hot he often wears a swimsuit or funny baggy shorts. Christmas is a great time for kids and students – it's the beginning of their summer holidays.

B. Many Christmas decorations and symbols are the same as in Great Britain or the USA: Christmas trees (usually plastic), Dickensian images of turkeys and plum puddings, snow scenes... But among the decorations you can also see toy kangaroos and koala bears in Santa hats or red scarves! And instead of holly and mistletoe the Australians often use local plants – Christmas bush and Christmas bell.

C. As with Christmas anywhere, families have their own traditions. In spite of the heat many Australians still have traditional hot Christmas meal. This usually includes roast turkey and a flaming Christmas pudding with a tasty brandy sauce. Others prefer a more sensible meal of seafood or cold ham, turkey and salads. For tourists with a taste for the unusual, roast emu, crocodile, kangaroo and possum can be found in some Australian restaurants.

D. One unique and excellent Australian dessert is the Pavlova – a light cake made of meringue, cream and fruit. This light, fruity pie is the national dessert of both New Zealand and Australia. (They say it was invented to celebrate Anna Pavlova's visit to New Zealand in 1926 and Australia in 1929.)

E. Australia is also the home of *Carols by Candlelight*, a tradition started by Norman Hanks, a radio announcer, in 1937. One day Hanks saw a lonely woman listening to a Christmas carol by candlelight. He decided to do something to relieve the loneliness some people felt during the holidays. Today, *Carols by Candlelight* is held each Christmas Eve and involves tens of thousands of people. They spread blankets on the ground, light their candles and sing Christmas songs together.

F. Tourists tend to celebrate Christmas on the beach and the most popular beach is Sydney's Bondi Beach Australia – it gets crowded with backpackers and Christmas celebrations which last the whole day. How do we know that they are travellers? Australians don't bake themselves in the sun anymore, since they've become more aware of the risks of skin cancer than they were 20 years ago. There is a large hole in the ozone layer above Australia and New Zealand, which is why

the sun here is so dangerous. When you see a beach full of sunbakers like on the photo here, it means the beach is mainly full of tourists.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Текст	A	B	C	D	E	F
Вопрос						

Прочитайте текст. Определите, какие из приведённых утверждений **10–16** соответствуют содержанию текста (**1 – True**), какие не соответствуют (**2 – False**) и о чём в тексте не сказано, то есть на основании текста нельзя дать ни положительного, ни отрицательного ответа (**3 – Not stated**). В поле ответа запишите одну цифру, которая соответствует номеру выбранного вами ответа.

New Secrets of the Titanic

The *Titanic* set sail from Southampton to New York on the 10th of April, 1912. It had 2,208 people on board. It was the largest ship in the world and everyone called it 'unsinkable'. On the 14th of April, four days into its first voyage, the *Titanic* hit a huge iceberg. Icy water began filling the ship and it sank within 3 hours. Only 705 people survived.

The *Titanic's* wreck was discovered on the ocean floor in 1985 and has been studied closely ever since. To mark the 100th anniversary of the sinking, James Cameron, the director of the famous film *Titanic*, gathered a team of experts to examine the shipwreck again. They used 3D modelling and state-of-the-art technology to find out how the *Titanic* sank.

When the *Titanic* hit the iceberg, there was a big hole in its hull and water began filling the lower parts of the ship. But James Cameron says that the ship could have sunk more slowly, allowing a greater number of people to survive. Many of the ship's portholes were found open. Experts think passengers opened these windows to air their rooms and then never closed them. So the ship took on water faster. The same thing happened in one of the grand halls, where a large door was found open. The ship's second officer had ordered to open it during the evacuation and it stayed open – letting water quickly fill the ship's lower half. 'The door was twice the size of the hole caused by the iceberg,' James says. 'That sped up the sinking of the ship.'

- 19** When the same ghost _____ repeatedly in the same house, it is said that the house is haunted. Hauntings can continue for years and even _____.
- 20** There are haunted houses all over the world, but the British say that the UK is the _____ country in the world.
- 21** Some people say that they _____ animal ghosts – cats, dogs, horses and even birds. One of the _____ animal ghosts is a black cat that often _____ near the Revolution Museum in Moscow. _____ a month at midnight it walks along Tverskaya Street.
- 22** _____
- 23** _____
- 24** _____
- 25** _____
- SEE
CENTURY
HAUNTED
SEE
FAMOUS
APPEAR
TWO

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 26–31, так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию 26–31.

London Streets

- 26** Fleet Street in London used to be the home of most _____ daily and Sunday newspapers and that is why people often say 'Fleet Street' meaning 'the press' even now. In the 1980s most of the newspapers moved to new _____ in different parts of London to use new printing technologies. British newspapers can be divided into quality and popular ones. These groups are easily distinguished because the quality newspapers are _____ the size of the popular newspapers.
- 27** _____
- 28** _____
- NATION
BUILD
TWO

Baker Street

29

One of the most famous addresses in London is 221b Baker street, the _____ home of the world's most famous detective, Sherlock Holmes

REAL

30

and his _____. Dr. Watson – according to the stories by sir Arthur Conan Doyle.

ASSIST

31

The house at 221b Baker street was built in 1815 and was last used as a lodging house in 1936. The _____ study on the first floor is kept as it was then. The house is now protected as the city's cultural and architectural heritage.

FAME

По окончании выполнения заданий 17–31 не забудьте перенести свои ответы в БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 1! Запишите ответ справа от номера соответствующего задания, начиная с первой клеточки. При переносе ответов буквы записываются без пробелов, запятых и других дополнительных символов. Каждую букву пишите в отдельной клеточке в соответствии с приведёнными в бланке образцами.



Проверьте, чтобы каждый ответ был записан рядом с номером соответствующего задания.

Раздел 4. ЗАДАНИЕ ПО ПИСЬМУ

Для ответа на задание 32 используйте БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 2. При выполнении задания 32 особое внимание обратите на то, что ваши ответы будут оцениваться только по записям, сделанным на БЛАНКЕ ОТВЕТОВ № 2. Никакие записи черновика не будут учитываться экспертом. Обратите внимание также на необходимость соблюдения указанного объёма письма. Письмо недостаточного объёма, а также часть текста письма, превышающая требуемый объём, не оцениваются.

32

You have **30** minutes to do this task.

You have received a letter from your English-speaking pen friend, Meg.

...We are doing a project about holidays and traditions of different countries. I decided to find some facts about Russia. Maybe you can help me.

What are the most important holidays in Russia? Can you tell me about the celebration of a typically Russian holiday? Have you got any family tradition connected with this holiday?

Write her a letter and answer her 3 questions.

Write **100–120** words. Remember the rules of letter writing.

ВАРИАНТ 6

Раздел 1. ЗАДАНИЯ ПО АУДИРОВАНИЮ

1

Вы два раза услышите четыре коротких диалога, обозначенных буквами А, В, С и D. Установите соответствие между диалогами и местами, где они происходят: к каждому диалогу подберите соответствующее место действия, обозначенное цифрами. Используйте каждое место действия из списка 1–5 **только один раз**. В задании есть одно **лишнее место действия**.

1. On a bus excursion.
2. At the seaside.
3. At the airport.
4. On board the ship.
5. In the park.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Диалог	A	B	C	D
Ответ: Место действия				

2

Вы два раза услышите пять высказываний, обозначенных буквами А, В, С, D, E. Установите соответствие между высказываниями и утверждениями из следующего списка: к каждому высказыванию подберите соответствующее утверждение, обозначенное цифрами. Используйте каждое утверждение из списка 1–6 **только один раз**. В задании есть одно **лишнее утверждение**.

1. The speaker talks about a person who was rarely beaten.
2. The speaker says that it used to be overcrowded.
3. The speaker doesn't find it too silly.
4. The speaker underlines that it's useful and traditional.
5. The speaker talks about a person who was absolutely exceptional.
6. The speaker says that it's still loved and favourite.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Ответ:	Говорящий	A	B	C	D	E
	Утверждение					

Вы услышите разговор двух подростков. В заданиях 3–8 в поле ответа запишите одну цифру, которая соответствует номеру правильного ответа. Вы услышите запись дважды.

3 Does Jane get bored at her course?

- 1) No, because she learns a lot of new things.
- 2) No, because she has it twice a week.
- 3) Yes, because it is too long.

Ответ:

4 Why did Tom choose his course?

- 1) Because he likes cooking.
- 2) Because he wanted to learn how to cook for himself.
- 3) Because his mum wanted him to cook.

Ответ:

5 What does Tom dislike about his course?

- 1) That they learn how to fry eggs.
- 2) That the lessons are too long.
- 3) That their progress is too slow.

Ответ:

6 What do students do with the food they cook in class?

- 1) They have to buy it.
- 2) They can either eat it or take home.
- 3) They have to eat it in class.

Ответ:

7

Why is Tom looking forward to the next lesson?

- 1) It will be his mother's birthday.
- 2) He likes cakes.
- 3) He wants to learn how to make cakes.

Ответ:

8

What does Tom ask Jane to do?

- 1) To help him with sending e-mails.
- 2) To send an e-mail for him.
- 3) To have a look at his computer.

Ответ:

По окончании выполнения заданий 1–8 не забудьте перенести свои ответы в БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 1! Запишите ответ справа от номера соответствующего задания, начиная с первой клеточки. При переносе ответов в заданиях 1 и 2 цифры записываются без пробелов, запятых и других дополнительных символов. Каждую цифру пишите в отдельной клеточке в соответствии с приведёнными в бланке образцами.

Раздел 2. ЗАДАНИЯ ПО ЧТЕНИЮ

9

Вы проводите информационный поиск в ходе выполнения проектной работы. Определите, в каком из текстов А–F содержатся ответы на интересующие вас вопросы 1–7. Один из вопросов останется без ответа. Занесите ваши ответы в таблицу.

1. How can a person oppose bullying?
2. What are the most usual types of bullying?
3. How do bullies choose their victims?
4. What are the risks for bullies in their future life?
5. Why don't teachers notice bullying at school?
6. Why do bullies start hurting other people?
7. Why is bullying dangerous for its victims?

A. Every day thousands of teens wake up afraid to go to school. Bullying is a problem that affects millions of students, and it has everyone worried, not just the kids on its receiving end. Two of the main reasons people are bullied are because of appearance and social status. Bullies pick on the people they think don't fit in, maybe because of how they look, how they act (for example, kids who are shy and withdrawn), their race or religion.

B. Two of the main reasons people are bullied are because of appearance and social status. Bullies pick on the people they think don't fit in, maybe because of how they look, how they act (for example, kids who are shy and withdrawn), their race or religion, or because the bullies think their target may be gay or lesbian.

C. Some bullies attack their targets physically, which can mean anything up to punching or hitting, or even sexual assault. Others use psychological control or verbal insults to put themselves in charge. For example, people in popular groups often bully people they think as different by excluding them or gossiping about them (psychological bullying). They may also tease their targets (verbal bullying). Verbal bullying can also involve sending cruel texts, messages, or emails which is known as cyberbullying.

D. One of the most painful aspects of bullying is that it is endless. Most people can take one episode of teasing or name calling. However, when it goes on and on, bullying can put a person in a state of constant fear. Studies show that people who are permanently abused are at risk for mental health problems, such as low self-esteem, stress, depression, or anxiety. They may also think about suicide more.

E. Bullies are at risk for problems, too. Bullying is violence, and it often leads to more violent behavior as the bully grows up. It's estimated that 1 out of 4 elementary-school bullies will have a criminal record by the time they are 30. Some teen bullies end up losing friendships as they grow older. Bullies may also fail in school and not have the career success that other people enjoy.

F. Both guys and girls can be bullies. Many bullies share some common characteristics. They like to dominate others and are generally focused on themselves. They often have poor social skills and poor social judgment. Sometimes they have no feelings of sympathy or caring toward other people. They put other people down to make themselves feel more interesting or powerful. And some bullies act the way they do because they've been hurt by bullies in the past.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Текст	A	B	C	D	E	F
Вопрос						

Прочитайте текст. Определите, какие из приведённых утверждений **10–16** соответствуют содержанию текста (**1 – True**), какие не соответствуют (**2 – False**) и о чём в тексте не сказано, то есть на основании текста нельзя дать ни положительного, ни отрицательного ответа (**3 – Not stated**). В поле ответа запишите одну цифру, которая соответствует номеру выбранного вами ответа.

The Leaning Tower of Pisa

The good citizens of Pisa staunchly believe that the leaning tower will never fall. Originally built on poor foundations, the tower has withstood several mild earthquakes and extensive bombing in World War II. The Tuscan sun pouring daily onto the Piazza del Miracoli makes the stonework continually expand and contract, and still it stands.

In 1174, Bonnano Pisano, an Italian engineer, began to work on a bell tower for the cathedral in Pisa, Italy. When Pisano started, he had no idea the bell tower would become a famous tourist attraction and one of the most famous structures in the world. Nor did he guess it would be famous because of a mistake.

The tower was to be 56 metres high. The construction started and three stories were built. Then the tower began to lean. The soil beneath the tower was soft and the foundation was not strong enough to support its weight.

Pisano tried to correct this by making the new stories a bit taller on the short side, but the extra building materials caused the tower to lean still further. The construction was stopped for almost one hundred years.

In 1275, the construction began again. This time two stories were built out of the line with the others to alter the center of gravity. The tower was finally finished in the 14th century, but each year it leans about 2 millimeters. The bells were installed in the top in 1350, but they are no longer rung, for fear the vibrations might rattle the tower.

In World War II, when it was a Nazi observation post, the Allies considered knocking it out with an artillery strike. A US Army sergeant cancelled the strike, thus saving the tower for generations of tourists.

In 1934, the Italian government put concrete under the base to try to correct the leaning, but the leaning increased. Architects are still searching for a solution. They fear that one day their tower will lean too far and fall down.

10 The earthquakes were not strong enough to destroy the tower.

- 1) True 2) False 3) Not stated

ОТВЕТ:

11 Pisano knew that his bell would be a success because of a mistake.

- 1) True 2) False 3) Not stated

ОТВЕТ:

12 When Pisano built the tower 56 metres high, it began to lean.

- 1) True 2) False 3) Not stated

ОТВЕТ:

13 There were two reasons for the leaning of the tower.

- 1) True 2) False 3) Not stated

ОТВЕТ:

14 Pisano used other building materials to correct the leaning.

- 1) True 2) False 3) Not stated

ОТВЕТ:

15 The construction was halted because the city had no more money.

- 1) True 2) False 3) Not stated

ОТВЕТ:

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 26–31, так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию 26–31.

English Habits

In a nation of many millions there are many different kinds of people: good and bad, honest and _____, happy and unhappy.

26

HONEST

However, we can talk about some general things. The best-known quality of the English is that they are reserved. A reserved person is one who does not talk very much to unfamiliar people, never tells you anything about himself. If English people are making a journey by train, they will try to find an empty compartment. If they have to share the compartment

27

STRANGE

28

with a _____, they may travel without starting a _____ If they start talking, _____ questions

CONVERSE
PERSON

29

like 'How old are you?' or even 'What's your name?' are not easily asked. Questions like 'Where did you buy your watch?' or 'What is your salary?' are _____.

POSSIBLE

30

But the people of the North and West of Britain _____ the Welsh, are less reserved than those of the South and East.

ESPECIAL

31

По окончании выполнения заданий 17–31 не забудьте перенести свои ответы в БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 1! Запишите ответ справа от номера соответствующего задания, начиная с первой клеточки. При переносе ответов буквы записываются без пробелов, запятых и других дополнительных символов. Каждую букву пишите в отдельной клеточке в соответствии с приведёнными в бланке образцами.



Проверьте, чтобы каждый ответ был записан рядом с номером соответствующего задания.

Раздел 4. ЗАДАНИЕ ПО ПИСЬМУ

Для ответа на задание 32 используйте БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 2. При выполнении задания 32 особое внимание обратите на то, что ваши ответы будут оцениваться только по записям, сделанным на БЛАНКЕ ОТВЕТОВ № 2. Никакие записи черновика не будут учитываться экспертом. Обратите внимание также на необходимость соблюдения указанного объёма письма. Письмо недостаточного объёма, а также часть текста письма, превышающая требуемый объём, не оцениваются.

32

You have 30 minutes to do this task.

You have received a letter from your English-speaking pen friend, Max.

...Congratulate me, I have just won a local running competition! There were students from 10 schools. But I came the first. No wonder I like PE lessons so much. Next week I'll play football for my school.

And what about you? Do you ever take part in any sport competitions? Do you like your PE lessons? What do you do at them?

Write him a letter and answer his 3 questions.

Write 100–120 words. Remember the rules of letter writing.

ВАРИАНТ 7

Раздел 1. ЗАДАНИЯ ПО АУДИРОВАНИЮ

1

Вы два раза услышите четыре коротких диалога, обозначенных буквами А, В, С и D. Установите соответствие между диалогами и местами, где они происходят: к каждому диалогу подберите соответствующее место действия, обозначенное цифрами. Используйте каждое место действия из списка 1–5 **только один раз**. В задании есть одно **лишнее место действия**.

1. In a gym.
2. At the doctor's.
3. At a bus stop.
4. In a restaurant.
5. In a classroom.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Диалог	A	B	C	D
Ответ: Место действия				

2

Вы два раза услышите пять высказываний, обозначенных буквами А, В, С, D, E. Установите соответствие между высказываниями и утверждениями из следующего списка: к каждому высказыванию подберите соответствующее утверждение, обозначенное цифрами. Используйте каждое утверждение из списка 1–6 **только один раз**. В задании есть одно **лишнее утверждение**.

1. The speaker advises you to chew very quickly at midnight.
2. The speaker says that here New Year is never celebrated on the same day.
3. The speaker talks about special animal celebrations.
4. The speaker says that there people must be very choosy about their food.
5. The speaker says that in this country only merry people are believed to be lucky.
6. The speaker warns that there you will get wet through.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Ответ:	Говорящий	A	B	C	D	E
	Утверждение					

Вы услышите разговор двух подростков. В заданиях 3–8 в поле ответа запишите одну цифру, которая соответствует номеру правильного ответа. Вы услышите запись дважды.

3 Why didn't Frank come up to Dan to say hello?

- 1) He didn't see him.
- 2) He lost him in the crowd.
- 3) He didn't expect to see him.

Ответ:

4 What kind of a football match was it?

- 1) It was a game with an Italian team.
- 2) It was an international match.
- 3) It was just a game between local teams.

Ответ:

5 Why did Frank come to the match?

- 1) He brought his friends to see the match.
- 2) He hadn't seen football for a long time.
- 3) He wanted to see improvements at the stadium.

Ответ:

6 What does Dan dislike about the game?

- 1) The stadium hasn't changed much.
- 2) The tickets are too expensive.
- 3) The tickets cost much more than those to a concert.

Ответ:

7

Which of the friends goes to football matches more often?

- 1) They both go there every week.
- 2) Frank does.
- 3) Dan does.

Ответ:

8

Why is Frank disappointed by the game?

- 1) Neither of the teams won.
- 2) There were too few goals.
- 3) The local team lost.

Ответ:

По окончании выполнения заданий 1–8 не забудьте перенести свои ответы в БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 1! Запишите ответ справа от номера соответствующего задания, начиная с первой клеточки. При переносе ответов в заданиях 1 и 2 цифры записываются без пробелов, запятых и других дополнительных символов. Каждую цифру пишите в отдельной клеточке в соответствии с приведёнными в бланке образцами.

Раздел 2. ЗАДАНИЯ ПО ЧТЕНИЮ

9

Вы проводите информационный поиск в ходе выполнения проектной работы. Определите, в каком из текстов А–F содержатся ответы на интересующие вас вопросы 1–7. Один из вопросов останется без ответа. Занесите ваши ответы в таблицу.

1. How did marital laws change in the course of time?
2. What limits for teenagers exist in shopping centres?
3. Can teenagers take up any job they want?
4. What are the teens' rights in different countries?
5. Are the laws for teenagers the same in all countries?
6. Where can school dress-code be quite strict?
7. In what way do certain laws protect people's safety?

A. Laws affect our lives every day, but people have very different opinions about what should be legal and what should be illegal, depending on where they live. The same concerns the behavior of teenagers in certain situations. In some countries teens are absolutely forbidden to do things that are allowed in other countries.

B. Teens around the world hang out at malls. In some places, however, you might have to bring your mum along to get in in the future. In about ten states of the USA, the law says that after a certain hour people under 16 can't go to the mall without an adult. Shopkeepers complain that crowds of teenagers frighten away other customers. Teens also enjoy playing video games that feature a lot of fighting and killing. Be careful! In Illinois, USA, it is forbidden for anyone under 18 to buy games featuring violence.

C. The ancient Romans allowed girls to get married at 12 and boys at 14, without their parents' consent. In Scotland this law was applied until 1929, but not many people got married so young. In the Middle Ages, however, marriages at 12 or 13 were common, but life was harder and shorter then and people didn't live to be much older than 30. Today, in the UK and in Australia, you can get married at 16 with one parent's consent. At 18, you don't need your parents' consent.

D. Looking for your first job? Do you know at what age you are legally allowed to work? In the USA, it's 14 and in the UK, 13. However, if your parents own the business, you can work even when you're younger. In India, teens can work at 14, with no limits on the number of hours, but they can't work in dangerous industries like mines. In the USA, any teen under 16 operating machinery is breaking the law. But what about making some extra pocket money mowing the neighbours' lawns? Well, you should know that if you're under 16, it's illegal to operate a lawnmower.

E. There are lots of laws to protect people and keep them safe, but people don't necessarily agree on what is safe and what isn't. In Australia, New Zealand, Canada, Finland and in most states of the USA it is compulsory for cyclists of all ages to wear a helmet. In some states of the USA, only those 12 years and younger are required to wear one. However, in the UK, bicycle helmets are not compulsory. Many argue that helmets may not prevent injuries and that some teens may not take up cycling because of the way they look.

F. There can also be strict rules concerning wearing a school uniform. It might have a particular color of trousers or skirt, plus a matching shirt and perhaps a jacket or necktie, with matching socks and shoes. In some countries, like Germany, students can wear anything

they like when they go to school. In other countries, like England, there is usually a standard dress code in school, usually a set of dressing for girls and one for boys. In many countries, such as the United States, some schools require wearing a uniform, and some do not.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Текст	A	B	C	D	E	F
Вопрос						

Прочитайте текст. Определите, какие из приведённых утверждений **10–16** соответствуют содержанию текста (**1 – True**), какие не соответствуют (**2 – False**) и о чём в тексте не сказано, то есть на основании текста нельзя дать ни положительного, ни отрицательного ответа (**3 – Not stated**). В поле ответа запишите одну цифру, которая соответствует номеру выбранного вами ответа.

The Birth of the Seventh Art

Can you imagine life without films? Today, we can go to the cinema, watch films on TV or on our computers. We can even make video films ourselves.

But imagine the surprise and the shock that people felt when they saw the first films in 1895. There was no sound, no colour and the films were very short: they lasted from 60 to 90 seconds! Besides, they didn't tell a story. They were episodes of real life: a military parade, a running horse, a boxing match, the ocean...

One of the first films showed a train coming towards the camera. The audience panicked and ran away! The frightened people were sure that the train was coming into the theatre.

The early films were shown in music halls, theatres, cafes and even shops. Travelling projectionists brought the films to smaller cities and country towns.

The cinema became a new form of entertainment. It wasn't expensive and, at first, the audience consisted mainly of workers. The rich and intellectual classes ignored it.

Gradually films became longer and started to tell stories. As soon as it happened, they began to film the classics.

As the industry developed, it created a new phenomenon: the international star. World travel was still slow and difficult in those days, but millions of people in different countries could see the same actors and actresses at the cinema. Their faces, and later their voices, were familiar to people in the countries they never visited. It was an entirely new experience to see a 'star', someone to identify with and love from a distance.

The popularity of the cinema led to the first attacks against it. Church leaders condemned the new form. They thought that the cinema would steal souls and lead people away from religion. Indeed, early cinemas looked like temples, and people worshipped their favourite film stars.

The era of the talking film began in 1927 with the enormous success of Warner Brothers' *The Jazz Singer*. The film mostly told its story with titles, but it had three songs and a short dialogue. The silent film was dead within a year.

The introduction of colour was less revolutionary than the introduction of sound. The silent film soon disappeared, but the black-and-white films are made even today.

The most important aspect of the cinema was that, for the price of a ticket, people could dream for a few hours. A little boy could imagine he was a brave cowboy. A lonely girl could imagine she was Scarlett O'Hara in the arms of Rhett Butler.

Today, no one disputes cinema's place as the 'seventh art'. Cinema has produced as many great artists as literature, the theatre, and any of the other arts.

10 The first films were more often documentary ones.

1) True

2) False

3) Not stated

Ответ:

11 The first films were shown in specially built places.

1) True

2) False

3) Not stated

Ответ:

12 Educated people ignored the cinema because it was too expensive.

1) True

2) False

3) Not stated

Ответ:

A Letter to a Girlfriend

- 17 One day a young man was writing a letter to his girlfriend who _____ just a few miles away. LIVE
- 18 Among other _____ he was telling her how much he loved her and how wonderful she _____. Finally, THING
- 19 he wrote that in order to be with her he BE
- 20 _____ the greatest dangers anyone CAN
- 21 _____ imagine. In fact, to spend SHE
- 22 only one minute with _____ he was ready to climb the _____ mountain HIGH
- 23 in the world.
- 24 He finished the letter, signed his name and suddenly remembered that he _____ FORGET
- 25 to mention something important. So, he added, 'By the way, I'll come to see you on Wednesday – if it _____'. NOT RAIN

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 26–31, так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию 26–31.

Da Vinci

- 26 Most people know that Leonardo da Vinci was a great painter. However he was also a talented sculptor, musician, poet, _____, SCIENCE
- 27 architect and an engineer. Da Vinci was a great _____, too. INVENT
- 28 Some of his projects were _____. SUCCESS
- 29 For example, he drew a flying machine 400 years before the airplane was invented. He also designed an air _____, an alarm CONDITION
- clock, a reading lamp, a submarine and many other things. In all, da Vinci designed more than 1,000 inventions!

30

_____, he didn't have time to develop many of his ideas. He was always more interested in thinking about and planning projects than doing them. SAD

31

Da Vinci was also a very _____ man. Nobody knows much about his private life. What's more, he wrote backwards in his notebooks and it took time to read what he had written in them. MYSTERY

По окончании выполнения заданий 17–31 не забудьте перенести свои ответы в БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 1! Запишите ответ справа от номера соответствующего задания, начиная с первой клеточки. При переносе ответов буквы записываются без пробелов, запятых и других дополнительных символов. Каждую букву пишите в отдельной клеточке в соответствии с приведёнными в бланке образцами.



Проверьте, чтобы каждый ответ был записан рядом с номером соответствующего задания.

Раздел 4. ЗАДАНИЕ ПО ПИСЬМУ

Для ответа на задание 32 используйте БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 2. При выполнении задания 32 особое внимание обратите на то, что ваши ответы будут оцениваться только по записям, сделанным на БЛАНКЕ ОТВЕТОВ № 2. Никакие записи черновика не будут учитываться экспертом. Обратите внимание также на необходимость соблюдения указанного объёма письма. Письмо недостаточного объёма, а также часть текста письма, превышающая требуемый объём, не оцениваются.

32

You have 30 minutes to do this task.
You have received a letter from your English-speaking pen friend, Sam.

...Today is Friday. It's my favourite day when I start looking forward to a free weekend. I can get up later than usual and do whatever I want. This weekend I'll go roller-skating with my friends.

And what is your favourite day of the week? What do you do at weekends? With whom do you prefer to spend time then?

Write him a letter and answer his **3** questions.

Write **100–120** words. Remember the rules of letter writing.

ВАРИАНТ 8

Раздел 1. ЗАДАНИЯ ПО АУДИРОВАНИЮ

1

Вы два раза услышите четыре коротких диалога, обозначенных буквами А, В, С и D. Установите соответствие между диалогами и местами, где они происходят: к каждому диалогу подберите соответствующее место действия, обозначенное цифрами. Используйте каждое место действия из списка 1–5 **только один раз**. В задании есть одно **лишнее место действия**.

1. At the railway station.
2. In a restaurant.
3. In the cinema.
4. At the customs.
5. At a bus stop.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Диалог	A	B	C	D
Ответ: Место действия				

2

Вы два раза услышите пять высказываний, обозначенных буквами А, В, С, D, E. Установите соответствие между высказываниями и утверждениями из следующего списка: к каждому высказыванию подберите соответствующее утверждение, обозначенное цифрами. Используйте каждое утверждение из списка 1–6 **только один раз**. В задании есть **одно лишнее утверждение**.

1. The speaker talks about two different points of view.
2. The speaker gives his opinion of couch-potatoes.
3. The speaker talks about a useful tradition.
4. The speaker talks about online friendship.
5. The speaker is sure that you can do almost without TV.
6. The speaker thinks that they are real friends.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Ответ:	Говорящий	A	B	C	D	E
	Утверждение					

Вы услышите разговор двух подростков. В заданиях 3–8 в поле ответа запишите одну цифру, которая соответствует номеру правильного ответа. Вы услышите запись дважды.

3 Ann is upset because

- 1) she has quarreled with her mother.
- 2) her mother annoys her.
- 3) she feels sorry for her mother.

Ответ:

4 Ann doesn't want her mother

- 1) to tidy up her room.
- 2) to tell her what to do about her room.
- 3) to enter her room.

Ответ:

5 What does Ann admit?

- 1) That her room is not very tidy.
- 2) That her mother is fussy about some things.
- 3) That she expects her mother to clean her room.

Ответ:

6 What does Ann like to do with her clothes?

- 1) To put them away immediately.
- 2) To leave them as they are for some time.
- 3) To put them into the wardrobe.

Ответ:

7 What is Henry's problem?

- 1) He hasn't got a bedroom of his own.
- 2) He has to use his brother's wardrobe.
- 3) His brother shares his wardrobe and some of his clothes.

Ответ:

8 Why can't Henry change the situation?

- 1) His wardrobe is too large.
- 2) His parents can't afford another wardrobe.
- 3) His brother's room is too small for a wardrobe.

Ответ:

По окончании выполнения заданий 1–8 не забудьте перенести свои ответы в БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 1! Запишите ответ справа от номера соответствующего задания, начиная с первой клеточки. При переносе ответов в заданиях 1 и 2 цифры записываются без пробелов, запятых и других дополнительных символов. Каждую цифру пишите в отдельной клеточке в соответствии с приведёнными в бланке образцами.

Раздел 2. ЗАДАНИЯ ПО ЧТЕНИЮ

9

Вы проводите информационный поиск в ходе выполнения проектной работы. Определите, в каком из текстов A–F содержатся ответы на интересующие вас вопросы 1–7. Один из вопросов останется без ответа. Занесите ваши ответы в таблицу.

1. What animals are the best construction workers?
2. What are the main reasons for cooperation?
3. How do animals warn each other about danger?
4. How do certain species cooperate in getting food?
5. Why do certain animals go hunting in teams?
6. What animals are experts in showing the way to feeding places?
7. What animals are the cleverest in protecting themselves?

A. People work together for a simple reason – it makes difficult jobs easier. If you had to move a heavy piece of furniture from one room to another, would you do it all by yourself or find someone to help you? As you would probably agree, with a friend you can get the job done more quickly, and neither of you will be as tired afterwards. For similar reasons, animals also use teamwork. In animal groups, each individual works to help the group as a whole.

B. Some species have developed intelligent ways of gathering food. Coastal bottlenose dolphins have developed a unique way of catching fish which requires extraordinary teamwork. The dolphins follow a school of fish until they are near a bank. Then, they swim towards the fish creating a wave which pushes the fish out of the water and onto the bank. The dolphins end up half out of the water lying on the bank where they eat the helpless fish. In order for this to work, each dolphin must rush towards the bank at exactly the same time, otherwise the wave won't be strong enough. How they decide when to go and who gives the order is unknown, but a high level of communication definitely exists between them.

C. Animals can't talk but some species have developed ways of letting others know where food is. For example, if a bee finds nectar, it has two ways of informing its hive. It may create a trail with the scent of the nectar. When the other bees pick up the smell, they can follow it to the nectar. Or the bee may perform the 'waggle dance'. The other bees understand what this dance means, and then they work as a team to collect the nectar.

D. Hunting can be difficult and even dangerous for one animal. It also takes a lot of energy to chase and kill prey, which is wasted if the prey escapes. Hunting in packs helps make predators more efficient. A pack of wolves, for example, can kill a large animal such as a deer or moose, while one wolf can only kill a small animal. Wolf packs, which consist of two to twenty wolves, may surprise their prey or pursue it for hours before attacking. If there are several animals, the pack will choose the weakest one because it will take less effort to catch. In the end, the wolves share the meat with each other.

E. As well as food, animals need somewhere to live. Some animals simply move into the best place they can find, but others build a home for themselves. A particularly intelligent builder is the beaver. Beavers live by rivers and streams and build dams to create pools of deep water which help keep their homes safe. The whole colony about five to six members, co-operates to create the dam with trees they've cut down using their long, sharp front teeth, then

construct their home, which looks like a stick igloo, in side of the bank.

F. Animals also depend on each other to keep safe. For example, they might have a signal that lets the group know when a threat is nearby. When an ant is crushed it releases a scent called 'alarm pheromone' that signals the other ants to come to the crushed ant and attack the enemy. Larger animals may challenge an opponent using sounds and body language. Wolves, for example, will growl at anything that is threatening their pack, and get ready to attack. They also warn each other of danger by barking. Because their pack is so important to their survival, wolves will even risk their lives to defend it.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Текст	A	B	C	D	E	F
Вопрос						

Прочитайте текст. Определите, какие из приведённых утверждений **10–16** соответствуют содержанию текста (**1 – True**), какие не соответствуют (**2 – False**) и о чём в тексте не сказано, то есть на основании текста нельзя дать ни положительного, ни отрицательного ответа (**3 – Not stated**). В поле ответа запишите одну цифру, которая соответствует номеру выбранного вами ответа.

The Historic City of York

York is one of Britain's most historic cities. Once it was even the capital of a Viking kingdom!

The Vikings were known as brave warriors and excellent sailors. They travelled in their long ships to Iceland, Greenland and even to North America!

In 851, Viking invaders sailed up the Thames, attacked London and burnt it to the ground. In 866, they attacked the city of York but didn't burn it. They settled in it instead!

They built streets and houses and set up their businesses in York. Soon Jorvik (as the city was now called) became a big trading area and one of the most important Viking cities in Europe.

12 The Vikings sold goods from all over the world.

- 1) True 2) False 3) Not stated

ОТВЕТ:

13 Russia established trading connections with Viking Jorvik five hundred years ago.

- 1) True 2) False 3) Not stated

ОТВЕТ:

14 Viking smiths were very skilled.

- 1) True 2) False 3) Not stated

ОТВЕТ:

15 The Vikings started building special toilets.

- 1) True 2) False 3) Not stated

ОТВЕТ:

16 People from Northern European countries visit the Viking Festival in York.

- 1) True 2) False 3) Not stated

ОТВЕТ:

По окончании выполнения заданий 9–16 не забудьте перенести свои ответы в БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 1! Запишите ответ справа от номера соответствующего задания, начиная с первой клеточки. При переносе ответов на задание 9 цифры записываются без пробелов, запятых и других дополнительных символов. Каждую цифру пишите в отдельной клеточке в соответствии с приведёнными в бланке образцами.

Раздел 3. ЗАДАНИЯ ПО ГРАММАТИКЕ И ЛЕКСИКЕ

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 17–25, так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию 17–25.

I'm a Writer!

- 17 _____ . They would like to be writers. STORY
- 18 Then they send _____ to magazines. THEY
- 19 When the magazines _____ to publish their works, these people become angry. NOT WANT
- 20 A lady once _____ a long story. She WRITE
sent it to a famous editor. After a few weeks
- 21 the story _____ to her. The lady was RETURN
angry. That was her letter to the editor:
'Dear Sir: Yesterday you sent back my story. How do you know that the story
- 22 _____ good? You did not read it. NOT BE
- 23 Before I sent you the story, I _____ PASTE
together pages 18, 19 and 20. This was a test to
- 24 see if you _____ the story. When the READ
story came back yesterday, the pages were still
pasted together. Do you read all the stories that
- 25 _____ to you in such a way?' SEND
The editor answered: 'Dear Madam: At breakfast when I open an egg I don't have to eat all the egg to understand that it is bad.'

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 26–31, так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию 26–31.

Sleepy Teens

- 26 Sleep studies show that most teenagers don't get enough sleep and _____ go to school feeling tired. The problem with the poor sleep is how you feel when you are not sleeping – sleepy, irritated or _____. Sleepiness makes it difficult to concentrate and to learn, and sleepy students often get bad marks. And it's not only about the process of getting _____
- 27 _____ Studies show that teens who don't get enough sleep have problems getting along with members of the family at home and their classmates at school. They are more likely to have family fights and bad headaches. Sleepy teens who drive cars may cause serious, even _____ accidents.
- 28 _____ say that teens are programmed to go to sleep later and wake up later than other age groups. But many schools start classes early. Some American schools, for example, start classes at seven o'clock.
- 29 _____ Experts think that teens need more hormones for their normal _____ and such types of hormones are made during sleep. What can schools do? Maybe schools should start classes later in the morning.
- USUAL
- MOOD
- EDUCATE
- DEAD
- SCIENCE
- GROW

По окончании выполнения заданий 17–31 не забудьте перенести свои ответы в БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 1! Запишите ответ справа от номера соответствующего задания, начиная с первой клеточки. При переносе ответов буквы записываются без пробелов, запятых и других дополнительных символов. Каждую букву пишите в отдельной клеточке в соответствии с приведёнными в бланке образцами.



Проверьте, чтобы каждый ответ был записан рядом с номером соответствующего задания.

Раздел 4. ЗАДАНИЕ ПО ПИСЬМУ

Для ответа на задание 32 используйте БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 2. При выполнении задания 32 особое внимание обратите на то, что ваши ответы будут оцениваться только по записям, сделанным на БЛАНКЕ ОТВЕТОВ № 2. Никакие записи черновика не будут учитываться экспертом. Обратите внимание также на необходимость соблюдения указанного объёма письма. Письмо недостаточного объёма, а также часть текста письма, превышающая требуемый объём, не оцениваются.

32

You have 30 minutes to do this task.

You have received a letter from your English-speaking pen friend, Polly.

...I'm writing to you after our traditional Sunday dinner, when the whole family gets together, including my granddad and two grannies. I can't say that I'm very excited, but mum cooks very tasty food – chicken or roastbeef with salad, and one of my grannies brings an absolutely delicious apple pie.

Do you have traditional family Sunday dinners? What do you eat on Sundays? What do you think of such a tradition?

Write her a letter and answer her 3 questions.

Write 100–120 words. Remember the rules of letter writing.

ВАРИАНТ 9

Раздел 1. ЗАДАНИЯ ПО АУДИРОВАНИЮ

1

Вы два раза услышите четыре коротких диалога, обозначенных буквами А, В, С и D. Установите соответствие между диалогами и местами, где они происходят: к каждому диалогу подберите соответствующее место действия, обозначенное цифрами. Используйте каждое место действия из списка 1–5 **только один раз**. В задании есть одно **лишнее место действия**.

1. At school.
2. At the airport.
3. In a planetarium.
4. At home.
5. In the street.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Диалог	A	B	C	D
Ответ: Место действия				

2

Вы два раза услышите пять высказываний, обозначенных буквами А, В, С, D, E. Установите соответствие между высказываниями и утверждениями из следующего списка: к каждому высказыванию подберите соответствующее утверждение, обозначенное цифрами. Используйте каждое утверждение из списка 1–6 **только один раз**. В задании есть одно **лишнее утверждение**.

1. The speaker is sure that technology could help.
2. The speaker talks about extreme sports.
3. The speaker says that sometimes he has to use his sport abilities.
4. The speaker feels proud of his success.
5. The speaker admits that his preferences have changed.
6. The speaker compares two kinds of sport.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Ответ:	Говорящий	A	B	C	D	E
	Утверждение					

Вы услышите разговор двух подростков. В заданиях 3–8 в поле ответа запишите одну цифру, которая соответствует номеру правильного ответа. Вы услышите запись дважды.

3 Paul is worried because

- 1) he is not good at swimming.
- 2) he hasn't had enough practice recently.
- 3) he has been injured.

Ответ:

4 When do they have to be at the competition?

- 1) At 6:15.
- 2) At six sharp.
- 3) At 5:30.

Ответ:

5 Is Jane upset that her father won't come to watch her?

- 1) No, because he makes her feel embarrassed.
- 2) No, because he doesn't show any interest.
- 3) Yes, because she likes him to show his interest.

Ответ:

6 Why won't Paul's mother come to watch the competition?

- 1) Because she is looking for another job.
- 2) Because she works late in the evening.
- 3) Because she isn't interested in sport.

Ответ:

7

Why does Paul's father usually come to watch his son?

- 1) He is eager to support him.
- 2) He used to swim himself.
- 3) He is interested in sport in general.

Ответ:

8

What does Jane think of practicing both swimming and football.

- 1) She is absolutely against it.
- 2) She prefers playing football for pleasure.
- 3) She is very serious about both kinds of sport.

Ответ:

По окончании выполнения заданий 1–8 не забудьте перенести свои ответы в БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 1! Запишите ответ справа от номера соответствующего задания, начиная с первой клеточки. При переносе ответов в заданиях 1 и 2 цифры записываются без пробелов, запятых и других дополнительных символов. Каждую цифру пишите в отдельной клеточке в соответствии с приведёнными в бланке образцами.

Раздел 2. ЗАДАНИЯ ПО ЧТЕНИЮ

9

Вы проводите информационный поиск в ходе выполнения проектной работы. Определите, в каком из текстов А–F содержатся ответы на интересующие вас вопросы 1–7. Один из вопросов останется без ответа. Занесите ваши ответы в таблицу.

1. What can theatre-goers see in Covent Garden?
2. What can you find in Covent Garden?
3. What was the history of Covent Garden?
4. Why were Londoners surprised to see Covent Garden change its look?
5. Who is the owner of London's oldest theatre?
6. Who didn't like the changes in Covent Garden?
7. What does modern Covent Garden look like?

A. Covent Garden is one of the most popular places in London. Almost one million people visit it every week, from all parts of the world! Although it's called Covent Garden, it isn't a garden at all. It's a public square with rich history, beautiful architecture and a unique cultural atmosphere. There are open-air cafes and restaurants, theatres and museums, shops and street artists.

B. In the Middle Ages, Covent Garden was a vegetable field. It gave food to the nuns of the nearby convent of St Peter. In 1540, King Henry VIII (the one who had 6 wives) took away the lands of the monasteries and convents. He used the field to train his falcons. The King soon got tired of this and the land was given to the first Earl of Bedford. In 1632, the 4th Earl of Bedford asked Inigo Jones to build a fashionable district there.

C. Inigo Jones was the most important architect of that time. He liked Italian cities, was very much influenced by their beauty and had spent a lot of time studying them. So he created an Italian-style square. The square was surrounded by arcaded buildings and dominated by the Church of St Paul. It became the first public square in the country. Londoners, used to narrow winding streets were shocked.

D. The architect wanted the new square to be a public one – and it became such a place. But this actually led to its fall. There were a lot of rich people who lived in the houses around the square. They soon began to get tired of all sorts of London criminal world under their windows. Also, they didn't like the fruit and vegetable market which had just appeared in the square. When the private Bloomsbury Square and others were built (with special protection from outsiders), the rich went there instead.'

E. Today Covent Garden is a popular entertainment and shopping site where there is something for everyone: history, architecture, music, shopping, street theatre and coffee. And there are lots and lots of street performers – musicians, jugglers, mime artists, magicians and fire eaters. It's also a nice place to walk around because there is no traffic. There is always a chance to see well-known actors and musicians walking around. Polite British people try to give them some space and avoid asking for autographs.

F. Covent Garden is home to many theatres. The Royal Opera House, often called simply 'Covent Garden', shows performances given by the Royal Opera and the Royal Ballet. Operas are performed in their original languages! The Theatre Royal, known as 'Drury Lane', is the oldest theatre in London. If you buy a ticket you may get more than you think! 200 years ago actors found a secret room here. In the room there was a skeleton with a knife in it. Since then

many people have seen the ghost. Drury Lane has been called one of the world's most haunted theatres. Today, Drury Lane belongs to Andrew Lloyd Webber, the composer who wrote famous musicals *Jesus Christ Superstar*, *Cats*, *the Phantom of the Opera* and many others.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Текст	A	B	C	D	E	F
Вопрос						

Прочитайте текст. Определите, какие из приведённых утверждений **10–16** соответствуют содержанию текста (**1 – True**), какие не соответствуют (**2 – False**) и о чём в тексте не сказано, то есть на основании текста нельзя дать ни положительного, ни отрицательного ответа (**3 – Not stated**). В поле ответа запишите одну цифру, которая соответствует номеру выбранного вами ответа.

Animal World in Danger

Some animals and plants, such as houseflies and daisies, are very common. They are in no danger of becoming extinct, or dying out. But other species, or types, of animals and plants are very rare. There may be only a few of them left in the world. Such species are said to be endangered—in danger of disappearing forever.

Certain animals and plants have died out and new ones have appeared ever since life began on Earth. This is a natural part of evolution. Sometimes an endangered species has been able to build up its numbers again and become common. At other times the endangered species has become extinct. Probably the best-known animals to become extinct by natural causes are the dinosaurs, which died out about 65 million years ago.

Today far more species are endangered than ever before. In the early 21st century more than 4,600 species of animals and plants were listed as endangered all over the world. Many more are considered vulnerable, or likely to become endangered.

What's His Life Worth?

- 17 Robert Burns loved people and wrote about _____.
- 18 One day when he _____ near the sea, _____
- 19 he suddenly _____ a cry for help. He _____
- 20 ran to that place. At that time a sailor jumped _____
- 21 off a boat and began to swim towards the man _____
- 22 who _____ for help and saved him. _____
- 23 The man who _____ was a rich _____
- 24 merchant. When he came to _____ he _____
- 25 thanked the brave sailor and gave him a shilling. _____
- By this time a lot of people were standing round them. They called the sailor a hero and protested loudly when the rich man gave him only a shilling. But Burns _____
- 23 them and said, ' _____! The _____
- 24 gentleman knows better of course what his life _____
- 25 _____ worth.'

THEY

WALK

HEAR

CALL

SAVE

HE

STOP

NOT CRY

BE

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 26–31, так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию 26–31.

The Man in the Iron Mask

- 26 He didn't wear an _____ iron mask but _____
- 27 he wore one made of cloth. For thirty-five years _____
- _____ this man was kept in prison. To this day nobody _____
- _____ knows who the man was. He was put in prison _____
- _____ by the king of France who refused to answer _____
- _____ any questions about why the _____ PRISON
- _____ was there or who he was.

28

When the famous author Alexander Dumas heard about that _____ person, he used him as the basis of his popular book 'The Man in the Iron Mask'. To make the story even more tragic, Duma changed the cloth mask which the mem _____ wore into the iron one. The real man was put in prison when he was no more than twenty-two. He was told by his _____ guards that if he said one word about who he was, he would be killed. So, he was allowed to speak only about his health and food.

MYSTERY

29

According to some records, the man was kind, _____ and never complained. When he died in prison, he was buried under a false name.

ACTUAL

30

HEART

31

PATIENCE

По окончании выполнения заданий 17–31 не забудьте перенести свои ответы в БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 1! Запишите ответ справа от номера соответствующего задания, начиная с первой клеточки. При переносе ответов буквы записываются без пробелов, запятых и других дополнительных символов. Каждую букву пишите в отдельной клеточке в соответствии с приведёнными в бланке образцами.



Проверьте, чтобы каждый ответ был записан рядом с номером соответствующего задания.

Раздел 4. ЗАДАНИЕ ПО ПИСЬМУ

Для ответа на задание 32 используйте БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 2. При выполнении задания 32 особое внимание обратите на то, что ваши ответы будут оцениваться только по записям, сделанным на БЛАНКЕ ОТВЕТОВ № 2. Никакие записи черновика не будут учитываться экспертом. Обратите внимание также на необходимость соблюдения указанного объёма письма. Письмо недостаточного объёма, а также часть текста письма, превышающая требуемый объём, не оцениваются.

32

You have **30** minutes to do this task.

You have received a letter from your English-speaking pen friend, Bill.

...Yesterday I had a great quarrel with my mum, because I returned from my friend's birthday party about 11 p.m. My parents think that by 10 o'clock I should be in bed. I'm afraid, they don't understand that I'm not a child any more.

Do your parents let you go out late in the evening? When do you usually have to go to bed? Are you allowed to watch TV after ten o'clock?

Write him a letter and answer his **3** questions.

Write **100–120** words. Remember the rules of letter writing.

ВАРИАНТ 10

Раздел 1. ЗАДАНИЯ ПО АУДИРОВАНИЮ

1

Вы два раза услышите четыре коротких диалога, обозначенных буквами А, В, С и D. Установите соответствие между диалогами и местами, где они происходят: к каждому диалогу подберите соответствующее место действия, обозначенное цифрами. Используйте каждое место действия из списка 1–5 **только один раз**. В задании есть одно **лишнее место действия**.

1. In a museum.
2. At home.
3. At a festival.
4. In the garden.
5. On board a plane.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Диалог	A	B	C	D
Ответ: Место действия				

2

Вы два раза услышите пять высказываний, обозначенных буквами А, В, С, D, E. Установите соответствие между высказываниями и утверждениями из следующего списка: к каждому высказыванию подберите соответствующее утверждение, обозначенное цифрами. Используйте каждое утверждение из списка 1–6 **только один раз**. В задании есть **одно лишнее утверждение**.

1. The speaker talks about the importance of communicating.
2. The speaker talks about the solution of a problem.
3. The speaker describes his / her house.
4. The speaker admits missing old connections.
5. The speaker is quite pleased with the place.
6. The speaker talks about the lack of understanding.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Ответ:	Говоря- щий	A	B	C	D	E
	Утверж- дение					

Вы услышите разговор двух подростков. В заданиях 3–8 в поле ответа запишите одну цифру, которая соответствует номеру правильного ответа. Вы услышите запись дважды.

3 Ann spends too much time on front of the computer because

- 1) she looks for too much information.
- 2) she is distracted by unnecessary information.
- 3) she finds it fascinating.

Ответ:

4 Why doesn't Ann go in chat rooms?

- 1) She doesn't trust them.
- 2) She doesn't know the people there.
- 3) She is afraid they are too personal.

Ответ:

5 What does Dan think of chat rooms?

- 1) That they can be trusted.
- 2) That it's necessary not to lose one's common sense there.
- 3) That they are an ideal form of communication.

Ответ:

6 What does Dan especially like about the Internet?

- 1) Chatting with friends every day.
- 2) Downloading music.
- 3) Playing online.

Ответ:

7

What does Ann think of his hobby?

- 1) That it's rather risky.
- 2) That it's both boring and dangerous for health.
- 3) That it takes too much time.

Ответ:

8

What kind of a deal do they have in the end?

- 1) To go to the cinema instead of spending too much time in front of the screen.
- 2) To save more time for their hobbies.
- 3) To meet in the evening.

Ответ:

По окончании выполнения заданий 1–8 не забудьте перенести свои ответы в БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 1! Запишите ответ справа от номера соответствующего задания, начиная с первой клеточки. При переносе ответов в заданиях 1 и 2 цифры записываются без пробелов, запятых и других дополнительных символов. Каждую цифру пишите в отдельной клеточке в соответствии с приведёнными в бланке образцами.

Раздел 2. ЗАДАНИЯ ПО ЧТЕНИЮ

9

Вы проводите информационный поиск в ходе выполнения проектной работы. Определите, в каком из текстов А–F содержатся ответы на интересующие вас вопросы 1–7. Один из вопросов останется без ответа. Занесите ваши ответы в таблицу.

1. Why are walking safari trips dangerous?
2. Are safari trips available for people who care about nature?
3. Why do more people prefer watching animals in their safari trips?
4. What is the history of eco-tourism?
5. Where can you find the most exciting safari trips?
6. Where can people take safari trips?
7. Should you take heavy luggage on a safari trip?

A. A safari is a trip on land, usually in jungle or savanna environments, which is engaged in for the purpose of viewing or hunting animals. Most often, the modern safari involves viewing, photographing, and experiencing animals in their natural habitats. With greater laws for the preservation of many animal species, fewer people undertake a safari to hunt animals.

B. Safari is a Swahili word, which originally derives from the Arabic word for travel, *safara*. Most associate the idea of going on safari with Africa, but actually there are many safari destinations throughout the world. For example, one can take safari trips in India, Australia, Antarctica, Alaska, Brazil or Peru. Essentially any place where one can observe animals in their true habitats can be a safari destination.

C. Some safari trips are done mostly by motor transport. It may simply be too dangerous to be walking around lions, tigers, and bears, or other possibly deadly animals. It can also be dangerous to the animals to closely interact with humans. Watching animals from the security of a vehicle allows one to come more closely to the animals with less danger to both animals and humans.

D. A safari, meaning the actual tour to see or hunt animals, can last anywhere from two days to two weeks. One might also spend part of this time traveling by air or bus to several locations in order to see the best sights. A single safari could involve camping or staying in a lot of locations, which makes packing light a good idea, particularly on the more budget oriented safaris.

E. Though Africa has the largest number of safari offerings, those in Australia, Asia and South America often can be equally exciting. Many are constructed on the same principals as African safaris, with lodges or semi-permanent camps based near wildlife reservations. In places like Alaska, one can also take one-day tours to view grizzly and polar bears in their native environment. These tend to be offered together with cruises to Alaska.

F. An eco adventure is a trip that combines adventurous activities and means of travel with environmentally responsible methods. The destinations and activities vary widely and can include canoeing on the Amazon River, hiking in a tropical rainforest or a safari in Africa. Destinations are typically remote and travellers need to have a good guide with them. Ideally, an eco adventure either leaves no trace of human activity behind or contributes towards environmental conservation.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Текст	A	B	C	D	E	F
Вопрос						

Прочитайте текст. Определите, какие из приведённых утверждений **10–16** соответствуют содержанию текста (**1 – True**), какие не соответствуют (**2 – False**) и о чём в тексте не сказано, то есть на основании текста нельзя дать ни положительного, ни отрицательного ответа (**3 – Not stated**). В поле ответа запишите одну цифру, которая соответствует номеру выбранного вами ответа.

The Amish People

Imagine the world without telephones or television, without cars or electricity. There is no industry. Everyone works on farms and travels by horse or on foot. Where do you think this world is? Europe in the 17th century? In fact, it is America in the beginning of the 21st century. It is the world of the Amish people.

A conservative Christian group, the Amish live a simple lifestyle that is an expression of their religious beliefs. Amish people began migrating to North America from Europe in the early 1700s. It was estimated that at the beginning of the 21st century there were about 100,000 Amish living in North America.

Amish people reject most aspects of modern life. They do not usually use telephones, electricity, radios, televisions, or automobiles. Horses and buggies provide transportation. Many Amish are excellent farmers who do not use power machinery. Other common occupations are carpentry and blacksmithing. Amish women are known for producing beautifully handcrafted quilts.

Amish clothing is simple. Men have long beards, but no mustaches. They wear wide-brimmed black or straw hats, dark trousers, and plain shirts. Amish women wear their uncut hair in buns. They also wear bonnets, ankle-length dresses, and capes or shawls.

Children attend one-room schools in their communities. Their formal education goes only through the eighth grade. In 1972, the US Supreme Court passed a law recognizing the right of Amish people to limit their education to the eighth grade. Amish boys and girls learn an occupation by helping their parents in the field, house, or workshop.

The Amish have a policy of not getting involved in the military. However, Amish people have served in the military during times of war, usually in alternate duties such as in hospitals.

- 19 A survey showed that on the average a person tells 200 lies a day! _____ of these are white lies, of course. They are forgivable because they often _____ for the sake of fact. MANY
- 20 There are situations in which it's necessary to lie to be polite. If you _____ to hurt someone, you will invent a reason for not accepting an invitation to a party. Saying goodbye, you usually add, 'Have a good time', though actually you seldom wish it because you never _____ that person. NOT WANT
- 21 If your aunt gives you a present, whether you like it or not, you must say, 'How lovely!' just not to hurt _____. LIKE
- 22 And the list of such _____ can be continued. SHE
- 23 White lies don't do any harm and even make relations _____. CASE
- 24 _____ EASY

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 26–31, так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию 26–31.

Extreme Hairstyles

- Not so long ago, extreme hairstyles could shock people and even make them angry. When the Beatles became famous in the 1960s, older people found their long, _____ hair very disturbing. Long hair on men was soon seen as a sign of _____. TIDY
- 26 The hippies of the same era expressed their _____ with the rules and customs of the time by growing their hair even longer. Then, just when people were getting used to long hair, the punks came along, with their spiky hair or _____ heads. REBEL
- 27 _____ SATISFY
- 28 _____ SHAVE
- 29

30

Today, people don't follow fashions as _____ as they did in previous times. CLOSE

31

Almost anything goes! Short hair, long hair, even no hair, are all _____ . ACCEPT

По окончании выполнения заданий 17–31 не забудьте перенести свои ответы в БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 1! Запишите ответ справа от номера соответствующего задания, начиная с первой клеточки. При переносе ответов буквы записываются без пробелов, запятых и других дополнительных символов. Каждую букву пишите в отдельной клеточке в соответствии с приведёнными в бланке образцами.



Проверьте, чтобы каждый ответ был записан рядом с номером соответствующего задания.

Раздел 4. ЗАДАНИЕ ПО ПИСЬМУ

Для ответа на задание 32 используйте БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 2. При выполнении задания 32 особое внимание обратите на то, что ваши ответы будут оцениваться только по записям, сделанным на БЛАНКЕ ОТВЕТОВ № 2. Никакие записи черновика не будут учитываться экспертом. Обратите внимание также на необходимость соблюдения указанного объёма письма. Письмо недостаточного объёма, а также часть текста письма, превышающая требуемый объём, не оцениваются.

32

You have 30 minutes to do this task.
You have received a letter from your English-speaking pen friend, Jane.

... The school year is coming to the end and I think more and more about summer holidays. This summer my uncle is going to take me to his farm and give me horse-riding lessons if I help him in the stable. So, I'm looking forward to it.

Where are you going to spend your summer holidays? Do you prefer active or passive holidays? What are your favourite activities then?

Write her a letter and answer her 3 questions.

Write 100–120 words. Remember the rules of letter writing.

ВАРИАНТ 11 (КОНТРОЛЬНЫЙ)

Раздел 1. ЗАДАНИЯ ПО АУДИРОВАНИЮ

1

Вы два раза услышите четыре коротких диалога, обозначенных буквами А, В, С и D. Установите соответствие между диалогами и местами, где они происходят: к каждому диалогу подберите соответствующее место действия, обозначенное цифрами. Используйте каждое место действия из списка 1–5 **только один раз**. В задании есть одно **лишнее место действия**.

1. At a repair shop.
2. At a restaurant.
3. At a hotel.
4. At the airport.
5. In a shop.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Ответ:

Диалог	A	B	C	D
Место действия				

2

Вы два раза услышите пять высказываний, обозначенных буквами А, В, С, D, E. Установите соответствие между высказываниями и утверждениями из следующего списка: к каждому высказыванию подберите соответствующее утверждение, обозначенное цифрами. Используйте каждое утверждение из списка 1–6 **только один раз**. В задании есть **одно лишнее утверждение**.

1. The speaker wants to be humanistic.
2. The speaker talks about the multifunctional use of foodstuffs.
3. The speaker doesn't care about fitness.
4. The speaker talks about healthy food.
5. The speaker talks about tendencies of national cuisines.
6. The speaker warns people to be careful.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Ответ:

Говорящий	A	B	C	D	E
Утверждение					

Вы услышите разговор двух подростков. В заданиях 3–8 в поле ответа запишите одну цифру, которая соответствует номеру правильного ответа. Вы услышите запись дважды.

3 Rick is glad to have a TV set in his room because

- 1) his little brother wants to watch cartoons all the time.
- 2) he doesn't like watching TV in the living room.
- 3) there are no more arguments about watching TV.

Ответ:

4 Does Vicky mind watching TV in the living room?

- 1) Yes, because everybody is talking there.
- 2) No, because she likes talking while watching the programmes.
- 3) No, unless she can choose to watch what she wants.

Ответ:

5 Why doesn't Vicky have a TV set of her own?

- 1) They can't afford it.
- 2) She has got a bike instead.
- 3) Her mother objects to it.

Ответ:

6 What did Rick promise his parents?

- 1) Not to watch TV after ten o'clock.
- 2) To turn TV off late at night.
- 3) Not to be too tired for school.

Ответ:

7 What does Vicky think the real reason is for her mother objecting to a TV set?

- 1) Her mum wants to control her activities.
- 2) Her mum wants her to do her homework.
- 3) Her mum doesn't want her to watch TV.

Ответ:

8

Why does Vicky think Rick is lucky?

- 1) They don't say he is a child.
- 2) They bought a TV set for him.
- 3) They don't interfere much with what he is doing.

Ответ:

По окончании выполнения заданий 1–8 не забудьте перенести свои ответы в БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 1! Запишите ответ справа от номера соответствующего задания, начиная с первой клеточки. При переносе ответов в заданиях 1 и 2 цифры записываются без пробелов, запятых и других дополнительных символов. Каждую цифру пишите в отдельной клеточке в соответствии с приведёнными в бланке образцами.

Раздел 2. ЗАДАНИЯ ПО ЧТЕНИЮ

9

Вы проводите информационный поиск в ходе выполнения проектной работы. Определите, в каком из текстов А–F содержатся ответы на интересующие вас вопросы 1–7. Один из вопросов останется без ответа. Занесите ваши ответы в таблицу.

1. What kinds of body art are not extreme anymore?
2. What was both fashionable and protective?
3. Why could sunglasses do harm?
4. What were the ways to protest?
5. What can you wear any way you like?
6. What item of clothes is it possible to wear anywhere and anytime?
7. What footwear is good for any activity?

A. They hide baldness and bad haircuts. They're 'one size fits all' and they look good on anybody. They are baseball caps. They appeared in the USA and became the fashion accessory during the sports-crazy 90s. But you don't have to be a sports fan to wear a baseball cap. All kinds of people wear them – from truck drivers to film stars to housewives. Rappers wear them sideways. School boys wear them backwards. It doesn't matter whether you wear them forwards,

backwards or sideways. The most important thing is that baseball caps look cool. They are worn by people of all ages and lifestyles. And still they are as American as hot dogs and apple pie!

B. Nike trainers first appeared at the 1972 Olympics and quickly became № 1 footwear all over the world and not only in the world of sports, though they had to change a lot. During the 90s, the simple trainer was updated with extra-thick soles. Dance music fans needed comfortable shoes for all-night dancing, but traditional trainers weren't fashionable enough. The new thick-soled trainers were both comfortable and cool. For years we've been told that we can run faster, jump higher and play better with the right trainers. But these days most people who wear trainers are more interested in fashion than sport. Serious trainer fans may have twenty or thirty pairs.

C. It's hard to believe that the T-shirt was once just a plain white undergarment. In the early 1900s, they were worn by sailors in the American navy under the uniforms. Over the next few decades more people began to wear them, but it was Hollywood that made the T-shirt such a popular thing to wear. In 1951, film audiences were shocked and impressed by the sight of Marlon Brando's muscles under his tight T-shirt in *A Streetcar Named Desire*. Then, when James Dean wore a T-shirt in the 1955 film *Rebel Without a Cause*, T-shirts suddenly became very cool. Young people across America started wearing T-shirts as a symbol of their own rebellious feelings. Of course, there's nothing rebellious about wearing a T-shirt now. People of all ages and from all walks of life wear them. And these days it is OK to wear a T-shirt almost anywhere and anytime.

D. Early film actors started wearing sunglasses not because they were glamorous, but because their eyes hurt. The lights used on film sets were extremely bright and could be harmful for their eyes. But when film stars began wearing their sunglasses in public, they quickly became a must-have fashion accessory. Of course sunglasses aren't just a fashion statement. The main reason for wearing sunglasses is still to protect your eyes against UV radiation. But you don't have to sacrifice style for safety. The choice of frames and lenses available these days is huge. So you can protect your eyes and still be the coolest person on the beach.

E. Fashion has always been a controversial issue. Young people express themselves through fashion, and extreme fashion is a way to rebel. In the 1960s young people started wearing miniskirts, bell-bottomed pants and flower patterns. Many young people became hippies, and parents despaired when their teenage sons grew their hair long. Then came the decade of glamorous fashion with gold and silver pants. Disco-goers wore high-heeled shoes and boots that were almost

impossible to walk in. Punk rock also raised its ugly head during the 70s. Punks had crazy Mohawk haircuts and wore dirty clothes with holes in them. They attached pins to their clothes and even inserted them through their cheeks and eyebrows. Punks really knew how to rebel. Now that we've entered the 21st century, you can wear whatever you like!

F. People have different reasons for covering themselves with tattoos, piercings, and other kinds of body art. Some do it because they want to be different. Others want to be part of the current fashion. Ten years ago, in the West, only motorcycle riders and sailors had tattoos, and people usually only pierced their earlobes. Today tattooing is very popular, especially amongst the young. People are piercing just about any area of skin that can have a hole put in it. Ears are pierced from top to bottom, and rings and pins are inserted into lips, chins, noses, eyebrows, navels and even tongues. Small tattoos have become almost normal. During working hours they stay hidden on shoulders, upper arms, hips and ankles, waiting to be shown at a nightclub or a party.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

Текст	A	B	C	D	E	F
Вопрос						

Прочитайте текст. Определите, какие из приведённых утверждений **10–16** соответствуют содержанию текста (**1 – True**), какие не соответствуют (**2 – False**) и о чём в тексте не сказано, то есть на основании текста нельзя дать ни положительного, ни отрицательного ответа (**3 – Not stated**). В поле ответа запишите одну цифру, которая соответствует номеру выбранного вами ответа.

Four Great Voyages

Columbus lived in the perfect place at the perfect time for the role he was destined to play in history. He was born in 1451 in Genoa. As a boy, Columbus helped his father in his wool-weaving business. His father soon pushed him into a business career. At the age of 14, Christopher began sailing on trading ships in the Mediterranean. When he was 25 years old, on his first voyage in the Atlantic Ocean, off the coast of Portugal, his ship was attacked by pirates. The ship sank, but Columbus held onto a floating oar until he reached the Portuguese shore.

For his first great voyage, Columbus had three ships: the *Nina*, the *Pinta*, and the *Santa Maria*. The entire crew of all three ships numbered about 90. The ships sailed from the Canary Islands on September 6, 1492. Weeks went by, and the sailors became frightened. They begged Columbus to turn back; there were even whispers of mutiny. Columbus wrote in his journal, 'I comforted them with great promises of land and riches. On October 10, Columbus and his crew agreed to sail on for 3 more days and then turn around if no land was seen.

Two days later, at night, the sailors saw light in the darkness and then white sand shining in the moonlight. Columbus's ships were approaching an island in the Bahamas, an island that Columbus named San Salvador.

When dawn came, Columbus and some of his men came ashore in small boats. They placed a Spanish flag in the ground and declared the island a Spanish territory. They were greeted by timid but friendly people who wore no clothes. Because Columbus thought he had landed on an island in the Indies near Japan or China, he called these natives *Indians*.

The three ships spent a few days at San Salvador and then sailed on to Cuba and Hispaniola (where Haiti and the Dominican Republic are now located). There the *Santa Maria* was wrecked. Columbus built a fort on the island and left 39 men there, then the *Nina* and *Pinta* set sail for Spain. They took with them some of their findings – trinkets, plants, birds... and several New World natives. The voyage home was extremely rough, and some of the Indians died. On March 15, Columbus's ships arrived safely in Spain.

After his first voyage, Columbus was showered with honours. He was now to be titled 'Don' and he had the right to sit in the presence of the king and queen. For his second expedition, he was given 17 ships and about 1,500 men.

Columbus made one more voyage from Spain to West Indies and that time he finally reached the mainland of South America. But his colony was in trouble. The Spanish colonists had expected to find gold and riches. Instead, they found hard work, unhealthy climate and constant danger.

Columbus died in 1506 and was buried in Seville. Even after his death he continued to travel. In 1542, his bones were shipped to Santo Domingo to rest with honour in the cathedral. Then his remains were moved to Havana and in 1899 again to Seville. But were they? Some say that the wrong bones were moved from Santo Domingo and that the Admiral still rests on his beloved island of Hispaniola.

По окончании выполнения заданий 9–16 не забудьте перенести свои ответы в БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 1! Запишите ответ справа от номера соответствующего задания, начиная с первой клеточки. При переносе ответов на задание 9 цифры записываются без пробелов, запятых и других дополнительных символов. Каждую цифру пишите в отдельной клеточке в соответствии с приведёнными в бланке образцами.

Раздел 3. ЗАДАНИЯ ПО ГРАММАТИКЕ И ЛЕКСИКЕ

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 17–25, так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию 17–25.

The Thames Festival

- 17 The _____ Thames Festival ONE
took place in September, 1997. It started
with an amazing high wire walk across the
- 18 Thames Festival _____ LONDON'S BECOME
19 _____ free outdoor arts festival. BIG
20 The _____ part of the festival is the SPECTACULAR
Sunday night carnival.
A huge 6-metre tall puppet of Lady
Godiva leads the carnival. Lady Godiva
- 21 _____ in the 11th century and was LIVE
the wife of an English earl. According to
legend, she asked her husband to lower taxes
on the people of Coventry and he said he
- 22 _____ it if she rode her horse naked DO
through the town. She did this, and the taxes
- 23 _____ LOWER
24 The carnival usually _____ by a FOLLOW
beautiful fireworks display, lighting up the
whole sky with the brightest of _____ COLOUR

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 26–31, так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию 26–31.

Taking up a Team Sport

People worldwide enjoy sports whether they are playing in a team or doing an individual sport.

26 Some _____ team sports because they CHOICE

like playing in a team, while those who take up individual sports consider team sports to have many _____.

27 _____ ADVANTAGE

To begin with, one advantage of talking up-a-team sport is the sense of team spirit. Players learn to co-operate while working towards the same goal. Moreover, playing in a team can also help one make new friends. Another reason for taking up a team sport is that when you win, you share the _____ and when you lose, you

28 _____ ACHIEVE

29 _____ have someone to share the _____ with. LOSE

On the other hand, there is always a chance that not all players will get along with each other. This may cause _____ and make players very competitive.

30 _____ ARGUE

31 In _____, when you are part of a team, ADD
you have to depend on other players.

По окончании выполнения заданий 17–31 не забудьте перенести свои ответы в БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 1! Запишите ответ справа от номера соответствующего задания, начиная с первой клеточки. При переносе ответов буквы записываются без пробелов, запятых и других дополнительных символов. Каждую букву пишите в отдельной клеточке в соответствии с приведёнными в бланке образцами.



Проверьте, чтобы каждый ответ был записан рядом с номером соответствующего задания.

Раздел 4. ЗАДАНИЕ ПО ПИСЬМУ

Для ответа на задание **32** используйте БЛАНК ОТВЕТОВ № 2. При выполнении задания **32** особое внимание обратите на то, что ваши ответы будут оцениваться только по записям, сделанным на БЛАНКЕ ОТВЕТОВ № 2. Никакие записи черновика не будут учитываться экспертом. Обратите внимание также на необходимость соблюдения указанного объёма письма. Письмо недостаточного объёма, а также часть текста письма, превышающая требуемый объём, не оцениваются.

32 You have **30** minutes to do this task.

You have received a letter from your English-speaking pen friend, Bob.

*...I've just learnt that our class is going to visit Moscow and St. Petersburg in April. My mum is in panic, as she thinks that your country is deadly cold all year round. And she is afraid that I'll be starving without our McDonald's on every corner.
What is the weather like in your country in spring? What clothes should I take? Are there fast food places to have a snack?*

Write him a letter and answer his **3** questions.

Write **100–120** words. Remember the rules of letter writing.

УСТНАЯ ЧАСТЬ

ВАРИАНТ 1

1

Task 1. You are going to read the text aloud. You have 1.5 minutes to read the text silently, and then be ready to read it aloud. Remember that you will not have more than 2 minutes for reading aloud.

Long ago fashion was only for the rich. Paris was the centre of the fashion world, and everyone tried to copy the top French designers. But now fashion is a much more international matter. London, like other big European cities, has a large number of its own talented designers. Street styles are not created by the big fashion designers. British don't think about fashion very much. Most people go down to their nearest shopping street and buy something from a chain store. The most popular of these stores is "Marks & Spencer". It has a shop in every town. It is one of Britain's favourite stores. It started more than a hundred years ago when a young Polish immigrant, Michael Marks, had a stall in Leeds Market. He didn't have many things to sell: some cotton, lots of buttons and a few shoe-laces. Ten years later he met Tom Spencer and together they started Penny Stalls in many towns in the north of England. Today there are more than 500 branches of "Marks & Spencer" all over the world.

2

Task 2. You are going to take part in a telephone survey. You have to answer six questions. Give full answers to the questions. Remember that you have 40 seconds to answer each question.

3

Task 3. You are going to give a talk about your summer holidays. You will have to start in 1.5 minutes and speak for not more than 2 minutes.

Remember to say:

- if you live in a big city or in the countryside;
- what the advantages of the place you live in are;
- what you don't like about the place where you live;
- what your attitude to moving to another place is.

You have to talk continuously.

ВАРИАНТ 2**1**

Task 1. You are going to read the text aloud. You have 1.5 minutes to read the text silently, and then be ready to read it aloud. Remember that you will not have more than 2 minutes for reading aloud.

Clouds play an important part in the earth's weather. They bring the earth water in the form of rain and snow. The fluffy white clouds we see across the blue sky and the colorful clouds we see at the sunset are also part of the beauty of nature. Not all clouds, however, are beautiful. Some clouds bring destruction and even death. There are three groups of clouds: low, middle and high. The low clouds float less than 1,800 meters above the sea level. They bring rain or snow. The middle clouds lie about 1,800 meters to 6,100 meters above the sea level and form smooth white sheet and grey layer across the sky. High clouds are found 20,000 feet above the earth or higher. All high clouds are formed of ice crystals. No two clouds are exactly the same. They are always changing their shape or form. Clouds are interesting to scientists, artists and picnickers.

2

Task 2. You are going to take part in a telephone survey. You have to answer six questions. Give full answers to the questions. Remember that you have 40 seconds to answer each question.

3

Task 3. You are going to give a talk about your summer holidays. You will have to start in 1.5 minutes and speak for not more than 2 minutes.

Remember to say:

- if you get on well with all your classmates;
- what common interests you share;
- what problems you can discuss with them;
- what your attitude to bullying at school is.

You have to talk continuously.

ВАРИАНТ 3**1**

Task 1. You are going to read the text aloud. You have 1.5 minutes to read the text silently, and then be ready to read it aloud. Remember that you will not have more than 2 minutes for reading aloud.

T-shirts started off as underwear. During the First World War, European soldiers wore them underneath their uniform to keep them warm. Americans copied the idea and started calling them "T-shirts" because of their T shape. In the mid-1950s actor James Dean and rock star Elvis Presley shocked the world by their T-shirts on TV. It was too much for young people to ignore. Everyone wanted to look like those famous people. Sports teams, clubs and rock bands were all using colors and logos on their "tees" to get noticed.

Today T-shirts are worn by babies, kids, teens and adults in every corner of the world. They tell others what we like, where we've been, the things we've done, the competitions we've won. The latest craze in T-shirts is decorating them yourself. It's cheap and you'll never see a person walking down the street in the same outfit as you.

2

Task 2. You are going to take part in a telephone survey. You have to answer six questions. Give full answers to the questions. Remember that you have 40 seconds to answer each question.

3

Task 3. You are going to give a talk about your summer holidays. You will have to start in 1.5 minutes and speak for not more than 2 minutes.

Remember to say:

- if you have got many relatives;
- what kind of relations you have with them;
- how your family traditions appeared;
- what your attitude to spending time with your family is.

You have to talk continuously.

ВАРИАНТ 4**1**

Task 1. You are going to read the text aloud. You have 1.5 minutes to read the text silently, and then be ready to read it aloud. Remember that you will not have more than 2 minutes for reading aloud.

The modern garden has a history going back many thousands of years. Early humans were hunters and they didn't stay in one place for a long time. About 10,000 years ago this slowly began to change; humans started to grow some plants, which meant they could remain in one place. The first were vegetable gardens, where early humans cultivated different plants for food. Early agriculture included not just edible plants, such as wheat, but also ornamental plants for decorative purposes. Plants for medicine were also grown, as were herbs and spices for flavouring or preserving food. Certain plants also had spiritual value and were used in religious ceremonies. As gardens have developed over the years, design and beauty have become more and more important. People have learnt to control nature and to design gardens like a building. There are gardens where everything is symmetrical and even the trees are cut in a special way to fit in with the design.

2

Task 2. You are going to take part in a telephone survey. You have to answer six questions. Give full answers to the questions. Remember that you have 40 seconds to answer each question.

3

Task 3. You are going to give a talk about your summer holidays. You will have to start in 1.5 minutes and speak for not more than 2 minutes.

Remember to say:

- if you have enough time for your afterschool activities;
- if they are extra studies or entertainment;
- what your school can offer as afterschool activities;
- what your attitude to spending time with your friends is.

You have to talk continuously.

ВАРИАНТ 5**1**

Task 1. You are going to read the text aloud. You have 1.5 minutes to read the text silently, and then be ready to read it aloud. Remember that you will not have more than 2 minutes for reading aloud.

Peter the Great was one of the most famous tsars in Russian history. Although he was often cruel, no one can deny that he changed his country's future forever. Peter was unique in many ways. He was six feet eight inches tall and very handsome. He had a lot of energy and great physical strength. He sometimes had bad manners. But he was very bright and he wanted to learn about everything. Peter wanted Russia to be as great as the European countries. He decided to go to Europe to learn everything he could. His travels were a great success. Peter wanted everything to change – the government, the military, and religion. He built canals, factories, schools, hospitals, and museums. He changed the calendar and the alphabet. He developed a new system of government and started Russia's first newspaper. Peter continued to build and modernize Russia right up to his death at the age of 53. Peter the Great's force and energy made his country into a modern power and made him into a legend.

2

Task 2. You are going to take part in a telephone survey. You have to answer six questions. Give full answers to the questions. Remember that you have 40 seconds to answer each question.

3

Task 3. You are going to give a talk about your summer holidays. You will have to start in 1.5 minutes and speak for not more than 2 minutes.

Remember to say:

- if you follow the trends of modern fashion;
- what you and your classmates like wearing;
- where you go shopping for clothes;
- what your attitude to school dress-code is.

You have to talk continuously.

ВАРИАНТ 6**1**

Task 1. You are going to read the text aloud. You have 1.5 minutes to read the text silently, and then be ready to read it aloud. Remember that you will not have more than 2 minutes for reading aloud.

Shop till you drop, spend till the end, buy till you die. We are all consumers. Imagine a room filled with people talking about you. They are discussing your likes and dislikes, your needs, your habits, your dreams. These people are marketing directors. They spend millions of dollars and thousands of hours doing market research to study your spending habits. Why? The answer is simple: money. Teenagers are the largest-growing market in the world. So it's important for companies to get the young consumer. Television is the most powerful means for advertisers. The New York advertising agency BSB Worldwide recently videotaped the bedrooms of teenagers in 25 countries. The videotapes revealed remarkable similarities: the same jeans, the same trainers, the same posters of music and sport stars on the walls. Marketing directors want to know not only what you buy, but also what music you listen to, what movies you go to, what you do in your free time. They know more about you than you think. They know how to appeal to your emotions. They are eagerly watching you, ready to react. And preparing to sell you more, more and more.

2

Task 2. You are going to take part in a telephone survey. You have to answer six questions. Give full answers to the questions. Remember that you have 40 seconds to answer each question.

3

Task 3. You are going to give a talk about your summer holidays. You will have to start in 1.5 minutes and speak for not more than 2 minutes.

Remember to say:

- if you have got enough pocket money for your needs;
- how you get the money;
- what you spend your pocket money on;
- what your attitude to taking a part-time job is.

You have to talk continuously.

ВАРИАНТ 7**1**

Task 1. You are going to read the text aloud. You have 1.5 minutes to read the text silently, and then be ready to read it aloud. Remember that you will not have more than 2 minutes for reading aloud.

As part of the 'Facebook generation', we have grown up in a world where access to the Internet is constantly at our fingertips. Nowadays, it's common to offer guests the wifi password along with a cup of tea. We have become addicted to our smartphones. Of course, smartphones are useful in so many ways. Thanks to them we're now able to do almost anything when we're out. However, these pieces of technology are slowly beginning to take over our lives. It's so easy to become dependant on our phones, whether it's to find your way around with the map application or even just check the time. As a result we're becoming more anti-social, choosing to consult the Internet rather than talk face-to-face with other human beings. People are connecting more and more across screens rather than in person, even when it comes to relationships – dating apps and websites are more popular than ever before. Next time you're out with your friends, put your phone away and see how long you can last without it.

2

Task 2. You are going to take part in a telephone survey. You have to answer six questions. Give full answers to the questions. Remember that you have 40 seconds to answer each question.

3

Task 3. You are going to give a talk about your summer holidays. You will have to start in 1.5 minutes and speak for not more than 2 minutes.

Remember to say:

- when children start going to school;
- what levels of education Russian school has;
- how the results are tested at different stages;
- what your attitude to your school is.

You have to talk continuously.

ВАРИАНТ 8**1**

Task 1. You are going to read the text aloud. You have 1.5 minutes to read the text silently, and then be ready to read it aloud. Remember that you will not have more than 2 minutes for reading aloud.

Twenty years ago not many people travelled overseas for their holidays. The majority of people stayed to have holidays in their country. Today the situation is different and the world seems much smaller. It is possible to book a holiday to a seaside resort on the other side of the world. Staying at home, you can book it through the Internet or by phone. The plane takes you straight there and within some hours of leaving your country, you can be on a tropical beach. We can travel by car, by train or plane, if we have got a long distance tour. If you like mountains, you could climb any mountains around the globe and there is only one restriction. It is money. If you like travelling, you have got to have some money, because it is not a cheap hobby indeed. The economy of some countries is mainly based on tourism industry. Modern tourism has become a highly developed industry, because any human being is curious and inquisitive, we like leisure, visit other places. That is why tourism prospers.

2

Task 2. You are going to take part in a telephone survey. You have to answer six questions. Give full answers to the questions. Remember that you have 40 seconds to answer each question.

3

Task 3. You are going to give a talk about your summer holidays. You will have to start in 1.5 minutes and speak for not more than 2 minutes.

Remember to say:

- where you and your classmates meet new friends;
- how many pen friends in social nets you have got;
- what is the best way of making friends for you;
- what your attitude to online friendship is.

You have to talk continuously.

ВАРИАНТ 9**1**

Task 1. You are going to read the text aloud. You have 1.5 minutes to read the text silently, and then be ready to read it aloud. Remember that you will not have more than 2 minutes for reading aloud.

Our life would be hard without rest and recreation. People have quite different ideas of how to spend their free time. For some of them the only way to relax is watching TV. But other people use their spare time getting benefit from it. If you enjoy doing some activity in your free time, then you have a hobby. A hobby is a kind of self-expression. A person's hobbies depend on his age, intelligence level, character and personal interests. What is interesting to one person can be boring to another. That's why some people prefer reading, cooking, knitting, collecting, playing a musical instrument, painting, photography, fishkeeping or playing computer games while others prefer dancing, travelling, camping or sports. A hobby plays a very important educational and psychological role, makes you stronger physically and mentally, helps you escape from reality, improve your knowledge, broaden your mind, develop your skills and gain a better understanding of how the world works.

2

Task 2. You are going to take part in a telephone survey. You have to answer six questions. Give full answers to the questions. Remember that you have 40 seconds to answer each question.

3

Task 3. You are going to give a talk about your summer holidays. You will have to start in 1.5 minutes and speak for not more than 2 minutes.

Remember to say:

- if you usually stay at home or go anywhere on your holidays;
- what your decision depends on;
- if your holidays are always interesting and why;
- what your attitude to spending holidays with your family is.

You have to talk continuously.

ВАРИАНТ 10**1**

Task 1. You are going to read the text aloud. You have 1.5 minutes to read the text silently, and then be ready to read it aloud. Remember that you will not have more than 2 minutes for reading aloud.

What is a dream? People spend one third of their lives asleep but they don't fully understand the purpose of dreams. Some scientists think that dreams allow us to solve problems, to create new ideas and to find answers to the most complicated questions. Some of our dreams are very strange and don't make sense at all. When we sleep, some areas of our brain are active while others are not. Our dreams depend on our emotional state as well. When we fear something, we may have a nightmare. We can experience a sense of joy and excitement or anxiety. The more we think about a person, the more likely we are to dream about him. That's why the Chinese say, 'What you think during the daytime you will dream at night'. There are some common themes. For example most people dream about flying, being chased, falling or not being able to move. People have always considered dreams to be predictions of the future. There are a lot of books trying to interpret our dreams and to explain what the future holds.

2

Task 2. You are going to take part in a telephone survey. You have to answer six questions. Give full answers to the questions. Remember that you have 40 seconds to answer each question.

3

Task 3. You are going to give a talk about your summer holidays. You will have to start in 1.5 minutes and speak for not more than 2 minutes.

Remember to say:

- if it is possible to do without the knowledge of a foreign language nowadays;
- in what fields people need foreign languages;
- where you hope to use your knowledge of English;
- what your attitude to your school English lessons is.

You have to talk continuously.

ВАРИАНТ 11 (КОНТРОЛЬНЫЙ)**1**

Task 1. You are going to read the text aloud. You have 1.5 minutes to read the text silently, and then be ready to read it aloud. Remember that you will not have more than 2 minutes for reading aloud.

People all over the world are very fond of sports and games. That is one of the things in which people of every nationality and class are united. The most popular outdoor winter sports are shooting, hunting, hockey and, in the countries where the weather is frosty and there is much snow – skating and skiing. Summer affords excellent opportunities for swimming, boating, cycling and many other sports. Among outdoor games football takes the first place; this game is played in all the countries of the world. The other games that have firmly established themselves in different countries are cricket, volleyball, basketball, and so on. Badminton is also very popular both with young and old. Among indoor games are billiards, table tennis and chess, of course. The results of chess tournaments are studied and discussed by enthusiasts in different countries. So we have all grounds to say that sport is one of the things that makes people kin.

2

Task 2. You are going to take part in a telephone survey. You have to answer six questions. Give full answers to the questions. Remember that you have 40 seconds to answer each question.

3

Task 3. You are going to give a talk about your summer holidays. You will have to start in 1.5 minutes and speak for not more than 2 minutes.

Remember to say:

- what modern gadgets people use at home and at work;
- how they have changed our life;
- what gadgets you can't do without;
- what your attitude to using mobile phones at school is.

You have to talk continuously.

ТЕКСТЫ АУДИОЗАПИСЕЙ К РАЗДЕЛУ «АУДИРОВАНИЕ» И УСТНОЙ ЧАСТИ ЭКЗАМЕНА

ВАРИАНТ 1

ТЕКСТЫ ДЛЯ АУДИРОВАНИЯ

Задание 1

Dialogue A

A: Let's have a quiet evening together.

B: Aren't we going out?

A: To tell the truth, I'm very tired.

B: OK, we can listen to music then. I've bought a new CD.

A: Do we have any ice cream left?

B: I'll look for it in the fridge. It'll be delicious with strawberries.

Dialogue B

A: Excuse me, do you feel comfortable?

B: Rather. But I'd prefer to sit at the window. I like to watch the floating clouds.

A: I understand. And I pity I haven't asked for an aisle seat. There is no space for my long legs.

B: We can change our seats if you want.

A: It'll be great relief for me. Thanks.

B: Not at all.

Dialogue C

A: So, we've decided on the hotel. And what kind of room would you like to reserve?

B: I'd like a single room.

A: With a sea view or garden view?

B: It doesn't matter much for me, but it should be quiet.

A: One more question then. Do you want a room with a shower or with a bath?

B: With a bath...

Dialogue D

A: Don't be so nervous.

B: I can't stay calm. Someone has blocked the exit. I'll be late for work.

A: Let me see... Drivers usually leave their telephone numbers somewhere.

B: You are right. It's here, on the car window.

A: I'll phone.

B: Do it please. I'm so much irritated that my hands are shaking...

Задание 2

A. The New Year holiday is very popular, especially with children. In every house there is a fir tree which is often called Christmas tree. The presents are supposed to be sent by Father Frost (Santa Claus) and his helper Snow Maiden. All relatives usually gather together to see the New Year in. Sitting round a festive table, they address New Year's greetings and good wishes to one another and they raise their wine glasses filled with sparkling champagne.

B. The Russian Christmas is celebrated on the seventh of January. The holiday is connected with the wonderful birth of Jesus Christ as it is described in the Holy Bible. On that day, about 2,000 years ago, Jesus Christ was born in Bethlehem. Wise men from the East came to worship him. They gave the Child present – gold, frankincense and myrrh. That's why people nowadays try to please their relatives and friends giving them Christmas presents.

C. This is the day of paying tribute to women. On the eighth of March men give women flowers and presents. They try as much as they can to do all the domestic work around the house and in the kitchen. In some countries this day is called Mother's Day and is celebrated in spring.

D. Easter is held on the first Sunday after the date of the first full moon that occurs on or after March 21. The Holy Bible describes Jesus Christ's resurrection. It says that there was a great earthquake. The angel descended and rolled back the stone from the door of the tomb and sat on it. And he said that Jesus Christ was not there for he had risen. Nowadays people greet each other on the Easter Day by the words 'Christ is risen!' and the answer is 'He is risen indeed'.

E. Yumorina is April Fools' Day. It takes place on the first of April. On this day you can meet someone who will try to pull your leg. Even if he fools you, you aren't showing signs of bad temper. Otherwise people will suspect you of the worst possible sin – a lack of humour.

Задания 3–8

Pam: Mum, I'm going out tonight. May I put on your jacket?

Mother: OK. It's in the wardrobe.

Pam: Thanks... It looks great with this skirt.

Mother: Pam, that's my new jacket! I thought you meant my black jacket.

Pam: Mum, please, let me take it. You know I like the colour blue. I promise, I'll be careful.

Mother: No, Pam, I haven't worn it yet. Please, take it off. You can borrow it later, after I've worn it a few times. Oh, wait a minute. Where did you take this grey skirt?

Pam: But I've never seen you wear it, so I thought I could...

Mother: Well, it's my best one, so I put it on only if I go somewhere on very special occasions.

Pam: Mum, I have such a special date tonight. But I've got practically nothing to wear. I haven't bought any new clothes for ages.

Mother: But you were planning to go shopping with Ann last weekend. As far as I remember, dad gave you some money for that occasion.

Pam: Yes, indeed... You see, she couldn't because both her parents were working and she had to look after her sick little brother. And you know, I'm always at a loss when I go shopping alone.

Mother: Well, have you got a couple of hours left before you go out?

Pam: Not a couple, even three hours.

Mother: Then wait a minute. I'll send a few e-mails and we'll go together. Yesterday I saw a nice dress on my way home. I think it will fit you perfectly.

Pam: Oh, you're the best mum in the world!

ТЕКСТЫ К УСТНОЙ ЧАСТИ

Task 2. You are going to take part in a telephone survey. You have to answer six questions. Give full answers to the questions. Remember that you have 40 seconds to answer each question.

TAPESCRIPT FOR TASK 2

Electronic assistant: Hello! This is the electronic assistant of the International Club. We kindly ask you to take part in our survey. We need to find out what teenagers think about holidays. Please answer our six questions. The survey is anonymous – you don't have to give your name. So, let's get started.

Electronic assistant: What are the most popular public holidays in your country?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: What is your favorite holiday? Explain why.

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: How do you usually celebrate your favorite holiday?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: Do you prefer to give or to get presents? Why?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: What family traditions would you like to keep?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: What would you like to change in celebrating your favorite holiday? Explain why.

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: This is the end of the survey. Thank you very much for your time.

ВАРИАНТ 2

ТЕКСТЫ ДЛЯ АУДИРОВАНИЯ

Задание 1

Dialogue A

A: So, tell me what worries you?

B: You see, no one seems to enjoy looking at fat girls.

A: Have you tried any diets?

B: Sure, but why do all these special foods have to taste so awful?

A: Because they have to include a lot of vitamins.

B: Can you recommend anything else?

A: Of course. My advice is simple: 'Eat normal food but eat less'.

Dialogue B

A: Now we'll see if you need this course or not.

B: What are we going to do?

A: You should answer some test questions and then we'll analyze your results... Are you ready?

B: OK, what are your questions?

A: Do you speak with your mouth full of food? Do you forget to cover your mouth when you sneeze?

B: Ahchoo!

Dialogue C

A: Hello, dear. How was your day at school?

B: It was fine but it seemed to be very long.

A: How many lessons did you have?

B: Six. And I had to stay after classes to solve some problems with Maths. Besides I had no time for dinner.

A: Your favorite mushroom soup is ready. Wash your hands and sit down at the table. I'll roast some meat for you.

B: Thank you, mum...

Dialogue D

A: It's the last interval, isn't it?

B: Yes, and they are going to change the scenes once again.

A: All the decorations are wonderful, aren't they?

B: Absolutely. But I can't say the same about the performance of some actors.

A: I agree. Sometimes their acting seems so unnatural.

B: As well as their dancing. It lacks emotions...

Задание 2

A. In fact I spend every summer at my Granny's and I'm never bored. You see, I've got so many friends there. But this time it turned out to be quite different. One of my friends got a new motorbike from his father. We were absolutely crazy trying to impress each other with all kinds of tricks. So... I suppose I was lucky to get just a broken leg. I hit that tree pretty hard. Well, that was the end of my summer.

B. We go there every year. Usually mid – to late July but sometimes earlier if we can manage it. The house has been in the family for generations. Dad's parents actually used to live there all year round. The best thing is the garden. The trees are old and they look so mysterious when it's getting dark. My brother and I like playing there with our friends.

C. We never go away later than June. Everything is so crowded in July and August and it's too hot. Who wants to be on a beach with several hundred other people when you can arrange it a bit earlier and have it practically to yourself? And I don't mind staying the rest of the

summer in the city. There is a lot to do, besides this summer I got a part time job. I like feeling a grown-up person.

D. My elder brother is working there actually, so my parents decided to take a chance and send me there for summer. And I don't regret. In fact I enjoyed every minute of it because it was fantastic. Thailand is one of the best places that I have ever seen. Food, people and sights are fantastic. Unfortunately, my brother didn't have much time to spend with me, but his colleagues' children helped a lot. So, now I've got new friends.

E. What's my idea of summer holidays? To tell the truth, I've never thought about it. My comp is my best friend and I always have it handy. Chatting and playing on-line takes most of my time. And if it's very hot, there is a fridge nearby with cans of Cola and Sprite and a box full of ice-creams. Thanks to Mum...

Задания 3–8

Tom: Liz, you don't look too happy. What's the problem?

Liz: I've got to write a composition for my English class, and I just can't come up with any ideas.

Tom: How much time have you got left?

Liz: That's the problem. It's due tomorrow. In fact we were given two weeks for this work, but I couldn't make myself sit down to it.

Tom: That shouldn't be too difficult. Do you remember the pictures you showed me last week? The ones from your cruise last winter.

Liz: Sure. I've got them here someplace.

Tom: Why don't you write about your impressions of the pyramids and the camel ride you took?

Liz: That sounds like a good idea. I can also write about our visit to North Africa, the Holy Land, and all the historical, biblical places we visited.

Tom: Well, now that you're feeling better about this, I think I'll be on my way. I've got to finish my composition too.

Liz: Thanks for your help. Once I get organized, it won't be so difficult. By the way, what are you writing about?

Tom: It's about my first experience in skydiving, my emotions and feelings. In fact I've almost finished it. I need to make a final touch.

Liz: Happy you are. I hope I'll do my work too.

Tom: Remember to call me when you finish. We can discuss some plans for the weekend.

Liz: OK, I think we'll need a good rest after a day of hard work.

ТЕКСТЫ К УСТНОЙ ЧАСТИ

Task 2. You are going to take part in a telephone survey. You have to answer six questions. Give full answers to the questions. Remember that you have 40 seconds to answer each question.

TAPESCRIPT FOR TASK 2

Electronic assistant: Hello! This is the electronic assistant of the Fun Club. We kindly ask you to take part in our survey. We need to find out what teenagers think about the ways of celebrating holidays. Please answer our six questions. The survey is anonymous – you don't have to give your name. So, let's get started.

Electronic assistant: What's your favourite season?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: Where do you usually spend your summer holidays? Explain why.

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: How often do you and your family travel?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: Do you like or dislike travelling? Why?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: How do you think travelling influences your life and studies?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: What place in your country would you like to visit again and again? Why?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: This is the end of the survey. Thank you very much for your time.

ВАРИАНТ 3

ТЕКСТЫ ДЛЯ АУДИРОВАНИЯ

Задание 1

Dialogue A

A: May I go out?

B: Yes, you may but you should leave your mobile phone.

A: Why should I? I can't live without it.

B: I understand, but with it you forget where you are. Fifteen minutes ago we heard your cries from the corridor. Something about your score in a Star War game.

A: I wanted everyone to know about my records.

B: So, you've achieved your aim. We all know.

Dialogue B

A: What's the score?

B: It's three to one.

A: Which team do you support?

B: Of course our school team. They are in red and white uniform.

A: How often do they play here?

B: Such important competitions are organized four times a year. But our team trains almost every day after school.

Dialogue C

A: I'm sure we've got lost.

B: Don't worry. I know that our house is in the north-west.

A: And where is the north-west? You forgot to take your compass.

B: We'll find a big tree and see on what side of it the moss is.

A: And I remember something about the sun. Should it shine in my right or left eye?

B: It depends... Can you hear the dogs' barking? Perhaps someone is looking for us?

Dialogue D

A: Let me help you.

B: It'll be fine. The basket is very heavy.

A: It's so pleasant to collect apples. They smell delicious.

B: And they are tasty. Help yourself.

A: Nice. Your apples are sweet and juicy. They are the tastiest I've ever tried.

B: Nothing can be compared with fruit grown with your own hands...

Задание 2

A. On most downtown Manhattan streets people are not allowed to leave their cars. Midtown car parks and garages are about \$6.75 an hour. Some restaurants and hotels have free car parks. If you are staying at a hotel with this service, it is easiest to leave your car in the garage and use public transport or taxis.

B. Start your day with a laugh, enjoy the funniest pictures in *The New York Daily News*. Turn over the pages of *The NY Times* which has won a total of 108 Pulitzer prizes. Read 11 English and foreign language papers which come out every day and you will be in touch with serious problems in the world and in the country.

C. This is a great way to see New York. Drivers are experienced and you will feel safe; buses are comfortable and you will feel fine in any weather. They are all air-conditioned. You are offered different excursions. The all-day excursions visit the top tourist attractions and other excursions which last from 2 to 4 hours can be interesting for people with different tastes.

D. No visit to Long Island is complete without the Harriot. Centrally located near Roosevelt Raceway and Roosevelt Field Indoor Mall, it offers expensive and comfortable rooms, fine restaurants, a lively nightclub with an indoor pool. You will be offered outstanding service and hospitality.

E. Drivers, front seat passengers and all back seat passengers younger than 10 must fasten their seat belts around themselves. The state law takes these precautions to protect people against possible trouble. Drivers pay if their passengers are younger than 16 and not wearing seat belts.

Задания 3–8

William: I hear you have moved to a new apartment, Kate. Is it true?

Kate: Yes, that's right. One of these days we'll arrange a housewarming party. My parents are going to invite all our relatives and I want my friends to come, too. Will you join us?

William: Sure. Thank you for the invitation. But how will it be possible to house so many people?

Kate: The apartment is large: three bedrooms, two halls, a kitchen with modern conveniences and a lot of built-in cupboards.

William: What floor is it on?

Kate: Our apartment is on the eighth floor of a high-rise house. We've got two elevators which work around the clock.

William: Is it far from school?

Kate: Rather. It takes me about forty minutes to get to school by bus and by metro. If father gives me a lift, it takes me thirty minutes. But you know, all these traffic jams make us both nervous.

William: I see. Aren't you thinking of changing school?

Kate: Not this year. I'm planning to take the examinations at our school. I feel confident only in familiar atmosphere. At a new place I'll worry about everything: new teachers, new classmates.

William: I am glad that you aren't leaving till the end of the school year.

Kate: You what?

William: Believe me or not but I'll miss you, Kate if you leave. By the way I can bring some samba CDs to your housewarming party.

Kate: That's great! You'll have a chance to remember how we used to dance.

William: I think I'll enjoy it.

Kate: So see you on April 15th at 345 Green Road.

William: Sorry, when will the party begin?

Kate: Phone me to find out the details.

William: See you soon. Bye!

ТЕКСТЫ К УСТНОЙ ЧАСТИ

Task 2. You are going to take part in a telephone survey. You have to answer six questions. Give full answers to the questions. Remember that you have 40 seconds to answer each question.

TAPESCRIPT FOR TASK 2

Electronic assistant: Hello! This is the electronic assistant of the Language Club. We kindly ask you to take part in our survey. We need to find out what teenagers think about learning foreign languages. Please answer our six questions. The survey is anonymous – you don't have to give your name. So, let's get started.

Electronic assistant: Why is learning foreign languages important nowadays?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: What foreign languages do you study at school?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: What activity at your English lesson do you find the most difficult? Why?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: What do you like most of all about your English lessons?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: Why have you chosen to take the English exam this year?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: What would you recommend your friends do to get ready for the English exam well?

ВАРИАНТ 4

ТЕКСТЫ ДЛЯ АУДИРОВАНИЯ

Задание 1

Dialogue A

A: I hope, it'll be a nice shot... The monkeys are so funny!

B: I'm not sure about the shot.

A: Why?

B: You haven't taken the cover from your photo camera.

A: Oh, dear... Thanks you've noticed it.

B: Look! Now you've got a chance to take a photo of a swimming elephant.

Dialogue B

A: I'd like a toy bear, please.

B: Have a look at this polar bear. It's hand-made.

A: I like another one behind it.

B: A very good choice. And besides it's on special Christmas offer.

A: How much does it cost?

B: Forty dollars.

A: Can I pay by credit card?

B: Of course.

Dialogue C

A: Still can't remember the address, can you?

B: No. Please drive more slowly. Perhaps I'll recognize the house, though I've been in twice and both times in the evening.

A: Is there anything special near it?

B: A supermarket and a small family cafe.

A: OK, I'll turn left and go back route.

B: There is no left turn... but here is the house we are looking for.

Dialogue D

A: And what are you going to wear? Have you bought anything new?

B: No, I haven't. After all it's not my birthday party.

A: Let's go and look in your wardrobe... See what we can find.

B: Maybe this black dress?

A: It's nice but try on this blue dress.

B: Ok, I think it'll suit me...

Задание 2

A. You'd have to be living on Mars not to know that smoking is dangerous. Yet statistics show that young people today smoke more, not less. Why? One answer is that many teens think it's cool. Another is the great sums of money invested in advertising cigarettes. Tobacco companies spend millions to encourage the young to start, or to continue, smoking. 'The Marlboro Man', 'Joe the Camel' and others do cool things and act important while smoking – just to get you to think that if you smoke this brand, you can do these things too. This isn't true. These people are not real and the things they do are made-up.

B. The statistics concerning smoking say that over 90% of all smokers start before they are 18 and the average age for a new smoker is now less than 13. Just think that smoking kills about 3 million people every year. Some aren't even smokers. They are people who live or work with heavy smokers.

C. If you've decided to start smoking, get ready to come across lots of unpleasant things, for example, your clothes and hair having a terrible smell, your teeth turning yellow and your breath becoming very unpleasant. Your hair and skin will become dry which will lead to premature wrinkles. Smokers have more fat around the waist. Besides, smoking causes serious diseases that can lead to early death, for example, lung cancer and heart disease. By the way, heart disease is now the number-one killer in Russia. Smoking also causes bronchitis, asthma and other diseases.

D. Don't forget that nicotine is as addictive as heroin or cocaine. Seven out of 10 smokers want to quit, but can't. Moreover, nicotine isn't the only bad thing in cigarettes, there are over 400 chemicals in one cigarette that are known to be very destructive.

E. Pregnant women (especially teenagers) who smoke will face a lot of pregnancy risks. They even may give birth to stillborn babies. Babies of women smokers are more likely to have mental disorders than babies of women non-smokers. Babies with mothers who smoke develop more slowly during childhood.

Задания 3–8

Masha: I say, Mike, what are your plans for today?

Mike: Nothing special. Why?

Masha: The weather is nice and I want you to show me round. You have been living in Moscow for almost all your life, so you know better what is worth seeing.

Mike: All right. I think we'd rather take the metro. You'll be able to see the metro stations on the way and then I'll show you some of the sights.

Masha: It will be very kind of you. But let me guess: 'Shall we start from the center?'

Mike: Sure. Red Square will be the first place we're going to visit. We shall stop at the Lenin Mausoleum to watch the changing of the guards who stand beside it. Then we'll go as far as the cathedral of St. Basil.

Masha: The one with its seven domes, each of a different color and pattern. Right?

Mike: Absolutely. Do you know anything else about it?

Masha: No idea.

Mike: It's famous as it's unique. Tsar Ivan the Terrible ordered to blind the architects so that they couldn't reproduce the cathedral in any other places.

Masha: How cruel it was!

Mike: I'm of the same opinion, though a lot of people believe that it was only a legend.

Masha: There must be a monument somewhere near the cathedral. Am I right?

Mike: In front of the cathedral of St. Basil there's a monument to Minin and Pozharsky. They did a lot to save Russian people from the Polish invaders.

Masha: Oh! It's great. I'm glad I can see everything with my own eyes. What a wide square! How unusual the cathedral is!

Mike: Masha, don't jump and cry. Behave yourself. People are looking at you.

Masha: Sorry, Mike. I simply couldn't imagine how magnificent everything here was.

ТЕКСТЫ К УСТНОЙ ЧАСТИ

Task 2. You are going to take part in a telephone survey. You have to answer six questions. Give full answers to the questions. Remember that you have 40 seconds to answer each question.

TAPESCRIPT FOR TASK 2

Electronic assistant: Hello! This is the electronic assistant of the Social Club. We kindly ask you to take part in our survey. We need to find out what teenagers think about the place where they live. Please answer our six questions. The survey is anonymous – you don't have to give your name. So, let's get started.

Electronic assistant: Are you going to stay in the place where you live or change it in future?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: What is the place where you live famous for?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: What do you like or dislike about the ecological situation of the place where you live?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: How often do you take part in "clean-up" days outside your school?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: Who do you think can join you on such days? Explain why.

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: What would you recommend people do to improve the ecological situation in their area?

ВАРИАНТ 5

ТЕКСТЫ ДЛЯ АУДИРОВАНИЯ

Задание 1

Dialogue A

A: And one more thing. Would it be possible to leave my car with you? I'm flying to London next Tuesday.

B: Yes, certainly. How long for?

A: Three days.

B: Ok, I'll reserve you a place for four days. Would you give me the number and make of your car, please?

A: Yes, it's a Golf and the registration number is H57LYA.

B: Please, show me the documents to confirm it.

Dialogue B

A: It's half price on all fantasy, including Harry Potter books, isn't it?

B: You are right.

A: And for a seventh Harry Potter as well?

B: No, not for the latest book.

A: But it came out ages ago!

B: It's still at full price.

Dialogue C

A: So, I've been lying here in a coma for seven days?

B: No, that's not it. You were admitted five days ago.

A: I don't understand. Am I hallucinating?

B: I think you are suffering from what we call amnesia.

A: What is it?

B: It's a condition which sometimes follows head injuries...

Dialogue D

A: We are meeting in ten minutes.

B: Do you want the financing documentation ready?

A: Absolutely.

B: From now on I want you to work on all my deals.

A: Very well.

B: So, see you at the meeting.

Задание 2

A. If you want to improve your language skills, and can't jet off to spend your time abroad, there are a lot of things you can do to better them without leaving home. Here are some easy steps to help you improve. Follow our advice and very soon you'll find yourself much more fluent and confident.

B. The band, Athlete, however, are a rarity. They make music that I have never heard before and it sounds fantastic. There is a great selection of electronic trickery, peculiar noises and crazy beats. Despite exploring these electronic sounds and styles, each tune is held together and produces the impression of absolute unity.

C. Many animals are adapted to the weather, and where they are found is closely tied to the climate and its impact on the chance to find suitable food. This is the main reason of their migration, though

with climatic changes taking place all over the world, mammals and reptiles will also adapt to them.

D. As an official royal residence, Britannia has changed much since the Queen and the Duke of Edinburgh personally took part in the design and furnishing of their new floating home. The Royal Yacht Britannia has helped to make the Queen the most traveling monarch the world has ever known.

E. The boy is really desperate to change school because he is being bullied. He can't break it to his parents as they don't know what is going on at school. We think he should tell the teacher and then have a meeting with everybody involved in the conflict.

Задания 3–8

Betty: Hi, Mark. Are you looking forward to your holidays?

Mark: Oh Betty, I just can't wait! I'm so tired after a year of studying.

Betty: Where are you going? Is it camping on an island somewhere as usual?

Mark: Well, we were going camping, but my Dad has just bought a van, so we're going in that instead. It means you can go to other countries all by yourself, without having to get a flight. This is very good in a way, but actually I always used to enjoy sleeping in a tent. Then you start feeling more adventurous.

Betty: Yeah, I know what you mean, but it must be nice to see all the scenery along the way. I have to say the flight is my least favourite part of going abroad on holiday.

Mark: Oh, I never mind it actually – and, besides, the airport can be quite fun sometimes.

Betty: You must be joking! All those crowds of people and nothing to do except look round expensive shops. I mean, you always end up buying something you don't really want, just because there's nothing else to do.

Mark: That's your problem, I never buy anything there. Anyway, what are your plans this year? France and Disneyland again?

Betty: Well, I'm getting a bit old for Disneyland, though my little brother would still like it. We're actually going somewhere new. It's like a sports camp where you stay with lots of other kids and learn how to do different activities.

Mark: Do you mean you're going without your parents?

Betty: I wish I could. Not exactly. They will also be there doing whatever they want – golf or tennis in my dad's case – but I'll actually see them at mealtimes.

Mark: Sounds cool. But will you have to look after your little brother?

Betty: No way, fortunately. They divide kids up according to their age, and each group is going to have their own trainer and their own programme. He'll be doing football and swimming and all that, whereas I will try water skiing.

Mark: Wow! Doesn't that cost a fortune?

Betty: Well, quite a bit, so I'll do it once or twice. But there's windsurfing and water polo too. These are much cheaper.

Mark: I see. Good luck then.

ТЕКСТЫ К УСТНОЙ ЧАСТИ

Task 2. You are going to take part in a telephone survey. You have to answer six questions. Give full answers to the questions. Remember that you have 40 seconds to answer each question.

TAPESCRIPT FOR TASK 2

Electronic assistant: Hello! This is the electronic assistant of the Social Club. We kindly ask you to take part in our survey. We need to find out what teenagers think about the place where they live. Please answer our six questions. The survey is anonymous – you don't have to give your name. So, let's get started.

Electronic assistant: Do you live in a house or in a flat?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: What do you do about the house?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: How often do you have family reunions at your place?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: Do your parents allow you to invite friends to your place when they are away? Why?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: What do you dislike about the place where you live?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: Where would you like to live: in the city or in the country? Explain why.

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: This is the end of the survey. Thank you very much for your time.

ВАРИАНТ 6

ТЕКСТЫ ДЛЯ АУДИРОВАНИЯ

Задание 1

Dialogue A

A: We should hurry up.

B: Why? We've got plenty of time and tiresome waiting ahead of us.

A: No. This time our flight is not delayed.

B: How lucky we are. Last time we had to wait for twelve hours.

A: Forget your bad memories and take out your passport. We are going through the passport control.

B: Sorry, but I can't find my passport. I must have put it in my luggage

Dialogue B

A: You look so fit!

B: It's because I practice much. I go jogging here five times a week.

A: Are there any special tracks for running?

B: Yes, there are. They are winding among the trees.

A: I think it's fine to train in the open air when everything is green.

B: I come here in any weather in any season.

Dialogue C

A: I'll never be a sailor.

B: But you've been dreaming about sea voyages since childhood.

A: I don't understand. Am I hallucinating?

B: And now I can't even get up from my bed.

A: Do you feel seasick?

B: Yes, I feel dizzy.

A: I'm sure that when the sea calms down, you'll feel much better.

Dialogue D

A: And now look on your left. We are passing the king's palace.

B: Sorry, when was it built?

A: In the 17th century... On your right you can see a tall grey tower...

B: Excuse me. How high is it?

A: It's 27 meters high... In ten minutes we are going to stop and have dinner at a restaurant.

B: How long are we going to stay there?

A: About 40 minutes. And you'll have 20 minutes to buy some souvenirs.

Задание 2

A. Peter the Great was one of the most famous tsars in Russian history. Although he was often cruel, no one can deny that he changed his country's future forever. Peter was unique in many ways. He was very tall and handsome. He had a lot of energy and great physical strength. Peter was wild, and he sometimes had bad manners. But he was very bright and he wanted to learn about everything. Every day he added to his knowledge and improved his skills. He enjoyed hard work and building things with his hands.

B. Tigran Vartanovich Petrosyan was chess world champion from 1963 to 1969. He dominated the game during those years and almost never lost. He was known as a player who was strong in defence and very few players got the better of him. In fact, his defensive play was so good that he was known as 'Iron Tigran'. When he did lose, it was big news in Moscow chess circles.

C. Perhaps the best known of Russian toys, matryoshka, or wooden nesting dolls, are a relative newcomer to the world of Slavic toys. Although nesting toys in the shape of an egg or ball have been popular in Russia for centuries, nesting dolls first came to the country as a souvenir from Japan in the late nineteenth century. Since then, matryoshka have become one of the most beloved symbols of traditional Russian culture.

D. The name Taganka is most often associated with the popular theatre founded by director Yuri Lyubimov in 1964, which became one of the most fascinating Russian theatrical projects of the late 20th century. All the shows at the Taganka Theatre were smash hits, especially those in which Vladimir Vysotsky acted. Audiences filled the theatre to the full, sat in the aisles and stood in the doorways. In the 1970s the theatre became a living legend.

E. Russians have many superstitions which are often taken seriously. But they are fun. For example, meeting a woman with empty buckets means having bad luck; a feeling of your ears or face

burning means that someone is talking about you. Before leaving on a journey they sit down quietly for a few moments together. However, this superstition seems to be rather useful. It helps to concentrate all your thoughts and attention and not to leave anything important at home, tickets, for example.

Задания 3–8

Tom: Hi, Jane. How's your computer course going?

Jane: Oh, I've just had my class, actually. We have them twice a week and each one lasts two hours.

Tom: That's long. Doesn't it get boring?

Jane: Well, you need that long to do all the tasks. It's really good because now I can do all sorts of things on my computer which I've never heard about before.

Tom: I can't say the same about my cookery course.

Jane: Oh, Tom, why not? I thought you were enjoying it. That was your idea to feel independent.

Tom: Well, sometimes it's enjoyable enough, but we just don't seem to make much progress. We spent the whole of last week's lesson learning how to fry an egg.

Jane: But it's not an easy thing to do properly, you know.

Tom: Oh, I know, but I don't even like eggs. I don't think I'll ever cook eggs for myself.

Jane: Poor Tim! So ... how often is it?

Tom: Just once a week, for an hour and a half.

Jane: And do you eat all the things you make?

Tom: Well, you're not meant to eat them there but you can take them home because you have to buy all the stuff in the first place. You can imagine how mum starts criticising my masterpieces. By the way, it will be cakes next week.

Jane: Oh, that sounds fun!

Tom: Yes. I'm looking forward to it. I hope to surprise mum with a cake on her birthday. But Jane, I wanted to ask you something, actually. Have you learnt how to send e-mails on your course yet?

Jane: Oh, yes, we did that in the first week. Why?

Tom: Because I can't get my computer to send them properly, and I was wondering if you'd show me how it's done?

Jane: Well, if you bring me one of your cakes, I suppose I could try.

Tom: Great, well, when I've made them...

ТЕКСТЫ К УСТНОЙ ЧАСТИ

Task 2. You are going to take part in a telephone survey. You have to answer six questions. Give full answers to the questions. Remember that you have 40 seconds to answer each question.

TAPESCRIPT FOR TASK 2

Electronic assistant: Hello! This is the electronic assistant of the Social Club. We kindly ask you to take part in our survey. We need to find out what teenagers think about the place where they live. Please answer our six questions. The survey is anonymous – you don't have to give your name. So, let's get started.

Electronic assistant: Where were you born?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: Have you and your family lived in one place all the time?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: What do you like or dislike about the place where you live?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: How often do you and your family go to the country or visit nearby cities and towns?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: What's better: city life or country life? Give your reasons.

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: Where would you prefer to live in future? Explain why.

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: This is the end of the survey. Thank you very much for your time.

ВАРИАНТ 7

ТЕКСТЫ ДЛЯ АУДИРОВАНИЯ

Задание 1

Dialogue A

A: Let me have a look at your ankle. Does it hurt here?

B: Yes, I twisted it.

A: How did it happen?

B: I was doing aerobics and fell down.

A: You shouldn't attend your aerobics classes for a fortnight. And don't take off this bandage for five days.

B: Thank you for help....

Dialogue B

A: Waiter, come here, please.

B: What can I do for you?

A: I spilt red wine on my white shirt.

B: That's a pity. I'll bring special napkins.

A: Bring one more glass of the same red wine, please. I couldn't enjoy its taste.

B: OK, one glass of red wine and napkins. I'll come to your table in a minute.

Dialogue C

A: So, you'll listen to a tape of two people speaking together. Then you'll answer some questions.

B: How many times are we going to listen to the tape?

A: Twice as usual.

B: It makes me feel depressed.

A: But why?

B: I can't understand it very well. Maybe, because I can't see the mouth and lips of the speakers.

Dialogue D

A: Miserable weather, isn't it?

B: Yes, dreadful. Nothing but rain.

A: And I've missed my bus. When will the next come, I wonder?

B: In twenty minutes.

A: I'd better take an underground. Where is the nearest station?

B: It's too far from here. You'll get wet through...

Задание 2

A. In Thailand New Year celebrations are very funny. People throw water at each other, even at strangers! They walk in the streets with buckets of water, water guns or even garden hoses. This custom is believed to bring good rains all year round. There is also a custom to release birds from the cages or fish from the bowls. This is believed to bring good luck for the members of the family.

B. New Year celebrations in China last 15 days. To prepare for the New Year, Chinese clean their houses, repay any money they owe, get their hair cut, and buy new clothes. There are dragon parades and lion dances in the streets. It's the noisiest and most exciting holiday of the year. If the New Year falls on the year of any particular animal the Chinese try not to eat that animal's meat.

C. In Japan people eat special noodles on the 31st of December, and at midnight they listen to the bells that ring 108 times! According to the Japanese religion, the sound of the 108 chimes drives away all the sins and gives birth to new life. When the New Year begins, the Japanese people begin to laugh. They think it will bring them good luck in the New Year.

D. On the last day of the year, the 31st of December, people in Spain wait until twelve p.m. Everybody has to have 12 grapes ready to eat when the clock starts to strike. Eating the grapes is very funny because everybody starts the New Year with a mouth full of grapes.

E. The Muslims have their own calendar which is based on the cycles of the moon. The calendar consists of twelve months but only has 354 days. It is 11 days shorter than the solar calendar, so the New Year date changes every year. The Islamic New Year is held quietly, without the festive atmosphere of other New Year celebrations.

Задания 3–8

Frank: I saw you at the football match, Dan. Did you have a good time?

Dan: Really? I didn't know you were there, Frank. Why didn't you come over and say hello?

Frank: Well, I saw you in the distance, but then I lost sight of you in the crowd. There were a lot of people there, weren't there?

Dan: Well, it was a normal sort of crowd for a home game.

Frank: Yes, indeed. I haven't been to football matches for a couple of years. Some friends of mine are over from Italy and they wanted to see a match – so I took them.

Dan: And what did they think of the new stadium?

Frank: Well I think they're used to big stadiums like that in Italy, so they weren't that impressed – but I thought it was a great improvement compared with the old one.

Dan: Yes, a lot better. Though, I don't think it's worth the amount they ask for a ticket – that's too much.

Frank: Is it? I thought it wasn't much more than the cost of any other afternoon out – you know, about the same as a concert or going to the theatre.

Dan: If you go every week, it makes a lot. Anyway, did you enjoy the match?

Frank: It was alright. But my friends think that football's more exciting in Italy and I think they may be right – you know, more stylish.

Dan: What do you mean? Our local team's very stylish and we've got two Italian players anyway.

Frank: I'd like to have seen a few goals though. I mean a goalless draw is not exactly what you hope to see, is it?

Dan: I thought the team did really well actually – they were just unfortunate.

Frank: OK, if you insist.

ТЕКСТЫ К УСТНОЙ ЧАСТИ

Task 2. You are going to take part in a telephone survey. You have to answer six questions. Give full answers to the questions. Remember that you have 40 seconds to answer each question.

TAPESCRIPT FOR TASK 2

Electronic assistant: Hello! This is the electronic assistant of the Shopping Center. We kindly ask you to take part in our survey. We need to find out what teenagers think about shopping. Please answer our six questions. The survey is anonymous – you don't have to give your name. So, let's get started.

Electronic assistant: How often do you go shopping?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: What are your favourite places of shopping?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: What do you buy most often?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: How much time do you spend on window shopping at the weekends?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: Do you like or hate shopping? Explain why.

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: Would you recommend your friend do the shopping in large shopping centers? Give reasons.

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: This is the end of the survey. Thank you very much for your time.

ВАРИАНТ 8

ТЕКСТЫ ДЛЯ АУДИРОВАНИЯ

Задание 1

Dialogue A

A: Wake up.

B: Is it the end of the film?

A: No, not yet. But you were snoring.

B: You know I'm bored, besides the main character annoys me.

A: Let me watch everything to the end. I like the plot.

B: OK, but let me sleep...

Dialogue B

A: Is this your luggage, sir?

B: Of course it's mine.

A: Did you pack everything yourself?

B: Let me remember... Yes, sure.

A: Your suitcase is three kilos heavier than it is permitted.

B: I see. How much do I have to pay for the excess weight?

Dialogue C

A: Did you wish to order? I can recommend the risotto..

B: I'd like some nice salad and grilled meat.

A: What would you like to drink?

B: Orange juice, please.

A: What do you want for a dessert?

B: A piece of an apple pie.

Dialogue D

A: What's the number of your platform?

B: Let me see the Departures display board.... We should head toward platform 9.

A: When is your train due to come?

B: At 10:30 a.m.

A: Fine. We've got 25 minutes left.

Задание 2

A. Each April millions of Americans turn off their TV sets and don't turn them on for a whole week. What do they do during these 7 days? They read books, go outside to ride bikes and play different games. The organizers of this event say, 'Our idea is to help kids and teens join in real life. There are about 8,000 thousand other things that you can do'.

B. Last week I read an interesting piece of information. According to a recent study, 75% of American students spend time on line instead of watching TV. They started to use the Internet because they needed information rather than entertainment.

C. My cousin is 13 years old and she's an Internet addict. She spends about 8–10 hours a day chatting. It's because people on the Net care about her. They see her as Mary, the 'beautiful, witty, poetic girl', while in class she's 'an ugly duck who never knows what to say'.

D. I am sure that television is a terrible waste of time. But some people don't understand that. They just sit in front of TV and watch everything: silly Mexican series, bad films and even commercials. Nothing can stop them from watching TV.

E. Computers have started playing an important part in education. A large number of teachers and parents see the advantages of computers. But a lot of people are sure that young people use them only for games and don't really learn anything. They say that soon teenagers will prefer them to their real friends.

Задания 3–8

Ann: Oh, hello Henry, how are you?

Henry: Fine, Ann, thanks. But you look a bit miserable. What's the matter?

Ann: I've been arguing with my mum again. I always feel sorry about it later, but she just annoys me so much.

Henry: Yeah, I know what you mean. But what have you been arguing about?

Ann: The usual thing about my bedroom.

Henry: Your bedroom?

Ann: Yes. She's always telling me to tidy it up, but it's my room, so I don't see why I should have to do it. I like it the way it is.

Henry: And is it really untidy? Or is your mother just fussy about things like that?

Ann: It's untidy all right. I mean, I take my clothes off at night and just leave them where they fall.

Henry: And do you expect your mum to tidy up after you?

Ann: No. I do it sooner or later. But she wants it done immediately, and I'm happy to leave it for a while and do it later, you know, when I feel like it, or when I've got friends coming round.

Henry: And is it the thing you argue about?

Ann: Yes. She wants me to put everything back in the wardrobe, but I've got so much stuff that it won't all fit anyway.

Henry: You're lucky. I have to share a wardrobe with my brother. He's always wearing my things without asking me.

Ann: But don't each of you have your own bedroom?

Henry: We do, but his is very small and you can't get a wardrobe in, so he's always coming in and out of my room to get his clothes, and mine, by the way.

Ann: Oh, I wouldn't like that.

Henry: Nor do I. It leads to lots of arguments. But there is nothing we can do.

ТЕКСТЫ К УСТНОЙ ЧАСТИ

Task 2. You are going to take part in a telephone survey. You have to answer six questions. Give full answers to the questions. Remember that you have 40 seconds to answer each question.

TAPESCRIPT FOR TASK 2

Electronic assistant: Hello! This is the electronic assistant of the Youth Club. We kindly ask you to take part in our survey. We need to find out what teenagers think about pocket money. Please answer our six questions. The survey is anonymous – you don't have to give your name. So, let's get started.

Electronic assistant: Who usually gives you pocket money?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: Do you do anything about the house to earn pocket money? What is it?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: Have you ever tried summer jobs to earn some pocket money?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: What do you usually spend your money on?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: Can you do without pocket money?
Explain why.

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: If you saved some money, would you spend it on your education or entertainment? Give reasons.

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: This is the end of the survey. Thank you very much for your time.

ВАРИАНТ 9

ТЕКСТЫ ДЛЯ АУДИРОВАНИЯ

Задание 1

Dialogue A

A: It's great here. I can see a great number of stars clearly.

B: It's one of the advantages of the artificial sky. Cloud, rain, lights don't hamper star gazing... And I've noticed one more thing.

A: What is it?

B: Time and distance disappear.

A: You are right. This star show is a unique way to put our planet into the perspective of space...

B: How small our planet is!

Dialogue B

A: Now, what have we learned?

B: Arabia gave us numerals which are still called Arabic.

A: What else?

B: Let me remember... The signs of the Zodiac originated with the Babylonians.

A: Very well. You may be seated.

B: Thank you.

Dialogue C

A: Have you taken your ticket and passport?

B: Sure. You needn't worry about me, Mum.

A: As soon as you land, give me a ring.

B: It'll be very late. I'll phone you next morning.

A: I won't be able to sleep. So, call me up whatever the time.

B: OK. Let's say good bye, Mum or I'll miss the flight.

Dialogue D

A: Your favorite sofa and football again... I'd like to change this routine.

B: OK. Let's take advantage of the long weekend and go somewhere. I've always wanted to visit Novgorod.

A: We could leave Thursday night.

B: I'd rather go on Friday.

A: Why should we lose time?

B: I have to get my car fixed and besides I can't miss my football match.

Задание 2

A. My friend is fond of swimming, and I prefer running. We keep arguing which is more exciting. To my mind, it's rather boring to swim from one wall to the other. While you are running at the stadium, you feel the spirit of competition. It seems to me that the pool doesn't have the opportunities that a running track has. If the pool was circular, it would be more like a running race. Then everybody could see that swimmers are competing against each other.

B. Last week our football team lost but I doubt that it was fair. Of course, football is a very fast game, even if just the local teams are playing. The referee cannot be expected to see what is happening all the time, and sometimes they make mistakes. I suppose he made such a mistake when he sent our forward off the field. If only he could look at a video recording before he decided to do that. It's very hard to make up your mind if you haven't seen exactly what happened. But they say that interschool games can't be recorded.

C. I play basketball for our school team and I am very proud of scoring pretty often. You could say that basketball is such a game when someone can score every two or three minutes. Of course, I agree with that but don't forget that I'm not too tall. It's easy for people under 2 metres to play basketball. And I am not even the tallest in my class. My friends say that I am very fast while playing and that helps me and as they say makes the game very exciting to watch.

D. I go boxing and always have arguments with my mother who thinks that boxing is very dangerous. Nevertheless, she goes to all my matches and is nervous every time I get trapped in the corner.

To say nothing about the situations when a serious opponent hits too hard, as she thinks. But I can't imagine my life without boxing. By the way, boxing skills helped me a couple of times in everyday life.

E. I used to love skiing races but once I tried mountain skiing they seem rather boring to me now. Of course, I don't mind skiing for pleasure in the forest on a sunny winter day, especially if my dog is running at my side. But to get some adrenaline I'd prefer to go down the slope all at high speed. You could say that for this you needn't go to the mountains and you can easily find a hill not far from your house. That's quite different.

Задания 3–8

Jane: Hi, Paul. Are you looking forward to the swimming competition tomorrow?

Paul: Well, of course I am, Jane. But, to tell the truth, I'm a bit nervous. I haven't been in the team for ages because I hurt my leg playing football.

Jane: Oh, yes. Well, you've been practicing a lot recently. I'm sure you're as fit as you were before.

Paul: I don't think so. Everyone seemed to be faster than me at the last training.

Jane: Rubbish. So, what time do we have to get there?

Paul: Six p.m., isn't it?

Jane: Oh, my bus doesn't arrive till 6.15.

Paul: Don't worry, my dad could give you a lift.

Jane: Oh, could he?

Paul: Of course. You live in the block of flats behind the post office, don't you?

Jane: Yes, that's right. But I can walk round to your house. That'll save your dad having to drive to my place.

Paul: OK. Then can you be there by 5.30?

Jane: Sure.

Paul: Aren't your parents coming to watch?

Jane: Not tomorrow. I'm not sorry actually because my dad always shouts and cheers too loudly. He's really embarrassing.

Paul: Well, at least he's showing an interest. My mum can never come and watch because she works in the evenings. She's trying to find another job now to have evenings free. I hope she finds one. If she does, she'll be able to come to watch me.

Jane: But your dad usually comes, doesn't he?

Paul: Yes, but he's neither interested in swimming nor in sport in general. My mum used to swim a lot. She and I are very similar really while my dad and I are quite different.

Jane: I'm also like my mum in most things. But she's not interested in sport. While my dad takes too much interest. He wants me to play football too.

Paul: You're good at football.

Jane: Well, I quite enjoy it and there's a good girls'football team at school but I want to play for fun. My dad takes it all too seriously. I'd rather go to the park with my friends and play there.

Paul: Yes, me too. Well, see you tomorrow then.

Jane: OK. Bye.

ТЕКСТЫ К УСТНОЙ ЧАСТИ

Task 2. You are going to take part in a telephone survey. You have to answer six questions. Give full answers to the questions. Remember that you have 40 seconds to answer each question.

TAPESCRIPТ FOR TASK 2

Electronic assistant: Hello! This is the electronic assistant of the Youth Cafe. We kindly ask you to take part in our survey. We need to find out what teenagers think about eating habits. Please answer our six questions. The survey is anonymous – you don't have to give your name. So, let's get started.

Electronic assistant: Who usually cooks in your family?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: What's your favourite dish?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: Do you have any traditional family recipes?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: How often do you eat out?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: Why do many people prefer eating out nowadays in your opinion?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: What traditional Russian dishes would you recommend foreign tourists try? Why?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: This is the end of the survey. Thank you very much for your time.

ВАРИАНТ 10

ТЕКСТЫ ДЛЯ АУДИРОВАНИЯ

Задание 1

Dialogue A

A: Oh, look! My vegetables...

B: What's the matter with them?

A: They are a mess and there are holes in all the vegetable beds.

B: I think it's our neighbour's dog again.

A: Let's ask him if his dog has run away again ...

B: All right....

Dialogue B

A: I'm so impressed with this performance.

B: Maybe, it's because you don't remember the first one. It was more colourful.

A: Perhaps, you are right. There are so many various dancing and singing events!

B: Ethnic costumes are always extraordinary. By the way, have you seen such instruments?

A: Never. I don't even know their names.

Dialogue C

A: Our collection contains everything from the water wheel to fiber optics.

B: How very interesting!

A: But I'd like to tell you that it's not only a place to look and wonder.

B: What else can we do here?

A: There are over 600 working exhibits. You can experience science and technology 'hands on'.

B: For example?

A: You can operate different mechanisms, build a bridge...

B: Oh! I'd like to do this.

Dialogue D

A: Excuse me... I misheard the information. When are we going to land?

B: They say we'll land in Malaga in five hours.

A: Sorry to ask you again... There was something about lunch, right?

B: Yes, the stewardesses will serve it in half an hour.

A: Oh, my ears. They hurt.

B: It's not strange. We're flying at the height of 9,000 meters and now we are in the zone of turbulence.

Задание 2

A. We've recently moved into a new house with my elder sister's family and she seems to be the happiest about it. The point is she has a little daughter, that's my niece. Our mum has always looked after the baby while my sister is at work. But before we settled together she had to get up very early to take my niece to our house. Now we all live together and it's all much easier.

B. Dad thinks I'm still a child. He doesn't even let me go out with my friends at weekends. Sometimes my classmates invite me to different parties. Mum doesn't mind my going out but dad always says I am too young to be out in the evening and keeps me in. He doesn't realise that teenagers need more independence when they're growing up.

C. After my grandmother died my grandfather moved in with us so mother could look after him. At first grandad and I didn't get along. He was always complaining about my clothes, my hair, my music, my friends. So I used to go out as often as I could just not to stay at home. But last winter I broke my leg and had to spend two months indoors. We started talking more, and he told me a lot about past times. So what do you think? Now we are the best friends.

D. When I was a young child we lived in a flat near the city centre. It was really convenient and we had some fantastic neighbours. Then my dad decided he wanted to move out of the city, so he bought this house. We've been living here ever since. My Dad loves it because it's so peaceful and beautiful, and he's right. But mum and I miss the town. It's too quiet for us here and we miss our old friends.

E. I am sure that the place we live in is perfect. We have got a small garden and a garage. The house doesn't look very big from the outside but it has got lots of rooms inside, including a basement. The best thing about it is that it's just a short walk to the centre of town. And for me it's very important.

Задания 3–8

Ann: Dan, how long do you spend at your computer making a report?

Dan: Well, Ann, it usually takes at least two or three hours.

Ann: Is that all? I think maybe I spend too much time looking for information – I start researching one topic on a website and then I follow a link to something else. Suddenly I realise how late it is and I'm on a completely different subject and I still haven't finished the work I was supposed to do.

Dan: You can waste a lot of time surfing the internet and following links to other websites.

Ann: The trouble is I find it so fascinating.

Dan: But you know that you can't believe everything you read on the internet, don't you, Ann?

Ann: Oh yes, that's why I never go in chat rooms – you have no idea who you're talking to and what they might find out about you.

Dan: Chat rooms are OK in case you're sensible enough and don't give out any personal information. I go in some music chat rooms from time to time, not very often. I talk to friends there. I download quite a lot of music from the internet too, usually while I'm doing my homework. And I've got several friends in different countries who I keep in touch with by email.

Ann: Me too, and that takes up a lot of my time.

Dan: What I really like are computer games, especially the ones you can play against other people online. Sometimes I stay up really late playing.

Ann: I find them boring and it's not good for you to sit in front of a screen for too long. That's what I'm worried about.

Dan: You're right. I tell you what – I'll try to limit my time playing online games if you stop surfing websites that are not useful for your work.

Ann: OK, that's a good idea, and then let's go to the cinema one evening with the time that we've saved.

Dan: Great!

ТЕКСТЫ К УСТНОЙ ЧАСТИ

Task 2. You are going to take part in a telephone survey. You have to answer six questions. Give full answers to the questions. Remember that you have 40 seconds to answer each question.

TAPESCRIPT FOR TASK 2

Electronic assistant: Hello! This is the electronic assistant of the New Technology Club. We kindly ask you to take part in our survey. We need to find out what teenagers think about modem inventions. Please answer our six questions. The survey is anonymous – you don't have to give your name. So, let's get started.

Electronic assistant: Do you consider your school technically modern? Why?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: How often do you use smart boards at your lessons?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: What devices do you use at home?
What for?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: What invention do you think is the most important in people's life?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: What facts about any world famous inventor do you remember? Explain why.

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: Why is it difficult for people to do without computers and mobile phones? Give reasons.

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: This is the end of the survey. Thank you very much for your time.

ВАРИАНТ 11 (КОНТРОЛЬНЫЙ)

ТЕКСТЫ ДЛЯ АУДИРОВАНИЯ

Задание 1

Dialogue A

A: This isn't what we were promised...

B: Absolutely not. In the brochure it says all rooms overlook the sea. Ours overlook the road and the night club. So, it won't be quiet, will it?

A: I'm sure it will be noisy. The disco will keep us awake at night.

B: Let's ask for another room, then.

A: Ok, let's try to change it.

B: Come on...

Dialogue B

A: Your passport, please.

B: Here it is, sir.

A: How long are you staying in Paris?

B: 9 days.

A: Your passport and visa are in order. Have a pleasant flight, sir.

B: Thank you.

Dialogue C

A: I'd like to have these shoes repaired. The heels are worn down.

B: I see... The new heels are to be put on.

A: Can you repair the shoes right now?

B: Sorry, I'm very busy now. You can pick up your shoes tomorrow.

A: At what time?

B: After dinner. It'll cost you 7 dollars.

Dialogue D

A: Would you like this table by the window?

B: Yes, thank you.

A: Here is the menu, Madam.

B: But what would you recommend?

A: Well, roast meat is good. If you prefer fish, there's nice fresh salmon.

B: I think, I'll take salmon, please.

Задание 2

A. I've thought much about the ways of staying fit and studied a lot of information. I know that if you eat more than you need, the extra calories turn into fat; if you eat less than you need, the body burns fat to get energy and you lose weight. So, one way of losing weight is by dieting – eating less. Another way is to go on eating as usual, but then you must take more exercise. In this case you must remember that it's important to start an exercise programme gradually. Don't try to lose a lot of weight fast. It doesn't usually work and it can be dangerous.

B. Nowadays people all over the world eat and love fast food and hamburgers. But what about national food? I've travelled a lot with my parents and I've always tried some of the national dishes in each country. Though I can't say that all of them are still national. Of course, I think that pancakes with sour cream and caviar are a Russian dish. But think of pizza – it appeared as an Italian dish for poor people and now it is the most international dish of all and is eaten all over the world.

C. Last year I visited Vienna and listened to a highly special orchestra. Just think – all the instruments in it are made of carrots, cucumbers and pumpkin. The lead musician plays a horn, which is made from a cucumber, a green pepper and a carrot. The musicians can play everything – from classical music to jazz. And their performance was really fantastic! By the way, nothing is wasted after such concerts: after the performance a cook makes a big pot of soup or stew for the musicians and audience to eat. In our case it was a very tasty soup sold in small portions. The money paid for it went to charity.

D. I try to keep a vegetarian diet and I have found a lot of supporters. More and more people nowadays become vegetarians. A diet

free from meat has all the vitamins, minerals and protein you need. And a vegetarian diet is not only healthier but it is also kinder because it doesn't mean killing more animals. Besides, animals grown for meat production are kept in special factory farms. Pigs and chickens are in boxes where they cannot even turn around! Isn't it better just to stop eating them?

E. Mother says I am overweight and always tries to put me on a diet. As for me I don't care about it. I know that I am a lazy bone and I am not too thin. But there is nothing I can do about it. Playing football or basketball?.. That's not for me. I prefer lying on my sofa and watching matches on TV. Of course with a couple of sandwiches and a bag of pop-corn. I hate salads and what my mother calls healthy food.

Задания 3–8

Vicky: Rick, have you got a TV set in your room?

Rick: Yes, I got one for my birthday last month; it's great. Why are you asking, Vicky?

Vicky: You're lucky. My Mum won't let me have one.

Rick: Why not? It's much better because you avoid all those boring arguments about what to watch. **Vicky:** Right. My sister always wants to watch lots of cartoons and I think I've grown up to see them. **Rick:** Exactly, I used to have the same problem with my little brother. Another thing is that people are always talking in the living room and even if you can choose the programme, you can't hear it properly.

Vicky: Actually I really like talking about what I'm watching, so I don't mind people being around, as long as I can choose the programmes.

Rick: But, why won't your Mum let you have a TV in your room?

Vicky: She says it would cost too much but I don't think that's the real reason, because she said I could have a bike instead. Besides, my aunt said we could have her old one for nothing and my Mum still said no.

Rick: I see. When I got mine my parents were worried that I might watch it late at night and be too tired for school in the morning. So, I promised them I'd always turn it off before ten o'clock.

Vicky: And do you?

Rick: Not always. It depends on what is on.

Vicky: I think my Mum just wants to control what I do and to be able to say 'No television until you've done your homework', and things like that.

Rick: Perhaps she thinks you need that.

Vicky: She thinks I'm still a child. I'd like to decide things like that for myself.

Rick: My parents never ask about my schoolwork. They say it's something I have to do by myself.

Vicky: You're lucky.

ТЕКСТЫ К УСТНОЙ ЧАСТИ

Task 2. You are going to take part in a telephone survey. You have to answer six questions. Give full answers to the questions. Remember that you have 40 seconds to answer each question.

TAPESCRIPT FOR TASK 2

Electronic assistant: Hello! This is the electronic assistant of the City Sport Center. We kindly ask you to take part in our survey. We need to find out what teenagers think about sport. Please answer our six questions. The survey is anonymous – you don't have to give your name. So, let's get started.

Electronic assistant: What sports are the most popular in your country?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: What do you like more: winter or summer sports?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: What's your favourite sport? Why?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: What new sport would you like to try? Explain why.

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: How can sport influence teens' life in your opinion?

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: What sports events in Russia would you recommend a foreign tourist watch or to take part in? Give reasons.

Student: _____

Electronic assistant: This is the end of the survey. Thank you very much for your time.

ОТВЕТЫ НА ЗАДАНИЯ

ВАРИАНТ 1

Раздел 1. Задания по аудированию		Раздел 2. Задания по чтению		Раздел 3. Задания по грамматике и лексике			
1	2413	9	371265	17	was found	26	connection(s)
2	23456	10	1	18	was singing / sang	27	childhood
3	2	11	3	19	was impressed	28	writer
4	3	12	3	20	most exciting	29	novelist
5	3	13	2	21	raises	30	amazing
6	3	14	3	22	first	31	colourful
7	3	15	1	23	was known		
8	1	16	1	24	was not / wasn't		
				25	will be remembered		

32 Раздел 4. Задание по письму
(Возможный вариант ответа)

Pskov
Russia
06/06/20

Dear Martin,

Thanks a lot for your letter. It was great to learn about your camping experience.

Unfortunately, I can't share my own experience, because I have never gone camping. And to tell the truth, I wouldn't like to try. You know, I like some comfort and making fire to cook is not my cup of tea. Though, I think I could take some cans with beans and meat and just warm the food on the fire.

Of course, I'd make a list of things not to forget a can-opener, tea, some warm clothes and something to protect myself from mosquitoes.

Sorry, mum is calling me.

Write back soon,

Best wishes,

Dan

ВАРИАНТ 2

Раздел 1. Задания по аудированию		Раздел 2. Задания по чтению		Раздел 3. Задания по грамматике и лексике			
1	5142	9	326471	17	have always dreamed	26	dangerous
2	34126	10	1	18	children	27	celebrations
3	2	11	2	19	is based	28	illegal
4	3	12	3	20	thinks	29	historian
5	2	13	1	21	his	30	carefully
6	1	14	2	22	shall have / will have	31	visitors
7	3	15	2	23	less		
8	3	16	3	24	do not take / don't take		
				25	haven't been proved		

32 Раздел 4. Задание по письму
(Возможный вариант ответа)

Moscow
Russia
The 12th of April, 2020

Dear Clyde,

Thank you for your letter. I was glad to learn the news.

As for your questions, I've never been abroad before. Last summer we went to St Petersburg and we booked the hotel online. After my exams my parents are planning to take me to Italy. But my dream is to visit some Eastern country, for example, Thailand or China.

I think that for the first time we'll go on a packed trip, because it is convenient. But in the future I'd prefer to arrange everything myself and travel on my own. In such a way you can plan your trip according to your wish.

Sorry, I have to stop writing. My little brother needs my help.

Write back soon,

Love,

Mary

ВАРИАНТ 3

Раздел 1. Задания по аудированию		Раздел 2. Задания по чтению		Раздел 3. Задания по грамматике и лексике			
1	4153	9	357164	17	better	26	explorer
2	23614	10	3	18	largest	27	dangerous
3	2	11	3	19	friendlier	28	pressure
4	1	12	1	20	was excited	29	hardly
5	3	13	2	21	is	30	creatures
6	2	14	2	22	says	31	beginning
7	1	15	1	23	mosquitoes		
8	3	16	3	24	millions		
				25	plays		

32 Раздел 4. Задание по письму
(Возможный вариант ответа)

Tula
Russia
June 12th

Dear Tom,

Thank you for your letter and for sharing your problem.

I go to our country house every summer. Fortunately, I have a couple of friends there and when it's raining we play board games, for example, "Monopoly". I think, you can find different board games in any bookshop.

Besides, in bad weather I read a lot. Now you can carry a library just in one iPad. Also I search the Internet for the news and sometimes I watch films online (I don't like TV).

As for a place to go, there is nothing entertaining nearby, so if I am too bored, I just go back to my town for a couple of days.

Sorry, have to go shopping.

Write back soon.

Best wishes,

Andrew

ВАРИАНТ 4

Раздел 1. Задания по аудированию		Раздел 2. Задания по чтению		Раздел 3. Задания по грамматике и лексике			
1	2345	9	637514	17	most successful	26	finally
2	54236	10	1	18	became	27	Doing
3	1	11	3	19	chose	28	confidence
4	3	12	2	20	was named	29	decoration
5	2	13	1	21	most popular	30	length
6	1	14	1	22	illusions	31	development
7	3	15	3	23	him		
8	2	16	3	24	first		
				25	hopes		

32 Раздел 4. Задание по письму
(Возможный вариант ответа)

Moscow
Russia
20/05/20

Dear Ann,

Thanks a lot for your letter. I'm so glad your dream has come true.

A lot of people in my country keep pets, and the most popular are dogs and cats. I think, they do it because it's nice to have a living creature who loves you just for what you are. That's why lonely people often keep pets, though it's difficult in big cities. You have to walk a dog somewhere. It's much easier with cats, but still you can't leave your house for a long time.

Unfortunately, I haven't got a pet, because my little sister is allergic to animals' hair. My dream is to have a dog in the future.

Sorry, have to go shopping.

Write back soon.

Love,

Tamara

ВАРИАНТ 5

Раздел 1. Задания по аудированию		Раздел 2. Задания по чтению		Раздел 3. Задания по грамматике и лексике			
1	4351	9	612347	17	are trapped	26	national
2	24563	10	1	18	did	27	buildings
3	1	11	2	19	is seen	28	twice
4	3	12	1	20	centuries	29	unreal
5	2	13	3	21	most haunted	30	assistant
6	1	14	2	22	have seen	31	famous
7	3	15	3	23	most famous		
8	2	16	1	24	appears		
				25	Twice		

32 Раздел 4. Задание по письму
(Возможный вариант ответа)

Kursk
Russia
February, 12th

Dear Meg,

Thanks for your letter. I was glad to learn you're interested in my country.

I think, the most important holiday in my country is Victory Day (celebrated on May 9th), because Russia lost too many people in that war.

My favourite holiday is so called Maslenitsa, which in Russia marks the end of the winter. For a whole week everybody bakes pancakes. Celebrations take place at home and in the parks. People eat pancakes, sing and then burn a scarecrow as a sign of coming spring. In our family it's a tradition to meet at my Granny's place. Her pancakes are the best!

Sorry, have to walk my dog.

Write back soon.

Love,

Lucy

ВАРИАНТ 6

Раздел 1. Задания по аудированию		Раздел 2. За- дания по чтению		Раздел 3. Задания по грамматике и лексике			
1	3541	9	327461	17	has become	26	dishonest
2	51623	10	1	18	lives	27	stranger
3	1	11	2	19	people	28	conversation
4	2	12	2	20	firmer	29	personal
5	3	13	1	21	their	30	impossible
6	2	14	3	22	less	31	especially
7	3	15	3	23	have shown / show		
8	1	16	1	24	improves		
				25	better		

32 Раздел 4. Задание по письму
(Возможный вариант ответа)

Tambov
Russia
19/05/20

Dear Max,

Thank you for your letter. I'm really happy to learn about your success. Hope, next week you'll be as lucky.

As for me, I only take part in chess competitions. You know, I'm not very sporty. Though I go to my PE lessons with pleasure, it doesn't mean I like them very much. I don't like just running and jumping. Fortunately, our PE teacher pays more attention to games at our lessons. So, for me they are an opportunity to play basketball or volleyball. Besides, sometimes we go to the swimming pool nearby. This is what I like most of all.

Sorry, I have to go my chess club.

Write me soon.

Best wishes,

Boris

ВАРИАНТ 7

Раздел 1. Задания по аудированию		Раздел 2. Задания по чтению		Раздел 3. Задания по грамматике и лексике			
1	2453	9	521376	17	lived	26	scientist
2	64512	10	1	18	things	27	inventor
3	2	11	2	19	was	28	successful
4	3	12	2	20	would face	29	conditioner
5	1	13	3	21	could	30	Sadly
6	2	14	3	22	her	31	mysterious
7	3	15	2	23	highest		
8	1	16	3	24	had forgotten		
				25	does not rain / doesn't rain		

32 Раздел 4. Задание по письму
(Возможный вариант ответа)

Moscow
Russia
The 10th of May

Dear Sam,

Thanks a lot for your letter. It was nice to learn that we share the same feelings.

I never liked Friday before, because I had to study on Saturday. But this year we have no Saturday lessons, so Friday is my favourite day as well. The way I spend my weekends depends on the weather. I often go to the park with my friends or with my family. So, you see, I prefer not to stay alone. If it's not warm enough, we can go to the cinema. On rainy days my friends and I just sit at our homes chatting online.

Sorry, today is not Friday, so I have to do homework.

Write back soon.

Love,
Dina

ВАРИАНТ 8

Раздел 1. Задания по аудированию		Раздел 2. Задания по чтению		Раздел 3. Задания по грамматике и лексике			
1	3421	9	246513	17	stories	26	usually
2	35421	10	3	18	them	27	moody
3	1	11	1	19	do not want / don't want	28	education
4	2	12	3	20	wrote	29	deadly
5	1	13	2	21	was returned	30	scientists
6	2	14	1	22	is not / isn't	31	growth
7	3	15	2	23	had pasted		
8	3	16	1	24	would read		
				25	are sent		

32 Раздел 4. Задание по письму
(Возможный вариант ответа)

Rostov
Russia
June 15th, 2020

Dear Polly,

Thank you for your letter, it was nice to read about your family traditions.

To tell the truth, we have no tradition of a big dinner, mainly because all my relatives live far away. My granny comes to visit us only on Christmas. But the four of us (I mean, my parents, my brother and I) like our Sunday dinners, because my mum is an excellent cook and usually she spends Saturday to cook our favourite salads and a chicken stuffed with apples. I think that such traditional dinners are necessary even for a small family to stay close to each other.

Sorry to finish writing, I have to help mum with the shopping.
Write back soon.

Lots of love,
Nina

ВАРИАНТ 9

Раздел 1. Задания по аудированию		Раздел 2. Задания по чтению		Раздел 3. Задания по грамматике и лексике			
1	3124	9	234675	17	them	26	unusual
2	61435	10	1	18	was walking	27	prisoner
3	3	11	2	19	heard	28	mysterious
4	2	12	3	20	was calling	29	actually
5	1	13	1	21	was saved	30	heartless
6	2	14	3	22	himself	31	patient
7	1	15	1	23	stopped		
8	2	16	2	24	Don't cry		
				25	is		

32

Раздел 4. Задание по письму
(Возможный вариант ответа)

Samara
Russia
13.06.20

Dear Bill,

Thanks for your letter. I was sorry to learn about your quarrel.

I think, all parents act the same. Of course, they let me go out in the evening, but not later than 10 p.m. The only exception is visiting the theatre. As performances usually end later than that time, I get home about 11 o'clock. But dad usually picks me up at the theatre or meets me at the bus stop.

I usually go to bed at 11.30 and it's not my mum's order. I just need to sleep well. And I seldom watch TV at all, so if there is something extraordinary on, then all of us watch it.

Sorry, have to finish and do my cleaning.

Write back soon.

Best wishes,

Dan

ВАРИАНТ 10

Раздел 1. Задания по аудированию		Раздел 2. Задания по чтению		Раздел 3. Задания по грамматике и лексике			
1	4315	9	361752	17	likes	26	untidy
2	26145	10	2	18	asks	27	rebellion
3	2	11	3	19	Most	28	dissatisfaction
4	1	12	2	20	are told	29	shaven
5	2	13	1	21	do not want / don't want	30	closely
6	3	14	2	22	have liked	31	acceptable
7	2	15	1	23	her		
8	1	16	1	24	cases		
				25	easier		

32 Раздел 4. Задание по письму
(Возможный вариант ответа)

Moscow
Russia
May 25, 2020

Dear Jane,

Thank you for your letter. I can't help admiring your enthusiasm about summer holidays.

As for me, I hate doing nothing in summer. But I'm afraid your way of spending summer is too active, especially for a girl. Besides, I'm a bit afraid of horses.

I usually spend half of my holidays in the countryside, where I help my granny in the garden. My favourite task there is to look after strawberries. And also we spend a month at the seaside, where we rent a small house for the family. There I go diving and waterskiing and I just adore all kinds of water activities.

Sorry, I have to finish. My mum needs help about the house. Write back soon.

Love,
Stasey

ВАРИАНТ 11 (КОНТРОЛЬНЫЙ)

Раздел 1. Задания по аудированию		Раздел 2. Задания по чтению		Раздел 3. Задания по грамматике и лексике			
1	3412	9	576241	17	first	26	choose
2	65213	10	3	18	has become	27	disadvantages
3	3	11	2	19	biggest	28	achievement
4	3	12	2	20	most spectacular	29	loss
5	3	13	3	21	lived	30	arguments
6	1	14	3	22	would do	31	addition
7	1	15	3	23	were lowered		
8	3	16	1	24	is followed		
				25	colours		

32 Раздел 4. Задание по письму
(Возможный вариант ответа)

Pskov
Russia
10/02/2020

Dear Bob,

Thanks a lot for your letter. I was glad to learn about your plans.

Your mum shouldn't worry about the food. There are a lot of fast food restaurants of all kinds even in my town. And in Moscow and St. Petersburg you'll never stay hungry.

As for the weather, spring is still rather cold in my country, so be sure to take a sweater, a warm jacket and a cap. And don't forget about an umbrella. It can be rather wet, especially in St. Petersburg. But also be ready for warm days, because spring is very changeable. And the most important – comfortable footwear, you'll have to walk very much.

Sorry to finish, have to help dad.

Write back soon.

Best wishes,

Mike

ПОРЯДОК ОЦЕНИВАНИЯ ЭКЗАМЕНАЦИОННЫХ РАБОТ

В соответствии с Порядком проведения государственной итоговой аттестации по образовательным программам основного общего образования (приказ Минпросвещения России и Рособнадзора от 07.11.2018 № 189/1513, зарегистрирован Минюстом России 10.12.2018 № 52953).

«64. Экзаменационные работы проверяются двумя экспертами. По результатам проверки эксперты независимо друг от друга выставляют баллы за каждый ответ на задания экзаменационной работы... В случае существенного расхождения в баллах, выставленных двумя экспертами, назначается третья проверка. Существенное расхождение в баллах определено в критериях оценивания по соответствующему учебному предмету.

Третий эксперт назначается председателем предметной комиссии из числа экспертов, ранее не проверявших экзаменационную работу.

Третьему эксперту предоставляется информация о баллах, выставленных экспертами, ранее проверявшими экзаменационную работу обучающегося. Баллы, выставленные третьим экспертом, являются окончательными».

При оценке выполнения задания 32 письменной части существенными считаются следующие расхождения:

1. Один из экспертов поставил 0 баллов (или выставил «Х») по критерию К1, а другой эксперт – ненулевое значение. Третий эксперт проверяет ответ на соответствующее задание (32) по всем критериям.

2. Расхождения между суммами баллов, выставленных двумя экспертами по всем четырём позициям оценивания, составляет 3 или более балла. Третий эксперт выставляет баллы по всем четырём позициям оценивания задания 32.

КРИТЕРИИ ОЦЕНИВАНИЯ ВЫПОЛНЕНИЯ ЗАДАНИЙ УСТНОЙ ЧАСТИ

(максимум 15 баллов за весь раздел)

Задание 1 (чтение текста вслух) – максимум 2 балла.

Баллы	Фонетическая сторона речи
2	Речь воспринимается легко: необоснованные паузы отсутствуют; фразовое ударение и интонационные контуры, произношение слов практически без нарушений нормы; допускается не более пяти фонетических ошибок, в том числе одна-две ошибки, искажающие смысл
1	Речь воспринимается достаточно легко, однако присутствуют необоснованные паузы; фразовое ударение и интонационные контуры практически без нарушений нормы; допускается не более семи фонетических ошибок, в том числе три ошибки, искажающие смысл
0	Речь воспринимается с трудом из-за значительного количества неестественных пауз, запинок, неверной расстановки ударений и ошибок в произношении слов, ИЛИ допущено более семи фонетических ошибок, ИЛИ сделано четыре и более фонетические ошибки, искажающие смысл

Задание 2 (участие в условном диалоге-расспросе) – максимум 6 баллов.

Оценивается отдельно каждый из шести ответов.

Баллы		
Ответ на вопросы 1–6	1 балл. Дан полный ответ на поставленный вопрос; допущенные отдельные фонетические, лексические и грамматические погрешности не затрудняют понимания	0 баллов. Ответ на вопрос не дан, ИЛИ ответ не соответствует заданному вопросу, ИЛИ ответ дан в виде слова или словосочетания, И/ИЛИ допущены фонетические и лексические и грамматические ошибки, препятствующие пониманию ответа

**Задание 3 (тематическое монологическое высказывание) –
максимум 7 баллов.**

Баллы	Решение коммуникативной задачи (К1)	Организация высказывания (К2)	Языковое оформление высказывания (К3)
3	Задание выполнено полностью: цель общения достигнута, тема раскрыта в полном объёме (полно, точно и развёрнуто раскрыты все четыре аспекта, указанные в задании). Объём высказывания: 10–12 фраз		
2	Задание выполнено: цель общения достигнута, НО тема раскрыта не в полном объёме (один аспект раскрыт не полностью). Объём высказывания: 8–9 фраз	Высказывание логично и имеет завершённый характер; имеются вступительная и заключительная фразы, соответствующие теме. Средства логической связи используются правильно	Использованный словарный запас, грамматические структуры, фонетическое оформление высказывания соответствуют поставленной задаче (допускается не более четырёх негрубых лексико-грамматических ошибок И/ИЛИ не более трёх негрубых фонетических ошибок)

Баллы	Решение коммуникативной задачи (К1)	Организация высказывания (К2)	Языковое оформление высказывания (К3)
1	Задание выполнено частично: цель общения достигнута частично; тема раскрыта в ограниченном объёме (один-два аспекта не раскрыты, ИЛИ два аспекта раскрыты не в полном объёме, остальные аспекты раскрыты полно и точно). Объём высказывания: 6–7 фраз	Высказывание в основном логично и имеет достаточно завершённый характер, НО отсутствует вступительная ИЛИ заключительная фраза, имеются одно-два нарушения в использовании средств логической связи	Использованный словарный запас, грамматические структуры, фонетическое оформление высказывания соответствуют поставленной задаче (допускается не более пяти негрубых лексико-грамматических ошибок И/ИЛИ не более четырёх негрубых фонетических ошибок)
0	Задание не выполнено: цель общения не достигнута: три аспекта содержания не раскрыты*. Объём высказывания: 5 и менее фраз	Высказывание нелогично И/ИЛИ не имеет завершённого характера, вступительная и заключительная фразы отсутствуют; средства логической связи практически не используются, или допущены многочисленные ошибки в их использовании	Понимание высказывания затруднено из-за многочисленных лексико-грамматических и фонетических ошибок (шесть и более лексико-грамматических ошибок И/ИЛИ пять и более фонетических ошибок) ИЛИ более трёх грубых ошибок

* **Примечание.** При получении участником ОГЭ 0 баллов по критерию «Решение коммуникативной задачи» всё задание оценивается в 0 баллов.

Максимальное количество баллов за выполнение всех заданий экзаменационной работы — 15.

Справочное издание

СЕРИЯ «ОГЭ-2021. 10 ВАРИАНТОВ»

**Гудкова Лидия Михайловна
Терентьева Ольга Валентиновна**

АНГЛИЙСКИЙ ЯЗЫК 10

**тренировочных вариантов
экзаменационных работ
для подготовки к основному
государственному экзамену**

Редакция «Образовательные проекты»

Ответственный редактор *С. Юшина*
Технический редактор *Г. Этманова*
Компьютерная верстка *Е. Колтевой*

Подписано в печать 20.08.2020. Формат 60×90 1/16.
Гарнитура «SchoolBook». Печать офсетная. Усл. печ. л. 11,0.

Тираж 8000 экз. Заказ Э-9857.

Отпечатано в типографии ООО «Экопейпер».
420044, Россия, г. Казань, пр. Ямашева, д. 36Б.

Общероссийский классификатор продукции ОК-034-2014
(КПЕС 2008); 58.11.1 — книги, брошюры печатные

Произведено в Российской Федерации

Дата изготовления: сентябрь 2020 г.

Изготовитель: ООО «Издательство АСТ».

Адрес места осуществления деятельности по изготовлению продукции:
Российская Федерация, г. Москва, 123317, Пресненская наб., д. 6, строение 2,
Деловой комплекс «Империя», 14, 15 этажи

ООО «Издательство АСТ»

129085, г. Москва, Звёздный бульвар, дом 21, стр. 1, ком. 705, пом. I, 7 этаж.

Наш электронный адрес: www.ast.ru

e-mail: stelliferovskiy@ast.ru



По вопросам приобретения книг обращаться по адресу:
123317, г. Москва. Пресненская наб., д. 6, стр. 2,
Деловой комплекс «Империя», а/я № 5